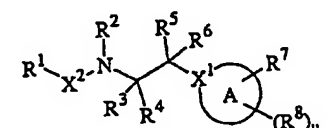
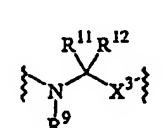
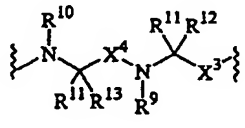




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(21) International Application Number: PCT/US00/06885 (22) International Filing Date: 15 March 2000 (15.03.00) (30) Priority Data: 60/124,421 15 March 1999 (15.03.99) US (71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): AXYS PHARMACEUTICALS, INC. [US/US]; 180 Kimball Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). (72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): LINK, John, O. [US/US]; 238 Moultrie Street, San Francisco, CA 94110 (US). MARTELLI, Arnold, J. [US/US]; 1121 Douglas Avenue, Burlington, CA 94010 (US). MARTICHONOK, Valeri [BY/US]; 433 Font St. Blvd., San Francisco, CA 94132 (US). PATTERSON, John, W. [US/US]; 1619 Montalto Drive, Mountain View, CA 94040 (US). SAUNDERS, Oliver, L. [US/US]; 1477 Grove Avenue #201, Burlingame, CA 94010 (US). ZIPFEL, Sheila [US/US]; 380 Edlee Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94306 (US).		(74) Agents: MONTGOMERY, Wayne, W. et al.; Axys Pharmaceuticals, Inc., 180 Kimball Way, South San Francisco, CA 94080 (US). (81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, ST, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW; ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG). Published With international search report.
(54) Title: AMINE DERIVATIVES AS PROTEASE INHIBITORS <div style="text-align: center;">  (1) </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  (a) </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  (b) </div> </div> (57) Abstract <p>The present invention relates to novel alkanoyl-substituted heterocyclic derivatives which are cysteine protease inhibitors; the pharmaceutically acceptable salts and N-oxides thereof; their uses as therapeutic agents and the methods of their making; according to Formula (I) in which: A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms; n is 0, 1, 2 or 3; X¹ is =C- or -CH-; X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b); R¹ - R⁸ = as in the application.</p>		

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AMINE DERIVATIVES AS PROTEASE INHIBITORS

THE INVENTION

This application relates to compounds and compositions for treating diseases associated
5 with cysteine protease activity, particularly diseases associated with activity of cathepsins B, K,
L or S.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FIELD

Cysteine proteases represent a class of peptidases characterized by the presence of a
cysteine residue in the catalytic site of the enzyme. Cysteine proteases are associated with the
10 normal degradation and processing of proteins. The aberrant activity of cysteine proteases, e.g.
as a result of increased expression or enhanced activation, however, may have pathological
consequences. In this regard, certain cysteine proteases are associated with a number of
disease states, including arthritis, muscular dystrophy, inflammation, tumor invasion,
glomerulonephritis, malaria, periodontal disease, metachromatic leukodystrophy and others. For
15 example, increased cathepsin B levels and redistribution of the enzyme are found in tumors;
thus, suggesting a role for the enzyme in tumor invasion and metastasis. In addition, aberrant
cathepsin B activity is implicated in such disease states as rheumatoid arthritis, osteo arthritis,
pneumocystis carinii, acute pancreatitis, inflammatory airway disease and bone and joint
disorders.

20 The prominent expression of cathepsin K in osteoclasts and osteoclast-related
multinucleated cells and its high collagenolytic activity suggest that the enzyme is involved in
osteoclast-mediated bone resorption and, hence, in bone abnormalities such as occurs in
osteoporosis. In addition, cathepsin K expression in the lung and its elastinolytic activity suggest
that the enzyme plays a role in pulmonary disorders as well.

25 Cathepsin L is implicated in normal lysosomal proteolysis as well as several disease
states, including, but not limited to, metastasis of melanomas. Cathepsin S is implicated in
Alzheimer's disease and certain autoimmune disorders, including, but not limited to juvenile
onset diabetes, multiple sclerosis, pemphigus vulgaris, Graves' disease, myasthenia gravis,
systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and Hashimoto's thyroiditis; allergic

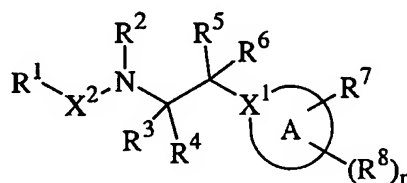
disorders, including, but not limited to asthma; and allogeneic immune responses, including, but not limited to, rejection of organ transplants or tissue grafts.

In view of the number of diseases wherein it is recognized that an increase in cysteine protease activity contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease, molecules which are shown to inhibit the activity of this class of enzymes, in particular molecules which are inhibitors of cathepsins B, K, L and/or S, will be useful as therapeutic agents.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In one particular embodiment, the present invention relates to protease inhibitors of Formula I:

10



I

in which:

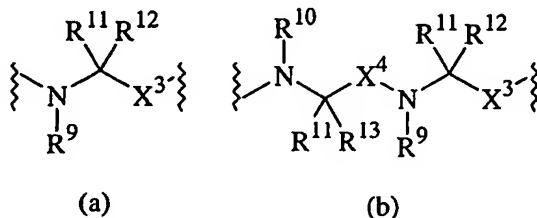
A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

20

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



wherein:

X³ and X⁴ independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

R¹¹ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R¹² and R¹³ independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano,
 5 halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶,
 -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶,
 -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or
 10 -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen,
 (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted
 (C₁₋₃)alkyl, halo, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or R¹⁶ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁷ is
 15 hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein within R¹⁶ said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl,
 heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group
 selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸,
 -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸,
 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or
 20 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or
 (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁹ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from
 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 25 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl,
 heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group
 selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸,
 -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸,
 30 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or
 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein
 within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted

further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 5 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or

R¹² together with R⁹ and/or R¹³ together with R¹⁰ form trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted
 10 (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, oxo, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and

15 R¹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)-, -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²²,
 20 -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³, -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²², -NR²³C(O)OR²², -NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³, wherein R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or
 25 (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 (iii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl is substituted by -R²⁴, -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵SR²⁴, -X⁵S(O)R²⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴,
 30 -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁴ is (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each

occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴,
 5 -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or when X² is a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then R¹ may also represent hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or carbamoyl;

R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- 10 R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁶, -C(O)OR²⁶, -C(O)NR²⁶R²⁶, -P(O)(OR²⁶)OR²⁶, -OP(O)(OR²⁶)OR²⁶, -S(O)R²⁷, -S(O)₂R²⁷ or -C(O)R²⁷, wherein R²⁶ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁷ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or hetero(C₃₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein
 15 said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein
 20 X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, provided that when R³ is unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R⁴ is hydrogen or unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, then X² may not represent (i) a bond when R¹ is -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)₂R²⁰ or -S(O)₂R²⁰ in which R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₁₋₄)alkyl, phenyl, (C₃₋₇)cycloalkyl, camphan-10-yl, naphth-1-yl, naphth-2-yl, phenyl substituted by one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino,
 25 (C₁₋₄)alkylamino, (C₁₋₄)dialkylamino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, or naphth-1-yl or naphth-2-yl substituted by one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl or (ii) a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) in which the moiety R¹² is methyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl, *tert*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, benzyl, naphth-1-ylmethyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, thien-2-ylmethyl, thien-3-ylmethyl, or wherein R⁹
 30 and R¹² form ethylene, trimethylene, hydroxy-substituted trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene; or

R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached

form (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene or (C₃₋₈)heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 5 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

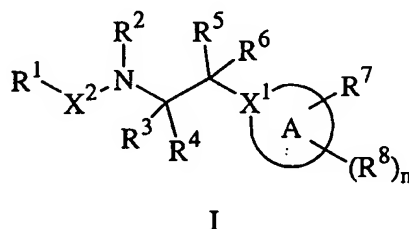
R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

10 R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X⁵NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵OR²⁹, -X⁵SR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X⁵OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)₂R³¹ and -X⁵C(O)R³¹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R³¹, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R³¹ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl,
 15 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 20 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and

R⁸ at each occurrence independently is selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,

25 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.; but
 30 excluding compounds selected from the group consisting of
 ((S)-1-((S)-1-((S)-1-(1-benzooxazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl)-3-methyl-butyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester, {1-[1-(1-*H*-imidazol-2-yl-

- methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester,
 [(S)-3-methyl-1-((S)-3-methyl-1-{1-[1-(2-trimethylsilanyl-ethoxymethyl)-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl]-
 methanoyl)-butylcarbamoyl]-butyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester;
 {(S)-1-[(S)-1-(1-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-
 5 carbamic acid benzyl ester, ((S)-1-{(S)-1-[1-(1-benzyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-methanoyl]-3-methyl-
 butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-carbamic acid benzyl ester, {(S)-1-[(S)-1-(1-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl-
 methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester,
 3-[[1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-4-pyridin-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 4-furan-2-yl-4-oxo-3-[[1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 10 3-(2-methyl-propanoylamino)-4-oxo-4-thiophen-2-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester, 4-oxo-
 4-thiophen-2-yl-3-[[1-(*p*-tolyl-methanoyl)-amino]-butyric acid ethyl ester, 4-(5-bromo-
 thiophen-2-yl)-3-[[1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 3-[[1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-4-oxo-butyric acid ethyl
 ester, 4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-3-[[1-(*p*-tolyl-methanoyl)-amino]-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 15 3-[[1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 3-[[1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 4-fluoro-*N*-[1-(1-thiophen-3-yl-methanoyl)-propyl]-benzamide, 4-[[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-
 methanoyl]-amino]-5-oxo-5-thiophen-3-yl-pentanoic acid ethyl ester and 3-[[1-(4-fluoro-
 phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-2-methyl-4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester.
- 20 In another particular embodiment, the present invention relates to protease inhibitors of
 Formula I:



in which:

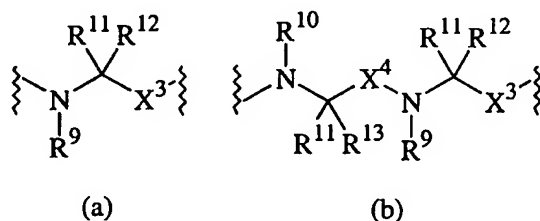
- A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused
 25 heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains
 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other
 than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member

atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

5 X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



wherein:

X³ and X⁴ independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-;

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

10 R¹¹ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R¹² and R¹³ independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,

-OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,

-OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶,

15 -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶,

-NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or

-NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen,

(C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl,

R¹⁶ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

20 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or

hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁷ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein

within R¹⁶ said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or

heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸,

-X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸,

25 -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹,

-X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is a

bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁹ is

(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or

R¹² together with R⁹ and/or R¹³ together with R¹⁰ form trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, oxo, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and

R¹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)-, -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²², -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³, -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²², -NR²³C(O)OR²²,

-NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³, wherein R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or

5 (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, diphenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, dihetero(C₃₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl may be substituted by -R²⁴, -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵SR²⁴, -X⁵S(O)R²⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴,
 10 -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁴ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted
 15 further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or when X² is a
 20 divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then R¹ may also represent hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or carbamoyl;

R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁴, -C(O)OR²⁴, -C(O)NR²⁴R²⁴, -P(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -OP(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -S(O)R²⁵, -S(O)₂R²⁵ or -C(O)R²⁵,
 25 wherein R²⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or hetero(C₃₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted
 30 (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein

X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above, provided that when R^3 is unsubstituted (C_{1-5}) alkyl and R^4 is hydrogen or unsubstituted (C_{1-5}) alkyl, then X^2 may not represent (i) a bond when R^1 is $-C(O)R^{20}$, $-C(O)_2R^{20}$ or $-S(O)_2R^{20}$ in which R^{20} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{1-4}) alkyl, phenyl, (C_3-) cycloalkyl, camphan-10-yl, naphth-1-yl, naphth-2-yl, phenyl substituted by one or more of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, perfluoro (C_{1-4}) alkyl, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, (C_{1-4}) alkylamino, (C_{1-4}) dialkylamino, carboxy or (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl, or naphth-1-yl or naphth-2-yl substituted by one or more of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, perfluoro (C_{1-4}) alkyl, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, carboxy or (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl or (ii) a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) in which the moiety R^{12} is methyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl, *tert*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, benzyl, naphth-1-ylmethyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, thien-2-ylmethyl, thien-3-ylmethyl, or wherein R^9 and R^{12} form ethylene, trimethylene, hydroxy-substituted trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene; or

R^3 and R^4 taken together with the carbon atom to which both R^3 and R^4 are attached form (C_{3-8}) cycloalkylene or (C_{3-8}) heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above;

R^3 and R^4 taken together with the carbon atom to which both R^3 and R^4 are attached form (C_{3-8}) cycloalkylene or (C_{3-8}) heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above;

R^4 is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or as defined above;

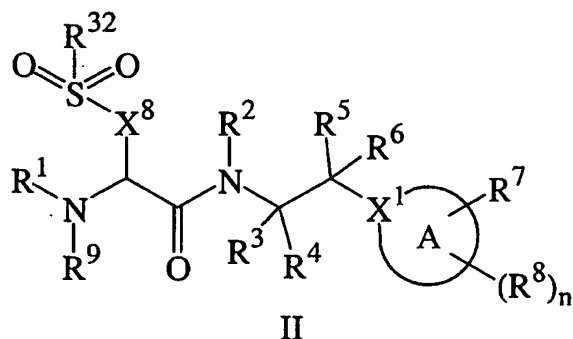
R^5 is hydrogen and R^6 is hydroxy or R^5 and R^6 together form oxo;

R^7 is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, $-R^{29}$, $-X^5NR^{29}R^{30}$, $-X^5NR^{30}C(O)OR^{29}$, $-X^5NR^{30}C(O)NR^{29}R^{30}$, $-X^5NR^{30}C(NR^{30})NR^{29}R^{30}$, $-X^5OR^{29}$, $-X^5SR^{29}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{29}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{29}R^{30}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{29}R^{30}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{30})OR^{29}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{29})OR^{29}$,

- X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R²⁰, -X⁵S(O)R²⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁰, -X⁵C(O)R²⁰ and -C(O)NR⁴²CHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹,
 wherein X⁵ and R²⁰ are as defined as above, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R²⁰, wherein R²⁰ is defined as
 above, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, R⁴² is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or together
 with R⁴³ forms trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted
 5 with hydroxy or oxo, and R⁴³ is as defined above or is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with
 cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶,
 -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶,
 10 -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or (ii) a group
 selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl,
 polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸,
 15 -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸,
 -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹,
 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹
 are as defined above; wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be
 substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene,
 20 cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 defined above; and
 25 R⁸ at each occurrence independently is selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, halo-substituted
 (C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴,
 -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein
 30 X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or
 halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl; and the *N*-oxide
 derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of

isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

In another particular embodiment, the present invention relates to a compound of Formula II:



5 in which:

A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that at least one ring member atom is

10 a heteroatom;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

X⁸ is (C₁₋₂)alkylene;

R¹ is hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo, carbamoyl or -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)-,

15 -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and

R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,

-NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,

-S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵,

-C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²², -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³,

20 -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²², -NR²³C(O)OR²², -NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³,

wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted

(C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

(C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence

25 independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

- hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
- (iii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl substituted by -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵SR²⁴, -X⁵S(O)R²⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁴,
- 5 -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R²⁴ is (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be
- 10 substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
- 15 defined above;

R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵,
- 20 -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁶ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
- 25 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁷ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein within R¹⁶ said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸,
- 30 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁹ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

- hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, or

R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene or (C₃₋₈)heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

- R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X⁵NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵OR²⁹, -X⁵SR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X⁵OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)₂R³¹ and -X⁵C(O)R³¹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R³¹, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R³¹ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may

be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 5 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and

R⁸ at each occurrence independently is selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 10 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above;

R⁹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; and

R³² is (C₁₋₈)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 15 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R³⁰ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 20 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

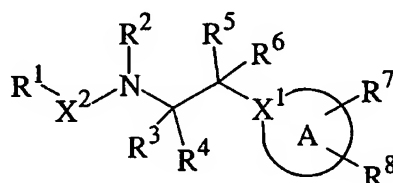
In another particular embodiment, the present invention relates to a pharmaceutical
 25 composition which contains a compound of Formula I or II, or a *N*-oxide derivative, prodrug derivative, individual isomer or mixture of isomers, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in admixture with one or more suitable excipients.

In another particular embodiment, the present invention relates to method of treating a disease in an animal in which inhibition of a cysteine protease can prevent, inhibit or ameliorate
 30 the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease, which method comprises administering to the animal a therapeutically effective amount of compound of Formula I or II or a *N*-oxide derivative, prodrug derivative, individual isomer or mixture of isomers or a pharmaceutically

acceptable salt thereof.

In another particular embodiment, the present invention relates to processes for preparing compounds of Formula I and II and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivative, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers, and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof as set forth in "Detailed Description of the Invention".

In another particular embodiment, the present invention relates to protease inhibitors of Formula III:



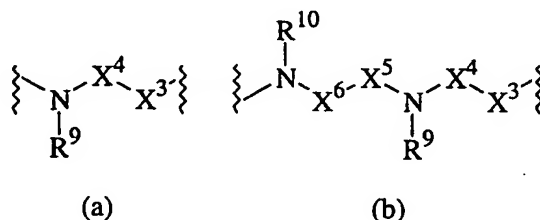
III

in which:

A comprises a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 to 6 annular atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic radical containing 8 to 14 annular atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 annular atoms, X¹ is an annular carbon atom and each annular atom other than X¹ optionally is a heteroatom, with the proviso that when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 annular atoms, no more than two of the annular atoms comprising the ring are heteroatoms;

X¹ is selected from =C- and -CH-;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



wherein:

X³ and X⁵ independently are -C(O)- or -S(O)₂-,

X⁴ is -CHR¹¹-, -CH₂CHR¹¹- or -CHR¹¹CH₂- and X⁶ is -CHR¹²-, -CH₂CHR¹²- or -CHR¹²CH₂- wherein:

R¹¹ and R¹² are independently (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with -OR¹³, -SR¹³, -S(O)R¹³,

- S(O)₂R¹³, -C(O)R¹³, -C(O)OR¹³, -NR¹³R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹³, -C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴,
 -S(O)₂NR¹³R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴ or -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹³R¹⁴, wherein R¹³ is
 hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl,
 hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl or
 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁴ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or
 (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl,
 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl
 or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl optionally substituted with -R¹⁵,
 -X⁷OR¹⁵, -X⁷SR¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -C(O)OR¹⁵, -X⁷NR¹⁵R¹⁶,
 -X⁷NR¹⁶C(O)OR¹⁵, -C(O)NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -S(O)₂NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶C(O)NR¹⁵R¹⁶ or
 -NR¹⁶C(NR¹⁶)NR¹⁵R¹⁶, wherein X⁷ is a bond or methylene, R¹⁵ is
 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl,
 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl
 or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁶ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or
 (iii) together with R⁹ or R¹⁰, respectively, when X⁴ is -CHR¹¹- and/or X⁶ is
 -CHR¹²-, forms trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene,
 optionally substituted with hydroxy or oxo; wherein any 1 to 3 annular atoms of
 any aromatic ring with available valences comprising R¹¹ and/or R¹² are
 optionally independently substituted with halo, nitro, cyano, (C₁₋₆)alkyl,
 halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl, -OR¹⁷, -C(O)R¹⁷, -C(O)OR¹⁷, -C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷,
 -S(O)₂NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷ or
 -X⁷NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁷R¹⁷, wherein X⁷ is as defined above and each R¹⁷
 independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; and
 R⁹ and R¹⁰ are independently hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;
 R¹ is hydrogen or -X⁸X⁹R¹⁸, wherein X⁸ is -C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁹ is a bond, -O- or
 -NR¹⁹-, wherein R¹⁹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R¹⁸ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl or
 halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with -OR¹³, -SR¹³, -S(O)R¹³, -S(O)₂R¹³,
 -C(O)R¹³, -C(O)OR¹³, -NR¹³R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹³, -C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹³R¹⁴,
 -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴ or -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹³R¹⁴, wherein R¹³ and R¹⁴ are as defined above, or
 (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 diphenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, dihetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with

-R¹⁵, -X⁷OR¹⁵, -X⁷SR¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -C(O)OR¹⁵, -X⁷NR¹⁵R¹⁶,
 -X⁷NR¹⁶C(O)OR¹⁵, -C(O)NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -S(O)₂NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶C(O)NR¹⁵R¹⁶ or
 -NR¹⁶C(NR¹⁶)NR¹⁵R¹⁶, wherein X⁷, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are as defined above; wherein any 1 to 3
 annular atoms of any aromatic ring with available valences comprising R¹ optionally

- 5 independently are substituted with halo, nitro, cyano, (C₁₋₆)alkyl, halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl,
 -OR¹⁷, -C(O)R¹⁷, -C(O)OR¹⁷, -C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷R¹⁷,
 -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷ or -X⁷NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁷R¹⁷, wherein X⁷ and R¹⁷
 are as defined above;

R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- 10 R³ is phenyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₅₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or
 hetero(C₅₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein any 1 to 3 annular atoms of any aromatic ring with
 available valences comprising R³ optionally independently are substituted with halo, nitro, cyano,
 (C₁₋₆)alkyl, halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl, -OR¹⁷, -C(O)R¹⁷, -C(O)OR¹⁷, -C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷,
 -S(O)₂NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷ or
 15 -X⁷NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁷R¹⁷, wherein X⁷ and R¹⁷ are as defined above, and R⁴ is hydrogen or R³
 and R⁴ are both methyl, ethyl or propyl or together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and
 R⁴ are attached form cyclopropylene, cyclobutylene or cyclopentylene;

R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

- R⁷ is halo, nitro, -R²⁰, -OR²⁰, -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)OR²⁰, -S(O)₂NR²⁰R²¹, -C(O)NR²⁰R²¹ or
 20 -C(O)NR²²CHR²³C(O)OR²⁰ and bonded to any annular carbon atom with a free valence
 comprising A, wherein:

R²⁰ is hydrogen or R¹⁸, wherein R¹⁸ is as defined above;

R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- 25 R²² is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or together with R²³ forms trimethylene or
 phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with hydroxy or oxo; and

- R²³ is as defined above or is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl
 optionally substituted with -OR¹³, -SR¹³, -S(O)R¹³, -S(O)₂R¹³, -C(O)R¹³, -C(O)OR¹³,
 -NR¹³R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹³, -C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹³R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹³R¹⁴ or
 -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹³R¹⁴, wherein R¹³ and R¹⁴ are as defined above, or
 30 (ii) (C₃₋₁₀)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₀)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl,
 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl or
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl optionally substituted with -R¹⁵, -X⁷OR¹⁵, -X⁷SR¹⁵,

-S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -C(O)OR¹⁵, -X⁷NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -X⁷NR¹⁶C(O)OR¹⁵,
 -C(O)NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -S(O)₂NR¹⁵R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶C(O)NR¹⁵R¹⁶ or -NR¹⁶C(NR¹⁶)NR¹⁵R¹⁶,

wherein X⁷, R¹⁵ and R¹⁶ are as defined above; wherein any 1 to 3 annular atoms of any aromatic ring with available valences comprising R²⁰ and/or R²¹ optionally independently

5 are substituted with halo, nitro, cyano, (C₁₋₆)alkyl, halo-substituted(C₁₋₆)alkyl, -OR¹⁷,
 -C(O)R¹⁷, -C(O)OR¹⁷, -C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁷R¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷R¹⁷,
 -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁷, -X⁷NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁷R¹⁷ or -X⁷NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁷R¹⁷, wherein X⁷
 and R¹⁷ are as defined above; and

R⁸ is hydrogen, halo, hydroxy, formyl, carboxy, carbamoyl, sulfamoyl or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and
 10 bonded to any annular carbon atom with a free valence comprising A; and the *N*-oxide
 derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of
 isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Definitions:

15 Unless otherwise stated, the following terms used in the specification and claims are
 defined for the purposes of this Application and have the meanings given this Section:

“Alicyclic” means a moiety characterized by arrangement of the carbon atoms in closed non-aromatic ring structures having properties resembling those of aliphatics and may be saturated or partially unsaturated with two or more double or triple bonds.

20 “Aliphatic” means a moiety characterized by straight or branched chain arrangement of the constituent carbon atoms and may be saturated or partially unsaturated with two or more double or triple bonds.

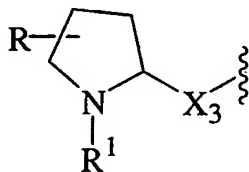
“Alkenyl” means alkyl, as defined in this Application, provided that the radical is comprised of at least one double bond. Hence, optionally substituted (C₂₋₆)alkenyl as used in
 25 this Application to define R³² includes 2-bromovinyl (-CHCHBr), buta-1,3-dienyl (-CHCH-CHCH₂), 2-chloro-1-methylpropenyl (-C(CH₃)CCl-CH₃), 2-chlorovinyl (-CHCHCl), 4-isopropenyl (-C(CH₃)CH₂), 1-methylpropenyl (-C(CH₃)CH-CH₃), 2-methylpropenyl (-CHC(CH₃)₂), 2-nitrovinyl (-CHCHNO₂), propenyl (-CHCH-CH₃),

2-trifluoromethylvinyl ($-\text{CH}=\text{CH}-\text{CF}_3$), trifluorovinyl ($-\text{CF}=\text{CF}_2$), vinyl ($-\text{CH}=\text{CH}_2$), and the like).

“Alkoxy” means the radical $-\text{OR}$, wherein R is alkyl as defined in this Application, having the number of carbon atoms indicated (e.g., (C_{1-4}) alkoxy includes the radicals methoxy, ethoxy, propoxy, isopropoxy, butoxy, *sec*-butoxy, isobutoxy, *tert*-butoxy, vinyloxy, allyloxy, 1-propenyloxy, isopropenyloxy, 1-butenyloxy, 2-butenyloxy, 3-butenyloxy, 2-methylallyloxy, ethynyloxy, 1-propynyloxy, 2-propynyloxy, and the like).

“Alkyl” represented by itself means a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic radical having the number of carbon atoms indicated (e.g. (C_{1-6}) alkyl includes methyl, ethyl, propyl, isopropyl, butyl, *sec*-butyl, isobutyl, *tert*-butyl, vinyl, allyl, 1-propenyl, isopropenyl, 1-butenyl, 2-butenyl, 3-butenyl, 2-methylallyl, ethynyl, 1-propynyl, 2-propynyl, and the like). Alkyl represented along with another radical (e.g. as in arylalkyl) means a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated aliphatic divalent radical having the number of atoms indicated or when no atoms are indicated means a bond (e.g. (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl includes phenyl, benzyl, phenethyl, 1-phenylethyl 3-phenylpropyl, and the like).

“Alkylene”, unless indicated otherwise, means a straight or branched, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic, divalent radical having the number of carbon atoms indicated (e.g. (C_{1-6}) alkylene includes methylene ($-\text{CH}_2-$), ethylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$), trimethylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$), 2-methyltrimethylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2-$), tetramethylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$), 2-butenylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}=\text{CHCH}_2-$), 2-methyltetramethylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$), pentamethylene ($-\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2-$) and the like). For example, a group of Formula (a), wherein R^{11} is hydrogen and R^{12} taken together with R^9 forms optionally substituted trimethylene is depicted by the following illustration:



in which R is an optional hydroxy or oxo group and X^3 and R^1 are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II.

“Alkylidene” means a straight or branched saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic, divalent radical having the number of carbon atoms indicated (e.g. (C_{1-6}) alkylidene includes methylene (CH_2), ethylidene (CHCH_3), isopropylidene ($\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$), propylidene (CHCH_2CH_3),

allylidene (CHCHCH_2), and the like).

"Amino" means the radical -NH_2 . Unless indicated otherwise, the compounds of the invention containing amino moieties include protected derivatives thereof. Suitable protecting groups for amino moieties include acetyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, and the like.

5 "Animal" includes humans, non-human mammals (e.g. dogs, cats, rabbits, cattle, horses, sheep, goats, swine, deer, or the like) and non-mammals (e.g. birds, or the like).

"Aryl" means a monocyclic or bicyclic ring assembly (fused or linked by a single bond) containing the total number of ring carbon atoms indicated, wherein each ring is comprised of 6 ring carbon atoms and is aromatic or when fused with a second ring forms an aromatic ring assembly. For example, (C_{6-12}) aryl as used in this Application to define R^1 includes phenyl, naphthyl and biphenyl.

"Aromatic" means a moiety wherein the constituent atoms make up an unsaturated ring system, all atoms in the ring system are sp^2 hybridized and the total number of pi electrons is equal to $4n + 2$.

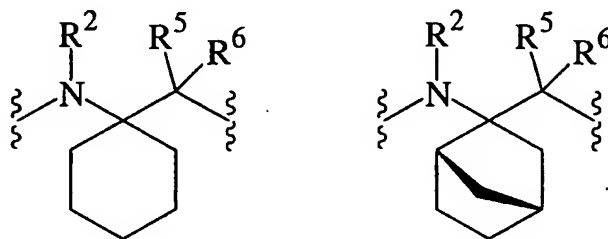
15 "Carbamoyl" means the radical -C(O)NH_2 . Unless indicated otherwise, the compounds of the invention containing carbamoyl moieties include protected derivatives thereof. Suitable protecting groups for carbamoyl moieties include acetyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, and the like and both the unprotected and protected derivatives fall within the scope of the invention.

20 "Carboxy" means the radical -C(O)OH . Unless indicated otherwise, the compounds of the invention containing carboxy moieties include protected derivatives thereof. Suitable protecting groups for carboxy moieties include benzyl, *tert*-butyl, and the like. For example, a compound of Formula I wherein R^7 contains a carboxy moiety may exist as either the unprotected or a protected derivative, e.g. wherein R^7 is methoxycarbonyl, and both the
25 unprotected and protected derivatives fall within the scope of the invention.

"Cycloalkyl" means a saturated or partially unsaturated, monocyclic ring, bicyclic ring assembly (directly linked by a single bond or fused) or bridged polycyclic ring assembly containing the number of ring member carbon atoms indicated, and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone or iminoketone derivative thereof (e.g. (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl includes cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl, cyclohexyl, cyclohexenyl, 2,5-cyclohexadienyl, bicyclohexyl, cyclopentylcyclohexyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]octyl, adamantan-1-yl, decahydronaphthalenyl, oxocyclohexyl, dioxocyclohexyl, thiocyclohexyl, 2-oxobicyclo[2.2.1]hept-1-yl, and the like).

"Cycloalkylene" means a saturated or partially unsaturated, monocyclic ring or bridged polycyclic ring assembly containing the number of annular carbon atoms indicated, and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone or iminoketone derivative thereof. For example, the instance wherein R³ and R⁴ together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form

- 5 (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene" includes, but is not limited to, the following:



in which R², R⁵ and R⁶ are as defined in the Summary of the Invention, and any substituted derivative thereof.

- "Disease" specifically includes any unhealthy condition of an animal or part thereof and
 10 includes an unhealthy condition which may be caused by, or incident to, medical or veterinary therapy applied to that animal, i.e., the "side effects" of such therapy.

- "Fused heteropolycyclic ring system" means a saturated, partially saturated or aromatic moiety containing two or more rings, wherein at least two ring member atoms of one ring are common to a second ring containing the number of ring member atoms indicated in which at
 15 least one of the ring member atoms is a heteroatom and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone, iminoketone or substituted derivative thereof. For example, the term "a fused heteropolycyclic radical containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms" as used in this Application to define A may include acridinyl, benzofuryl, benzooxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, carbazolyl, carbolinyl, chromanyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, indazolyl, indolinyl, indolyl, indoliziny, isobenzofuryl, isochromenyl,
 20 isochromanyl, isoindolinyl, isoquinolyl, naphthyridinyl, perimidinyl, phenanthridinyl, phenanthrolinyl, phenazinyl, phenothiazinyl, phenoxathiinyl, phenoxazinyl, phthalazinyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyrrolizinyl, quinazoliny, quinolizinyl, quinolyl, quinoxaliny, quinuclidinyl, xanthenyl, and the like.

- "Guanidino" means the radical -NHC(NH)NH₂. Unless indicated otherwise, the
 25 compounds of the invention containing guanidino moieties include protected derivatives thereof. Suitable protecting groups for amino moieties include acetyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, and the like and both the unprotected and protected derivatives fall within

the scope of the invention.

“Halo” means fluoro, chloro, bromo or iodo.

“Halo-substituted alkyl”, as a group or part of a group, means “alkyl” substituted by one or more “halo” atoms, as such terms are defined in this Application. Halo-substituted alkyl
5 includes haloalkyl, dihaloalkyl, trihaloalkyl, perhaloalkyl and the like (e.g. halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl includes chloromethyl, dichloromethyl, difluoromethyl, trifluoromethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, perfluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoro-1,1-dichloroethyl, and the like).

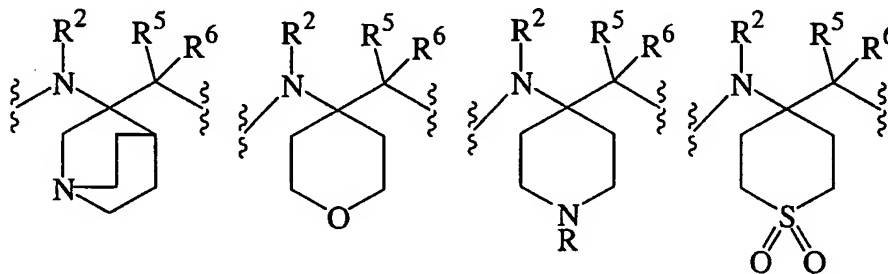
“Heteroaryl” means aryl, as defined herein, provided that one or more of the ring member carbon atoms indicated, is replaced by heteroatom moiety selected from -N-, -NR-,
10 -O- or -S-, wherein R is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or a protecting group, and each ring contained therein is comprised of 5 to 6 ring member atoms. For example, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl as used in this Application includes benzofuryl, benzooxazolyl, benzothiazolyl, [2,4']bipyridinyl, carbazolyl, carbolinyl, chromenyl, cinnolinyl, furazanyl, furyl, imidazolyl, indazolyl, indolyl, indoliziny, isobenzofuryl, isochromenyl, isooxazolyl, isoquinolyl, isothiazolyl, naphthyridinyl, oxazolyl,
15 perimidinyl, 2-phenylpyridyl, phthalazinyl, pteridinyl, purinyl, pyrazinyl, pyradazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrroliziny, pyrrolidinyl, pyrrolyl, pyranyl, quinazoliny, quinoliziny, quinolyl, quinoxaliny, tetrazolyl, thiazolyl, 4-thiazol-4-ylphenyl, thienyl, xanthenyl, and the like.

“Heteroatom moiety” includes -N-, -NR-, -O-, -S- or -S(O)₂-, wherein R is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or a protecting group.

20 “Heterocycloalkyl” means cycloalkyl, as defined herein, provided that one or more of the ring member carbon atoms indicated is replaced by heteroatom moiety selected from -N-, -NR-, -O- or -S-, wherein R is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or a protecting group, and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone or iminoketone derivative thereof (e.g. the term hetero(C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkyl includes [1,4']bipiperidinyl, dihydrooxazolyl, morpholinyl, 1-morpholin-4-ylpiperidinyl,
25 piperazinyl, piperidyl, pirazolidinyl, pirazolinyl, pyrrolinyl, pyrrolidinyl, quinuclidinyl, and the like). Suitable protecting groups include *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzyl, 4-methoxybenzyl, 2-nitrobenzyl, and the like. For example, a compound of Formula I wherein R¹ is piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl may exist as either the unprotected or a protected derivative, e.g. wherein R¹ is 1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, and both the unprotected and
30 protected derivatives fall within the scope of the invention.

“Heterocycloalkylene” means cycloalkylene, as defined in this Application, provided that one or more of the ring member carbon atoms indicated, is replaced by heteroatom moiety

selected from -N-, -NR-, -O-, -S- or -S(O)₂-, wherein R is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl. For example, the instance wherein R³ and R⁴ together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form hetero(C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene" includes, but is not limited to, the following:



- 5 in which R is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or a protecting group and R² is as defined in the Summary of the Invention, and any substituted derivative thereof.

"Heteromonocyclic" means a saturated, partially saturated or aromatic monocyclic radical containing the number of ring member atoms indicated in which at least one of the ring member atoms is a heteroatom and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone, iminoketone or substituted derivative thereof. For example, the term "a heteromonocyclic containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms" as used in this Application to define A may include dihydrooxazolyl, furazanyl, 10 furyl, imidazolyl, imidazolidinyl, imidazoliny, isooxazolyl, isothiazolyl, thiazolyl, thienyl, morpholinyl, oxazolyl, piperazinyl, piperidinyl, pirazolidinyl, pirazoliny, pyranyl, pyrazinyl, pyradazinyl, pyrazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrrolidinyl, pyrroliny, pyrrolyl, tetrazolyl, and the like.

15 "Heteropolycycloaryl" means polycycloaryl, as defined herein, except one or more of the ring member carbon atoms indicated are replaced by a heteroatom moiety selected from -N-, -NR-, -O- or -S-, wherein R is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or a protecting group, and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone or iminoketone derivative thereof.. For example, hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl includes 1',2'-dihydro-2*H*-[1,4']bipyridinylyl, chromanyl, imidazoliny, 20 indoliny, isochromanyl, isoindoliny, and the like.

"Hydroxy" means the radical -OH. Unless indicated otherwise, the compounds of the invention containing hydroxy radicals include protected derivatives thereof. Suitable protecting groups for hydroxy moieties include benzyl and the like and both the unprotected and protected derivatives fall within the scope of the invention.

25 "Iminoketone derivative" means a derivative containing the moiety -C(NR)-, wherein R is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl.

"Isomers" mean compounds of Formula I having identical molecular formulae but differ in the nature or sequence of bonding of their atoms or in the arrangement of their atoms in space. Isomers that differ in the arrangement of their atoms in space are termed "stereoisomers". Stereoisomers that are not mirror images of one another are termed "diastereomers" and stereoisomers that are nonsuperimposable mirror images are termed "enantiomers" or sometimes "optical isomers". A carbon atom bonded to four nonidentical substituents is termed a "chiral center". A compound with one chiral center has two enantiomeric forms of opposite chirality is termed a "racemic mixture". A compound that has more than one chiral center has 2^{n-1} enantiomeric pairs, where n is the number of chiral centers. Compounds with more than one chiral center may exist as either an individual diastereomer or as a mixture of diastereomers, termed a "diastereomeric mixture". When one chiral center is present a stereoisomer may be characterized by the absolute configuration of that chiral center. Absolute configuration refers to the arrangement in space of the substituents attached to the chiral center. Enantiomers are characterized by the absolute configuration of their chiral centers and described by the *R*- and *S*-sequencing rules of Cahn, Ingold and Prelog. Conventions for stereochemical nomenclature, methods for the determination of stereochemistry and the separation of stereoisomers are well known in the art (e.g. see "Advanced Organic Chemistry", 3rd edition, March, Jerry, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1985). It is understood that the names and illustration used in this Application to describe compounds of Formula I are meant to be encompassed all possible stereoisomers and any mixture, racemic or otherwise, thereof.

"Ketone derivative" means a derivative containing the moiety -C(O)-.

"Nitro" means the radical -NO₂.

"Optional" or "optionally" means that the subsequently described event or circumstance may or may not occur, and that the description includes instances where the event or circumstance occurs and instances in which it does not. For example, the phrase "(C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro," means that the alkyl group referred to may or may not be substituted in order to fall within the scope of the invention.

"Oxalo" means the radical -C(O)C(O)OH.

"*N*-oxide derivatives" means a derivatives of compound of Formula I in which nitrogens are in an oxidized state (i.e., O-N) and which possess the desired pharmacological activity.

"Oxo" means the radical=O.

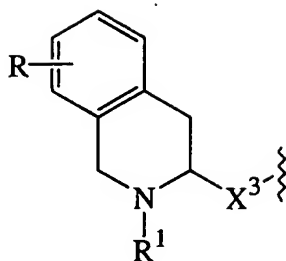
"Pathology" of a disease means the essential nature, causes and development of the disease as well as the structural and functional changes that result from the disease processes.

"Pharmaceutically acceptable" means that which is useful in preparing a pharmaceutical composition that is generally safe, non-toxic and neither biologically nor otherwise undesirable and includes that which is acceptable for veterinary use as well as human pharmaceutical use.

"Pharmaceutically acceptable salts" means salts of compounds of Formula I which are pharmaceutically acceptable, as defined above, and which possess the desired pharmacological activity. Such salts include acid addition salts formed with inorganic acids such as hydrochloric acid, hydrobromic acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, phosphoric acid, and the like; or with organic acids such as acetic acid, propionic acid, hexanoic acid, heptanoic acid, cyclopentanepropionic acid, glycolic acid, pyruvic acid, lactic acid, malonic acid, succinic acid, malic acid, maleic acid, fumaric acid, tartatic acid, citric acid, benzoic acid, *o*-(4-hydroxybenzoyl)benzoic acid, cinnamic acid, maleic acid, methanesulfonic acid, ethanesulfonic acid, 1,2-ethanedisulfonic acid, 2-hydroxyethanesulfonic acid, benzenesulfonic acid, *p*-chlorobenzenesulfonic acid, 2-naphthalenesulfonic acid, *p*-toluenesulfonic acid, camphorsulfonic acid, 4-methylbicyclo[2.2.2]oct-2-ene-1-carboxylic acid, glucoheptonic acid, 4,4'-methylenebis(3-hydroxy-2-ene-1-carboxylic acid), 3-phenylpropionic acid, trimethylacetic acid, tertiary butylacetic acid, lauryl sulfuric acid, gluconic acid, glutamic acid, hydroxynaphthoic acid, salicylic acid, stearic acid, muconic acid and the like.

Pharmaceutically acceptable salts also include base addition salts which may be formed when acidic protons present are capable of reacting with inorganic or organic bases. Acceptable inorganic bases include sodium hydroxide, sodium carbonate, potassium hydroxide, ammonium hydroxide, aluminum hydroxide and calcium hydroxide. Acceptable organic bases include ethanolamine, diethanolamine, triethanolamine, tromethamine, *N*-methylglucamine and the like.

"Phenylene-1,2-dimethylene" means the divalent radical $-\text{CH}_2\text{C}_6\text{H}_4\text{CH}_2-$, wherein the methylene moieties are attached at the 1- and 2-positions of the phenylene moiety. For example, a group of Formula (a) in which R^{12} together with R^9 forms optionally substituted phenylene-1,2-dimethylene is illustrated by the following formula:

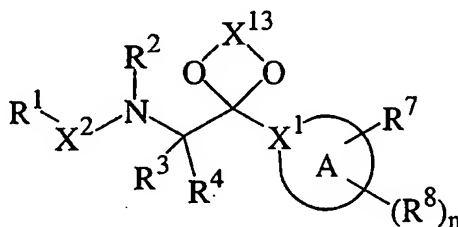


in which R is an optional hydroxy group and X³ and R¹ are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II.

"Polycycloaryl" means a bicyclic ring assembly (directly linked by a single bond or fused) containing the number of ring member carbon atoms indicated, wherein at least one, but not all, of the fused rings comprising the radical is aromatic, and any carbocyclic ketone, thioketone or iminoketone derivative thereof (e.g. (C_{9,12})polycycloaryl includes indanyl, indenyl, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, 1,2-dihydronaphthalenyl, cyclohexylphenyl, phenylcyclohexyl, 2,4-dioxo-1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalenyl, and the like).

"Prodrug" means a compound which is convertible in vivo by metabolic means (e.g. by hydrolysis) to a compound of Formula (I). For example an ester of a compound of formula (I) containing a hydroxy group may be convertible by hydrolysis in vivo to the parent molecule. Alternatively an ester of a compound of Formula (I) containing a carboxy group may be convertible by hydrolysis in vivo to the parent molecule. Suitable esters of compounds of Formula (I) containing a hydroxy group, are for example acetates, citrates, lactates, tartrates, malonates, oxalates, salicylates, propionates, succinates, fumarates, maleates, methylene-bis-b-hydroxynaphthoates, gentisates, isethionates, di-*p*-toluoyltartrates, methanesulphonates, ethanesulphonates, benzenesulphonates, *p*-toluenesulphonates, cyclohexylsulphamates and quinate. Suitable esters of compounds of Formula (I) containing a carboxy group, are for example those described by F.J.Leinweber, Drug Metab. Res., 1987, 18, page 379. An especially useful class of esters of compounds of Formula (I) containing a hydroxy group, may be formed from acid moieties selected from those described by Bundgaard et. al., J. Med. Chem., 1989, 32, page 2503-2507, and include substituted (aminomethyl)-benzoates, for example, dialkylamino-methylbenzoates in which the two alkyl

- groups may be joined together and/or interrupted by an oxygen atom or by an optionally substituted nitrogen atom, e.g. an alkylated nitrogen atom, more especially (morpholino-methyl)benzoates, e.g. 3- or 4-(morpholinomethyl)-benzoates, and (4-alkylpiperazin-1-yl)benzoates, e.g. 3- or 4-(4-alkylpiperazin-1-yl)benzoates. A prodrug derivative of a compound of Formula I wherein R⁵ and R⁶ together are oxo is depicted by the following formula:



- in which X¹³ is a bond, straight, saturated ethylene or (-CH₂CR⁴¹R⁴²CH₂-), wherein R⁴¹ and R⁴² independently are hydrogen, halo or (C₁₋₃)alkyl or taken together form methylene.
- “Protected derivatives” means derivatives of compounds of Formula I in which a reactive site or sites are blocked with protecting groups. Protected derivatives of compounds of Formula I are useful in the preparation of compounds of Formula I or in themselves may be active cysteine protease inhibitors. For example, the compound of Formula I which is 2S-amino-N-(2-benzoxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (i.e., Compound 55, described in Example 6, *infra*) may be protected with a suitable amino protecting group, e.g. 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethoxycarbonyl, or a suitable hydroxy protecting group, e.g. *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl, to provide, respectively, 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 1S-(2-benzoxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamate (i.e., Compound 51, described in Example 4, *infra*) and 2S-amino-N-[2-benzoxazol-2-yl-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1S-phenylethyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (i.e., Compound 56, described in Example 7, *infra*). A comprehensive list of suitable protecting groups can be found in T.W. Greene, *Protecting Groups in Organic Synthesis*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1981.

- “Ring member”, as in fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, means that the atoms referred to are ring members of the fused heteropolycyclic radical, but not taking into account ring members of any substituents present. Thus, for example, a heteropolycyclic radical containing 8 ring member atoms includes

benzooxazol-2-yl, benzofur-2-yl, 1*H*-indol-5-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl, and the like.

“Sulfamoyl” means the radical -S(O)₂NH₂. Unless indicated otherwise, the compounds of the invention containing sulfamoyl radicals include protected derivatives thereof. Suitable protecting groups for sulfamoyl radicals include acetyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, and the like and both the unprotected and protected derivatives fall within the scope of the invention.

“Therapeutically effective amount” means that amount which, when administered to an animal for treating a disease, is sufficient to effect such treatment for the disease.

“Thioketone derivative” means a derivative containing the moiety -C(S)-.

“Treatment” or “treating” means any administration of a compound of the present invention and includes:

- (1) preventing the disease from occurring in an animal which may be predisposed to the disease but does not yet experience or display the pathology or symptomatology of the disease,
- (2) inhibiting the disease in an animal that is experiencing or displaying the pathology or symptomatology of the diseased (i.e., arresting further development of the pathology and/or symptomatology), or
- (3) ameliorating the disease in an animal that is experiencing or displaying the pathology or symptomatology of the diseased (i.e., reversing the pathology and/or symptomatology).

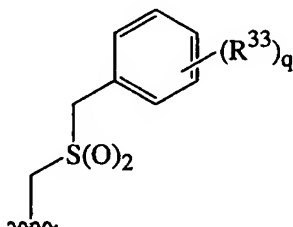
Specific Embodiments or the Invention:

While the broadest definition of the invention is set forth in the Summary of the Invention, certain aspects of the invention are preferred. A preferred aspect of the invention are compounds of Formula I in which X¹ is =C-. In particular, the heteromonocyclic ring or fused heteropolycyclic ring system A is selected from 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzooxazol-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl and oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is hydrogen, halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or phenyl and R⁸ at each occurrence independently is halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl. The ring system A preferably is benzoxazol-2-yl substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is hydrogen, halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl or nitro and R⁸ at each occurrence independently is halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl.

X² particularly represents a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a); particularly,

wherein within Formula (a) X^3 is $-C(O)-$, R^9 represents hydrogen, R^{11} represents hydrogen or methyl, typically hydrogen, and R^{12} particularly represents (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl substituted with $-SR^{14}$, $-S(O)R^{14}$ or $-S(O)_2R^{14}$, wherein R^{14} is (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or (ii) (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl; wherein within R^{12} any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{15} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl.

Further preferred, within Formula (a), R^{12} particularly represents a group having the following formula:



in which q is 0, 1, 2, 4 or 5 and R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{15} is (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl; more particularly in which q is 0, 1 or 2 and R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-OR^{14}$, $-SR^{14}$ and $-C(O)OR^{14}$, wherein R^{14} independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl; more particularly in which R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, bromo, carboxy, chloro, cyano, difluoromethoxy, fluoro, iodo, methoxy, nitro, trifluoromethoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluorosulfanyl.

Further preferred, within Formula (a), R^{12} particularly represents benzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-chlorobenzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-cyanobenzylsulfonylmethyl,

2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl, 3,5-dimethylisooxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-methoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl, 6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-nitrobenzylsulfonylmethyl, pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, *o*-tolylmethylsulfonylmethyl or 2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonylmethyl.

- 5 R^1 particularly represents $-X^6X^7R^{20}$, wherein X^6 is $-C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$, X^7 is a bond, $-O-$ or $-NR^{21}-$, wherein R^{21} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and R^{20} is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted by $-C(O)OR^{14}$ or (ii) (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or (iii) (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, wherein said
- 10 cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl ring is substituted by $-X^5OR^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^5NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$ or $-X^5NR^{25}C(NR^{25})NR^{24}R^{25}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{24} is (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{25} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl; wherein within R^1 any alicyclic or
- 15 aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, $-OR^{14}$ and $-C(O)OR^{14}$ wherein R^{14} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, or when X^2 is a divalent group of formula (a) then R^1 may be, but is not limited to, hydrogen or oxalo.

- R^1 preferably is a group selected from acetyl, azetidin-3-ylcarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl,
- 20 1-benzyloxycarbonylpiperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, benzylsulfonyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, carboxyacetyl, 2-carboxypropionyl, 3-carboxypropionyl, 2-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-cyclohexylbutyryl, 2-cyclohexylethylsulfonyl, cyclohexylmethoxycarbonyl, 3-cyclohexylpropionyl, 2-cyclopentylethylsulfonyl, 3-cyclopentylpropionyl, di(2-methoxyethyl)carbamoyle, dimethylcarbamoyle,
- 25 6-hydroxypyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, 1*H*-imidazol-4-ylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, 4-methylvaleryl, morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl, 2-morpholin-4-ylethylcarbonyl, naphth-1-ylacetyl, naphth-1-ylmethylcarbonyl, oxalo, 3-phenylpropionyl, piperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrazin-2-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-3-ylaminocarbonyl, tetrahydropyran-4-ylcarbonyl and tetrahydropyran-4-yloxycarbonyl.
- 30 R^1 especially represents morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrazin-2-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl, tetrahydropyran-4-ylcarbonyl or tetrahydropyran-4-yloxycarbonyl.

R² typically is hydrogen.

R³ particularly represents hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl (optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁶, -C(O)OR²⁶, -C(O)NR²⁶R²⁶, -P(O)(OR²⁶)OR²⁶, -OP(O)(OR²⁶)OR²⁶, -S(O)R²⁷, -S(O)₂R²⁷ or -C(O)R²⁷, wherein R²⁶ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁷ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl) or (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein said aryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₆)cycloalkylene. In particular, R³ may be selected from hydrogen, (C₁₋₄)alkyl (e.g. methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, *n*-butyl), phenyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl (e.g. phenethyl) or (C₁₋₄)alkylsulfonyl(C₂₋₄)alkyl (e.g. 2-methylsulfonylethyl) or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₆)cycloalkylene (e.g. cyclobutylene or cyclohexylene). R³ preferably is (C₁₋₄)alkyl.

R⁴ particularly represents hydrogen or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₆)cycloalkylene (e.g. cyclobutylene or cyclohexylene).

R⁵ and R⁶ preferably together form oxo.

Compounds of Formula II are preferred in which:

n is 0;

X¹ is =C- and the ring system A is selected from 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzooxazol-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl and oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is hydrogen, halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or phenyl and R⁸ at each occurrence independently is (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl.

X⁸ methylene or ethylene;

R¹, R³ and R⁴ are as defined above;

R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁹ is hydrogen; and

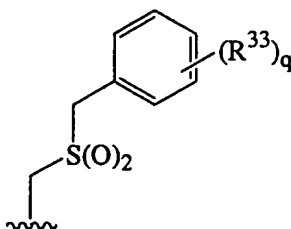
- R³² is -X⁹R³⁴, wherein X⁹ is methylene when X⁸ is methylene and X⁹ is a bond when X⁸ is ethylene, R³⁴ is -CR³⁵CHR³⁶ or -CR³⁷NR³⁸, wherein R³⁵ and R³⁶ together with the atoms to which R³⁵ and R³⁶ are attached form (C₂₋₆)alkenyl, (C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkenyl,
- 5 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkenyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl, hetero(C₆₋₁₂)aryl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl and R³⁷ and R³⁸ together with the atoms to which R³⁷ and R³⁸ are attached form hetero(C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkenyl, hetero(C₆₋₁₂)aryl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl, wherein within R³⁴ said cycloalkenyl, heterocycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, bicycloaryl or heterobicycloaryl may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl,
- 10 (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted
- 15 (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl.

- R³⁴ particularly represents (C₆₋₁₂)aryl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl, each optionally substituted by 1 to 5 radicals selected from a group consisting of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₂)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each
- 20 occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₃)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₃)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl. R³⁴ more preferably represents biphenyl, isooxazolyl, naphthyl, phenyl, pyridyl or thienyl, each optionally substituted by 1 to 5 radicals selected from a group consisting of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and
- 25 -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁴ is a bond or (C₁₋₂)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₃)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₃)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl. R³⁴ more preferably represents biphenyl-2-yl, 2,4-bistrifluoromethylphenyl, 2,5-bistrifluoromethylphenyl, 4-*tert*-butylphenyl, 2-bromophenyl, 3-bromophenyl, 4-bromophenyl, 2-bromo-5-fluorophenyl, 3-chloro-2-fluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 3-chlorophenyl,
- 30 4-chlorophenyl, 5-chlorothien-2-yl, 2-chloro-5-trifluoromethyl, 2-cyanophenyl, 3-cyanophenyl, 4-cyanophenyl, 1,5-dichlorophenyl, 2,6-dichlorophenyl, 3,4-dichlorophenyl, 2,3-difluorophenyl, 2,4-difluorophenyl, 3,4-difluorophenyl, 2-difluoromethoxyphenyl, 3-difluoromethoxyphenyl,

- 4-difluoromethoxyphenyl, 2,5-difluorophenyl, 2,6-difluorophenyl, 3,5-dimethylisooxazol-4-yl, 3,5-dimethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-6-nitrophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 4-fluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-4-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-fluoro-2-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-fluoro-3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-iodophenyl, 3-iodophenyl, 4-iodophenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 4-methoxyphenyl, 2-methylphenyl, 3-methylphenyl, 4-methylphenyl, 6-methylpyrid-2-yl, 3-methyl-2-fluorophenyl, naphth-2-yl, 2-nitrophenyl, 3-nitrophenyl, 4-nitrophenyl, 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, phenyl, prop-2-en-1-yl, pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl, pyrid-4-yl, thien-3-yl, o-tolyl, 2-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 4-trifluoromethoxyphenyl, 3-trifluoromethylphenyl, 4-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-trifluoromethylsulfanylphenyl, 3-trifluoromethylsulfanylphenyl, 4-trifluoromethylsulfanylphenyl, 2,3,4-trifluorophenyl, 2,3,5-trifluorophenyl, 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl or 2,3,6-trifluorophenyl.

A preferred group of compounds of Formula II are those in which $-X^8S(O)_2R^{32}$ represents a group having the following formula:

15



- in which q is 0, 1, 2, 4 or 5 and R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-2}) alkylene, R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{15} is (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl; more particularly in which q is 0, 1 or 2 and R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-OR^{14}$, $-SR^{14}$ and $-C(O)OR^{14}$, wherein R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl; more particularly in which R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, bromo, carboxy, chloro, cyano, difluoromethoxy, fluoro, iodo, methoxy, nitro, trifluoromethoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluorosulfanyl.
- In particular, $-X^8S(O)_2R^{32}$ represents benzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-chlorobenzylsulfonylmethyl,

- 2-cyanobenzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl,
 3,5-dimethylisooxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-methoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl,
 6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-nitrobenzylsulfonylmethyl,
 pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, *o*-tolylmethylsulfonylmethyl or
 5 2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonylmethyl.

Reference to the preferred embodiments set forth above is meant to include all combinations of particular and preferred groups.

Further preferred are compounds of Formula I selected from a group consisting of:

- 2*S*-acetylamino-*N*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl)-
 10 3-cyclohexylpropionamide; and
N-[1*S*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
 2-cyclohexylethylisonicotinamide; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected
 derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable
 salts thereof.
- 15 Further preferred are compounds of Formula I selected from a group consisting of:
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-
 4-carboxamide;
 methyl
 1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate;
 20 *N*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butyl)-
 2*R*-methylsulfonylamino-3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide;
N-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl)-2*R*-(3,3-dimethylureido)-
 3-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)propionamide;
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl)-
 25 2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl)-
 2-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl)-
 2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
 30 *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl)-
 2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
 1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl)-

- 2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamate;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
5 2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylethyl)]isonicotinamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-pyridin-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
10 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-o-tolylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
15 2-benzylsulfonylethyl]nicotinamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-benzylsulfonylethyl]pyrazine-2-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
20 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
25 2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-(6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide;
30 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

- 2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl)morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
 2-*o*-tolylmethylsulfonylethyl)morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
 5 2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide;
 tetrahydropyran-4-yl 1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
 2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate; and
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-
 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide; and the
 10 *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures
 of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

A preferred aspect of the invention are compounds of Formula I in which X¹ is =C-. In particular, the heteromonocyclic ring or fused heteropolycyclic ring system A is selected from thien-2-yl, oxazol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, fur-2-yl, 1*H*-indol-5-yl, pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl,
 15 thiazol-2-yl, 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl, 1-benzyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl, benzooxazol-2-yl, benzofur-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl, 1*H*-benzoimidazol-2-yl, 1,1-dioxo-1*H*-1λ⁶-benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl, quinol-3-yl, [1,3]dioxolan-2-yl, naphtho[2,3-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl and naphtho[2,1-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -OR²⁹, -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)OR²⁹, -S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰,
 20 -C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰ or -C(O)NHCHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹, wherein R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, diphenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R²⁰, wherein R²⁰ is defined as above, wherein said heterocycloalkyl may be substituted with (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R⁴³
 25 is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R⁸ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl; wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴,
 30 -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶ is a bond or

(C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl.

The ring system A preferably is oxazol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzoxazol-2-yl, naphtho[2,3-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl or naphtho[2,1-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, each

- 5 substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is halo, -R²⁹, -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)OR²⁹, -C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰ or -S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, wherein R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl.

- The ring system A more preferably is oxazol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzoxazol-2-yl or naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is adamantan-1-ylmethylcarbamoyl, benzyl, benzylcarbamoyl, benzyl(methyl)carbamoyl, 1-benzyloxycarbonyl-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl, 4-benzylpiperidin-1-carbonyl, *tert*-butyl, chloro, 2,3-dihydroindol-1-ylcarbonyl, 3,4-dihydro-1*H*-isoquinol-2-ylcarbonyl, 3,4-dihydro-1*H*-quinol-1-ylcarbonyl, diphenylmethylcarbamoyl, fur-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl, hydrogen, 2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethylcarbamoyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, methyl, 3-methylbutylcarbamoyl, methylcarbamoyl, 1-methylethylcarbamoyl, naphth-1-ylmethylcarbonyl, nitro, phenyl, phenylcarbamoyl, 2-phenylcyclopropylcarbamoyl, 1-phenylethylcarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, trifluoromethyl, phenethylcarbamoyl, 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl, piperid-1-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl, pyrid-3-ylmethylcarbamoyl, pyrid-4-ylmethylcarbamoyl or pyrrolidin-1-ylcarbonyl and R⁸ is methyl.

X² particularly represents a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a), wherein within Formula (a) X³ is -C(O)-, R⁹ represents hydrogen, R¹¹ represents hydrogen or methyl, typically hydrogen, and R¹² particularly represents (C₁₋₆)alkyl, preferably isobutyl, *sec*-butyl or isopropyl.

- 25 R¹ particularly represents hydrogen or -X⁸X⁹R²⁰, wherein X⁸ is -C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁹ is a bond or -O- and R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴ and -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, wherein X⁶ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl.

R¹ particularly represents acetyl, benzoyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzylsulfonyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, tert-butoxycarbonyl, *tert*-butyryl, 4-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, 1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, 2-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-cyclohexylbutyryl, 2-cyclohexylethylsulfonyl, 3-cyclohexylpropionyl, 2-cyclopentylethylsulfonyl, hydrogen, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, 4-methylvaleryl, 3-morpholin-4-ylpropionyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, 3-phenylpropionyl, piperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl or pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from 3-aminomethyl and 3-*tert*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl.

10 R² particularly represents hydrogen.

R³ preferably represents (C₁₋₆)alkyl or (C₆₋₁₀)aryl(C₁₋₃)alkyl, more preferably phenethyl, or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₆)cycloalkylene, more preferably cyclopropylene.

R⁴ preferably represents hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, preferably hydrogen or methyl or R³ and R⁴ or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₆)cycloalkylene, more preferably cyclopropylene.

R⁵ and R⁶ preferably together form oxo.

Reference to the preferred embodiments set forth above is meant to include all combinations of particular and preferred groups.

20 Pharmacology and Utility:

The compounds of the invention are cysteine protease inhibitors, in particular the compounds of the invention inhibit the activity of cathepsins B, L, K and/or S and, as such, are useful for treating diseases in which cathepsin B, L, K and/or S activity contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease. For example, the compounds of the invention are useful in treating tumor invasion and metastasis, in particular as anti-angiogenic agents, rheumatoid arthritis, osteo arthritis, pneumocystis carinii, acute pancreatitis, inflammatory airway disease and bone and joint disorders. Furthermore, the compounds of the invention are useful in treating bone resorption disorders, e.g. osteoporosis.

The compounds of the invention are inhibitors of cathepsin S and, as such, are useful for treating diseases in which cathepsin S activity contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease. For example, the compounds of the invention are useful in

treating autoimmune disorders, including, but not limited to, juvenile onset diabetes, multiple sclerosis, pemphigus vulgaris, Graves' disease, myasthenia gravis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and Hashimoto's thyroiditis, allergic disorders, including, but not limited to, asthma, and allogeneic immune responses, including, but not limited to, organ
5 transplants or tissue grafts.

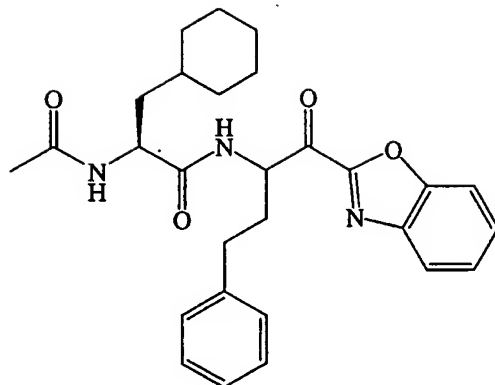
Cathepsin S also is implicated in disorders involving excessive elastolysis, such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (e.g. emphysema), bronchiolitis, excessive airway elastolysis in asthma and bronchitis, pneumonitis and cardiovascular disease such as plaque rupture and atheroma. Cathepsin S is implicated in fibril formation and, therefore, inhibitors of
10 cathepsins S are of use in treatment of systemic amyloidosis.

The cysteine protease inhibitory activities of the compounds of the invention can be determined by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Suitable *in vitro* assays for measuring protease activity and the inhibition thereof by test compounds are known. Typically, the assay measures protease induced hydrolysis of a peptide based substrate.

15 Furthermore, the compounds of the invention are useful as intermediates in the preparation of other compounds of Formula I. For example, compounds of Formula I in which R⁵ is hydroxy can be used to prepare compounds of Formula I in which R⁵ and R⁶ taken together form oxo.

Nomenclature:

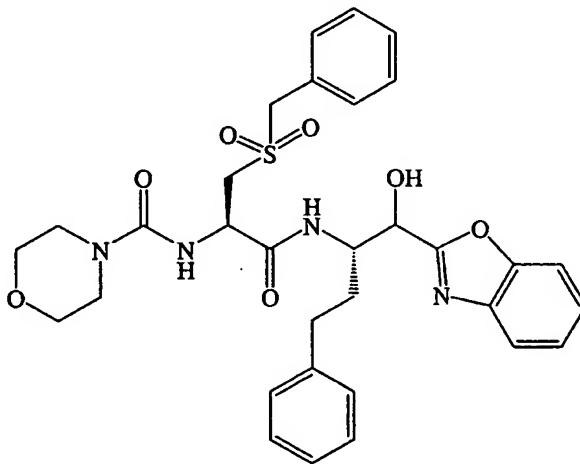
20 The compounds of Formula I and the intermediates and starting materials used in their preparation are named in accordance with IUPAC rules of nomenclature in which the characteristic groups have decreasing priority for citation as the principle group as follows: acids, esters, amides, etc.. Alternatively, the compounds are named by AutoNom 4.0 (Beilstein Information Systems, Inc.). For example, a compound of Formula I in which A is
25 benzooxazol-2-yl; X² is a group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹² is cyclohexylmethyl; R¹ is acetyl; R² is hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; R⁴ is hydrogen; and R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo; that is, a compound having the following structure:



is named 2*S*-acetyl-amino-*N*-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-

3-cyclohexylpropionamide; and a compound of Formula I in which A is benzooxazol-2-yl; X² is a group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹² is benzylsulfonylmethyl; R¹ is

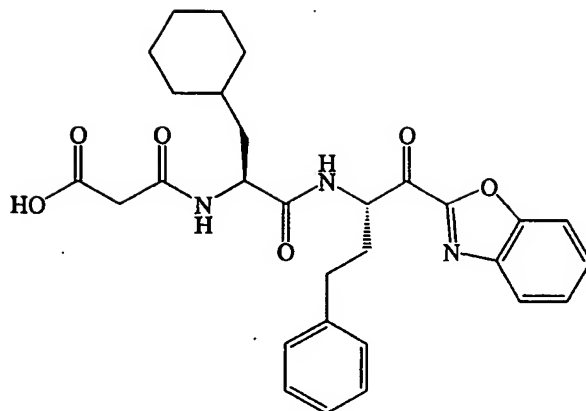
- 5 morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl; R² is hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; R⁴ is hydrogen; R⁵ is hydrogen; and R⁶ is hydroxy; that is, a compound having the following structure:



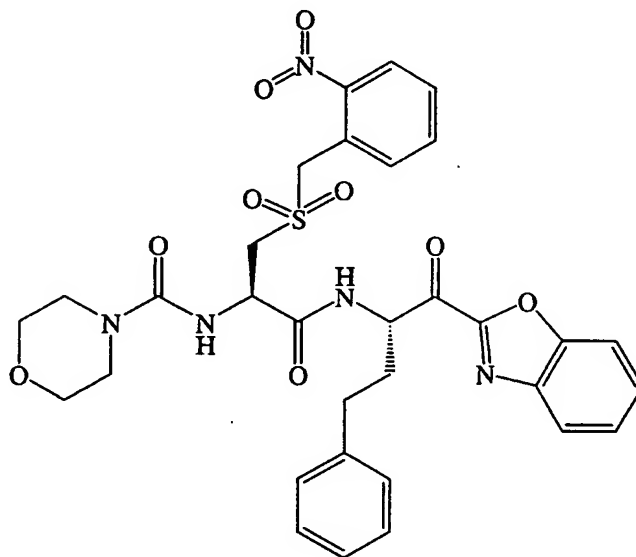
is named *N*-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbonyl)-

2-benzylsulfonyl-ethyl]-morpholine-4-carboxamide or morpholine-4-carboxylic acid

- 10 {(*R*)-1-[(*S*)-1-(1-benzooxazol-2-yl-1-hydroxy-methyl)-3-phenyl-propylcarbonyl]-2-phenylmethanesulfonyl-ethyl}-amide; and a compound of Formula I in which A is benzooxazol-2-yl; X² is a group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹² is cyclohexymethyl; R¹ is carboxyacetyl; R² is hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; R⁴ is hydrogen; and R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo; that is, a compound having the following structure:

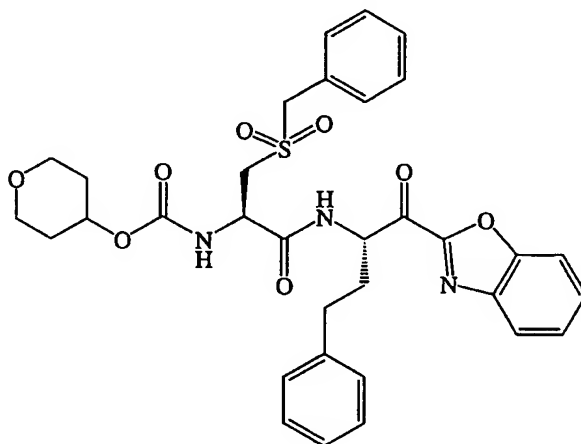


- is named *N*-[1*S*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]malonic acid or *N*-{(1*S*)-1-[(1*S*)-1-(1-benzooxazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-phenyl-propylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexyl-ethyl}-malonic acid; and a compound of Formula I in which
- 5 A is benzooxazol-2-yl; X² is a group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹² is 2-nitrobenzylsulfonylmethyl; R¹ is morpholin-2-ylcarbonyl; R² is hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; R⁴ is hydrogen; and R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo; that is, a compound having the following structure:



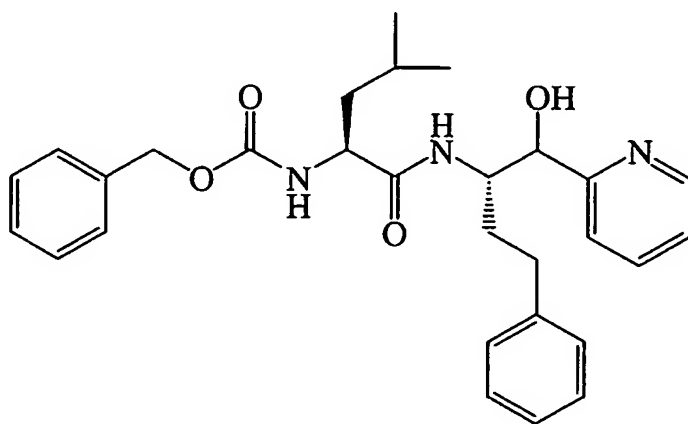
- 10 is named *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide or morpholine-4-carboxylic acid [(*R*)-1-[(1*S*)-1-(1-benzooxazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-phenyl-propylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-nitro-

phenylmethanesulfonyl)-ethyl]-amide; and a compound of Formula I in which A is benzoxazol-2-yl; X² is a group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹² is benzylsulfonylmethyl; R¹ is tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy; R² is hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; R⁴ is hydrogen; and R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo; that is, a compound having the following structure:



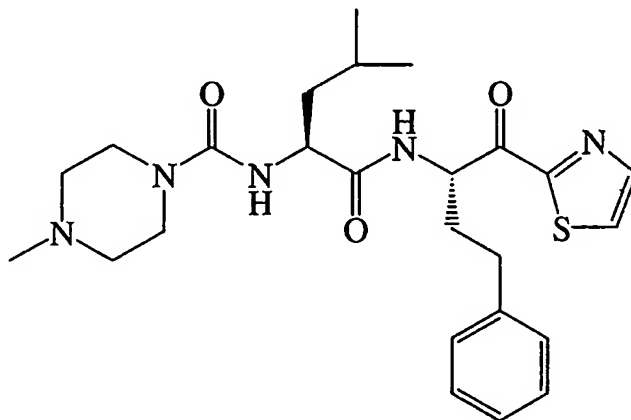
is named tetrahydropyran-4-yl 1*R*-(1*S*-benzoxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate or {(*R*)-1-[(*S*)-1-(1-benzoxazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-phenylmethanesulfonyl-ethyl}-carbamic acid tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl ester.

10 A compound of Formula I in which A is pyrid-2-yl; X² is a group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹¹ is 2-methylpropyl; R¹ is benzyloxycarbonyl; R², R⁴ and R⁵ each are hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; and R⁶ is hydroxy; that is, a compound having the following structure:

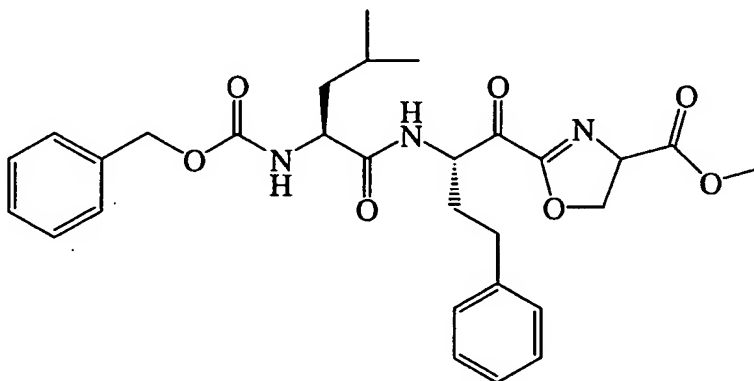


15 is named benzyl 1*S*-(1*S*-pyrid-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate

or {(S)-1-[(S)-1-(1-hydroxy-1-pyridin-2-yl-methyl)-3-phenyl-propylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-
 carbamic acid benzyl ester; and a compound of Formula I in which A is thiazol-2-yl; X² is a
 group of Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹¹ is 2-methylpropyl; R¹ is
 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyl; R² and R⁴ each are hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; and R⁵ and R⁶
 5 together form oxo; that is, a compound having the following structure:



is named *N*-[3-methyl-1*S*-(3-phenyl-1-thiazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butyl]-
 4-methylpiperazine-1-carboxamide or 4-methyl-piperazine-1-carboxylic acid or {(S)-3-methyl-
 1-[(S)-3-phenyl-1-(1-thiazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-propylcarbamoyl]-butyl}-amide; and a compound
 10 of Formula I in which A is 4,5-tetrahydro-4-methoxycarbonyloxazol-2-yl; X² is a group of
 Formula (a), wherein R⁹ is hydrogen and R¹¹ is 2-methylpropyl; R¹ is benzyloxycarbonyl; R² and
 R⁴ each are hydrogen; R³ is phenethyl; and R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo; that is, a compound
 having the following structure:



15 is named methyl 2*S*-(2*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvaleryl-amino)-4-phenylbutyryl-
 4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate or 2-[(S)-2-((S)-2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methyl-

pentanoylamino)-4-phenyl-butanoyl]-4,5-dihydro-oxazole-4-carboxylic acid methyl ester.

Certain compounds of Formula I exist in tautomeric equilibrium. Compounds of Formula I which exist as tautomers are named, illustrated or otherwise described in this application as one possible tautomer. However, it is to be understood that the all possible
5 tautomers are meant to be encompassed by such names, illustrations and descriptions.

Certain compounds of Formulae I and II exist in tautomeric equilibrium. Compounds of Formulae I and II which exist as tautomers are named, illustrated or otherwise described in this application as one possible tautomer. However, it is to be understood that the all possible tautomers are meant to be encompassed by such names, illustrations and descriptions.

10 Administration and Pharmaceutical Compositions:

In general, compounds of Formula I will be administered in therapeutically effective amounts via any of the usual and acceptable modes known in the art, either singly or in combination with another therapeutic agent. A therapeutically effective amount may vary widely depending on the severity of the disease, the age and relative health of the subject, the
15 potency of the compound used and other factors. For example, therapeutically effective amounts of a compound of Formula I may range from 0.1 micrograms per kilogram body weight ($\mu\text{g/kg}$) per day to 10 milligram per kilogram body weight (mg/kg) per day, typically 1 $\mu\text{g/kg/day}$ to 1 mg/kg/day . Therefore, a therapeutically effective amount for a 80 kg human patient may range from 10 $\mu\text{g/day}$ to 100 mg/day , typically 0.1 mg/day to 10 mg/day . In general, one of
20 ordinary skill in the art, acting in reliance upon personal knowledge and the disclosure of this Application, will be able to ascertain a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula I for treating a given disease.

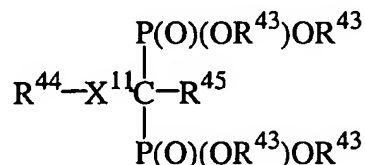
The compounds of Formula I can be administered as pharmaceutical compositions by one of the following routes: oral, systemic (e.g., transdermal, intranasal or by suppository) or
25 parenteral (e.g., intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous). Compositions can take the form of tablets, pills, capsules, semisolids, powders, sustained release formulations, solutions, suspensions, elixirs, aerosols, or any other appropriate composition and are comprised of, in general, a compound of Formula I in combination with at least one pharmaceutically acceptable excipient. Acceptable excipients are non-toxic, aid administration, and do not adversely affect
30 the therapeutic benefit of the active ingredient. Such excipient may be any solid, liquid, semisolid or, in the case of an aerosol composition, gaseous excipient that is generally available

to one of skill in the art.

Solid pharmaceutical excipients include starch, cellulose, talc, glucose, lactose, sucrose, gelatin, malt, rice, flour, chalk, silica gel, magnesium stearate, sodium stearate, glycerol monostearate, sodium chloride, dried skim milk, and the like. Liquid and semisolid excipients
 5 may be selected from water, ethanol, glycerol, propylene glycol and various oils, including those of petroleum, animal, vegetable or synthetic origin (e.g., peanut oil, soybean oil, mineral oil, sesame oil, or the like). Preferred liquid carriers, particularly for injectable solutions, include water, saline, aqueous dextrose and glycols.

The amount of a compound of Formula I in the composition may vary widely depending
 10 upon the type of formulation, size of a unit dosage, kind of excipients and other factors known to those of skill in the art of pharmaceutical sciences. In general, a composition of a compound of Formula I for treating a given disease will comprise from 0.01%w to 10%w, preferably 0.3%w to 1%w, of active ingredient with the remainder being the excipient or excipients. Preferably the pharmaceutical composition is administered in a single unit dosage form for continuous
 15 treatment or in a single unit dosage form ad libitum when relief of symptoms is specifically required.

The compounds of Formula I can be administered alone or in combination with other compounds of Formula I or in combination with one or more other active ingredient(s). For example, the compounds of Formula I can be administered in combination with a therapeutically
 20 active amount of a bisphosphonic acid or acid ester derivative or any pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Suitable bisphosphonic acids and acid ester derivatives include compounds corresponding to the following formula:



wherein X¹¹ is a bond or (C₁₋₇)alkylene, each R⁴³ independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₃₀)alkyl, R⁴⁴
 25 and R⁴⁵ are selected independently from a group consisting of hydrogen, halo, optionally substituted (C₁₋₃₀)alkyl, (C₃₋₃₀)cycloalkyl, hetero(C₃₋₃₀)cycloalkyl, optionally substituted (C₆₋₁₀)aryl, hetero(C₆₋₁₀)aryl, -NR⁴⁶R⁴⁶, -OR⁴⁶, -SR⁴⁶, wherein each R⁴⁶ independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₁₀)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₀)cycloalkyl, optionally substituted (C₆₋₁₀)aryl, provided that both R⁴⁴ and R⁴⁵ are not selected from hydrogen or hydroxy when X¹¹ is a bond; or R⁴⁴ and R⁴⁵ taken

together form (C₂₋₉)alkylene; wherein (C₃₋₁₀)cycloalkyl includes adamantyl and the like, hetero(C₅₋₁₀)cycloalkyl includes pyrrolidinyl and the like, (C₆₋₁₀)aryl includes phenyl and naphthyl, and hetero(C₆₋₁₀)aryl includes quinolyl, isoquinolyl, pyridyl, furyl, imidazolyl, imidazopyridyl and the like.

5 Instances wherein R⁴⁴ and/or R⁴⁵ are substituted (C₁₋₃₀)alkyl may include, but are not limited to, (C₁₋₃₀)alkyl substituted by hetero(C₅₋₁₀)cycloalkyl, (C₆₋₁₀)aryl, hetero(C₆₋₁₀)aryl, -NR⁴⁷R⁴⁷, -OR⁴⁷ and -SR⁴⁷, wherein each R⁴⁷ is independently hydrogen or (C₁₋₁₀)alkyl; wherein hetero(C₅₋₁₀)cycloalkyl includes pyrrolidinyl and the like, (C₆₋₁₀)aryl includes phenyl and naphthyl, and hetero(C₆₋₁₀)aryl includes quinolyl, isoquinolyl, pyridyl, furyl, imidazolyl, imidazopyridyl and the like. Suitable optionally substituted aryl groups include, but are not limited to, halo-substituted phenyl.

 A non-limiting class of bisphosphonic acids and acid ester derivatives thereof suitable for administration in combination with compounds of Formula I include those in which R⁴⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy or halo, and R⁴⁵ is selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted (C₁₋₃₀)alkyl, halo and -SR⁴⁶, wherein R⁴⁶ is (C₁₋₁₀)alkyl or phenyl.

 A non-limiting subclass of bisphosphonic acids and acid ester derivatives thereof suitable for administration in combination with compounds of Formula I include those in which R⁴⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxy and chloro and R⁴⁵ is selected from the group consisting of optionally substituted (C₁₋₃₀)alkyl, chloro and chlorophenylthio.

 A non-limiting example of a bisphosphonic acid suitable for administration in combination with compounds of Formula I include that in which X¹¹ is a bond, each R⁴³ is hydrogen, R⁴⁴ is hydroxy and R⁴⁵ is 3-aminopropyl, namely 4-amino-1-hydroxybutylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka alendronic acid), or the monosodium trihydrate salt thereof, namely 4-amino-1-hydroxybutylidene-1,1-bisphosphonate monosodium trihydrate (aka alendronate monosodium trihydrate), described in U.S. Patents 4,922,007, to Kieczkowski et al., issued May 1, 1990; 5,019,651, to Kieczkowski et al., issued May 28, 1991; 5,510,517, to Dauer et al., issued April 23, 1996; 5,648,491, to Dauer et al., issued July 15, 1997, all of which patents are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

30 Further non-limiting examples of bisphosphonic acids suitable for administration in combination with compounds of Formula I include the following:

 cycloheptylaminomethylene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka cimadronic acid), described in

U.S. Patent 4,970,335, to Isomura et al., issued November 13, 1990;

1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonic acid (aka clodronic acid) and the disodium salt thereof, namely clodronate disodium, described in Belgium Patent 672,205 (1966) and *J. Org. Chem* 32, 4111 (1967);

- 5 1-hydroxy-3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka EB-1053);
1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid (aka etidronic acid);
1-hydroxy-3-(*N*-methyl-*N*-pentylamino)propylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka
ibandronic acid), described in U.S. Patent No. 4,927,814, issued May 22, 1990;
6-amino-1-hydroxyhexylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka neridronic acid);
10 3-(dimethylamino)-1-hydroxypropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka olpadronic acid);
3-amino-1-hydroxypropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka pamidronic acid);
2-pyrid-2-ylethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka piridronic acid), described in U.S.
Patent No. 4,761,406;
1-hydroxy-2-pyrid-3-ylethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka risedronic acid);
15 4-chlorophenylthiomethylenebisphosphonic acid (aka tiludronic acid), described in U.S.
Patent 4,876,248, to Breliere et al., October 24, 1989; and
1-hydroxy-2-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid (aka zoledronic acid);
all of which patents and other documents referred to above are incorporated by reference
herein in their entirety.

- 20 A non-limiting subclass of bisphosphonic acids suitable for administration in combination
with compounds of Formula I include those selected from the group consisting of alendronic
acid, cimadronic acid, clodronic acid, tiludronic acid, etidronic acid, ibandronic acid, risedronic
acid, piridronic acid, pamidronic acid, zolendronic acid, pharmaceutically acceptable salts
thereof, and mixtures thereof. A further example of a bisphosphonic acid suitable for
25 administration in combination with compounds of Formula I is alendronic acid or a
pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof, and mixtures thereof. A further non-limiting example
is alendronate monosodium trihydrate.

- Compounds of Formula I can be administered in combination with a therapeutically
active amount of an estrogen receptor agonist. Non-limiting examples of estrogen receptor
30 agonists suitable for administration in combination with the compounds of Formula I include
naturally occurring estrogens such as estradiol, estrone and estroil, or synthetic estrogen
receptor agonists such as

[6-hydroxy-2-(4-hydroxyphenyl)benzo[*b*]thien-3-yl][4-(2-piperidin-1-ylethoxy)phenyl]methanone (aka raloxifene) and {2-[4-(1,2-diphenylbut-1-enyl)phenoxy]ethyl}dimethylamine (aka tamoxifen). A non-limiting subclass of estrogen receptor agonists suitable for administration in combination with the compounds of Formula I include estrogen receptor partial agonists (i.e.,

5 estrogen receptor agonists with mixed agonist/antagonist properties), sometimes referred to as estrogen receptor modulators. Estrogen receptor partial agonists can exert tissue-selective estrogen agonist effects. Tamoxifen, for example, selectively exerts an estrogen agonist effect on the bone, in humans. Additional suitable estrogen receptor partial agonists are described in Tissue-Selective Actions Of Estrogen Analogs, Bone Vol. 17, No. 4, October 1995, 181S-190S.

10 Certain 3-[4-(2-phenylindol-1-ylmethyl)phenyl]acrylamides, described in U.S. Patent 5,985,910 to Miller *et al.*, November 16, 1999; benzothiophene compounds, described in U.S. Patent 5,985,897 to Meuhl *et al.*, November 16, 1999; naphthyl compounds, described in U.S. Patent 5,952,350 to Cullinan *et al.*, September 14, 1999; substituted benzothiophene compounds, described in U.S. Patent 5,962,475 to Schmid *et al.*, October 4, 1999, are suitable estrogen

15 receptor partial agonists for administration with the compounds of Formula I; all of which patents and other documents referred to above are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety.

More particularly a pharmaceutical composition of this invention may comprise a therapeutically effect amount of a compound of Formula I in combination with one or more

20 active ingredient(s) selected from the group consisting of (i) a therapeutically effect amount of a bisphosphonic acid or acid ester thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (ii) a therapeutically effect amount of an estrogen receptor agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipient(s). Non-limiting examples of such bisphosphonic acids include 1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-

25 3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-3-(*N*-methyl-*N*-pentylamino)propylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 6-amino-1-hydroxyhexylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 3-(dimethylamino)-1-hydroxypropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 3-amino-1-hydroxypropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid,

30 2-pyrid-2-ylethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-2-pyrid-3-ylethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 4-chlorophenylthiomethylenebisphosphonic acid and 1-hydroxy-2-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid or acid ester thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; particularly 1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonic

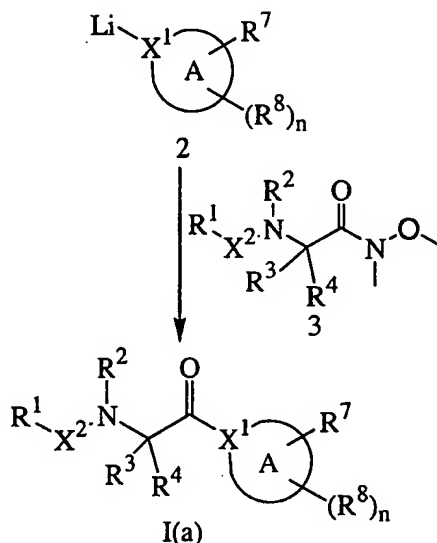
acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and preferably 1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonate monosodium trihydrate.

Chemistry:

Processes for Making Compounds of Formula I:

- 5 Compounds of Formula I in which R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo can be prepared by proceeding as in the following Scheme 1:

Scheme 1



in which n, A, X¹, X², R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined in the Summary of the Invention

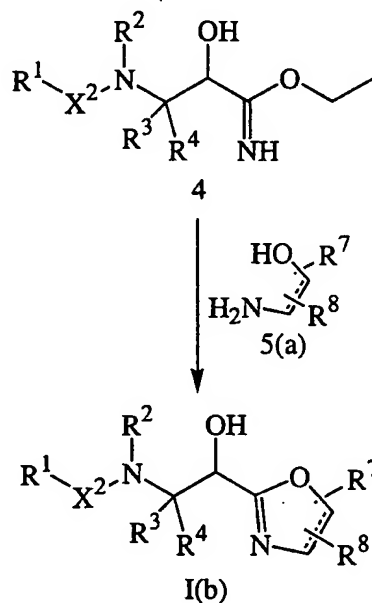
- 10 for Formulae I and II.

- Compounds of Formula I in which R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo (Formula I(a)) can be prepared by reacting an organometallic compound of Formula 2 with a compound of Formula 3. The reaction is carried out in a suitable solvent (e.g. tetrahydrofuran (THF), ether, or the like) at -80 to -70° C, preferably at about -78° C, and requires 30 minutes to an hour to complete. The
 15 organometallic compound of Formula 2 is generated by treating a corresponding organo compound, or a brominated derivative thereof, with *n*-butyllithium or *tert*-butyllithium in a suitable solvent (e.g. THF, ether, or the like) at -80 to -70° C, preferably at about -78° C, for approximately 30 minutes to an hour.

Compounds of Formula I in which the ring comprised by X¹ is a 4,5-tetrahydrooxazol-2-yl or oxazol-2-yl or moiety, R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy can be prepared by proceeding as in the following Scheme 2:

Scheme 2

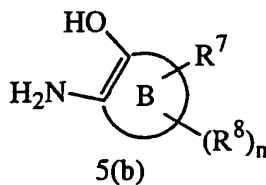
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in which X², R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II.

Compounds of Formula I can be prepared by reacting a compound Formula 4 with a compound of the Formula 5(a). The reaction is carried out in a suitable solvent (e.g. chloroform, ethanol, or the like) at reflux temperatures and requires 3 to 24 hours to complete. In a similar fashion, using analogous reaction conditions to those described in Scheme 1, compounds of Formula I in which A is a heteropolycyclic radical wherein X¹ is a ring member atom of an oxazole ring, R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy can be prepared by reacting a compound of Formula 4 with a compound of Formula 5(b):

15



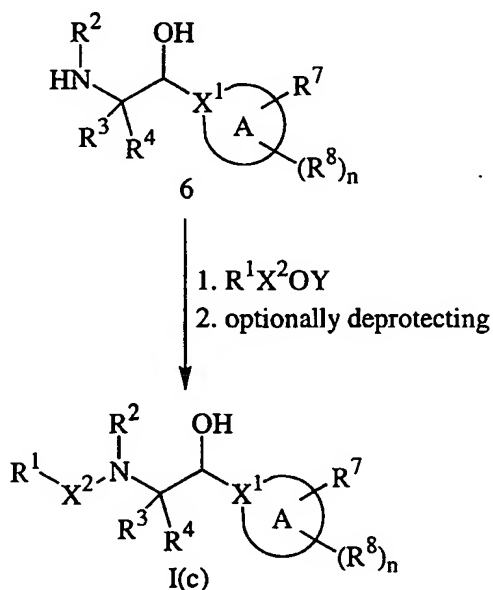
in which n is 0, 1, 2 or 3 and B is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 to 6 ring member

atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic radical containing 8 to 11 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms and each ring member atom is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, and R^7 and R^8 is as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II.

Compounds of Formula I can be prepared by proceeding as in the following Scheme 3:

5

Scheme 3



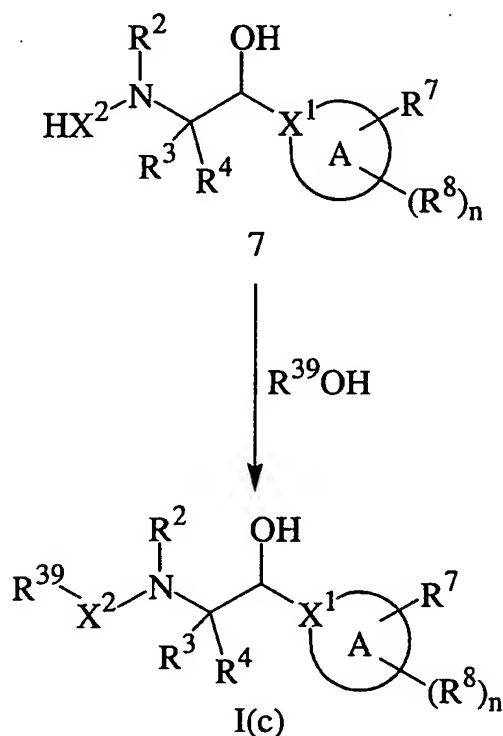
in which Y is hydrogen or an activating group (e.g. 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl (NBS), or the like) and n, A, X^1 , X^2 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^7 and R^8 are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II.

- 10 Compounds of Formula I can be prepared by reacting a compound of Formula 6, or a protected derivative thereof, with a compound of the formula R^1X^2OY , or a protected derivative thereof, and then optionally deprotecting. The reaction is carried out in the presence of a suitable base (e.g. triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, or the like) and in a suitable solvent (e.g. acetonitrile, *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF), dichloromethane, or any suitable combination thereof, or the like) at 10 to 30°C, preferably at about 25°C, and requires 24 to 30 hours to complete. When Y is hydrogen a suitable coupling agent
- 15 (e.g. benzotriazole-1-yloxytrispyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate (PyBOP®), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (EDC), *O*-benzotriazol-1-yl-*N,N,N',N'*-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HBTU),

O-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate (HATU), 1,3-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (DCC), or the like) and base (e.g. *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, or the like) is required and the reaction requires 2 to 3 hours to complete. Deprotection can be effected by any means which removes the protecting group and gives the
 5 desired product in reasonable yield. A detailed description of the techniques applicable to the creation of protecting groups and their removal can be found in T.W. Greene, *Protecting Groups in Organic Synthesis*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1981. Detailed descriptions of the preparation of a compound of Formula I in accordance with Scheme 3 are set forth in Examples 8, 9, 10 and 12, *infra*.

10 Compounds of Formula I can be prepared by proceeding as in the following Scheme 4:

Scheme 4



in which R^{39} is $-X^7X^8R^{20}$ and n , X^1 , X^2 , X^7 , X^8 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^7 , R^8 and R^{20} are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II.

15 Additional Processes for Preparing Compounds of Formula I:

Compounds of Formula I in which A is optionally substituted oxazol-2-yl can be prepared by oxidizing a corresponding compound of Formula I in which A is 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl. The reduction is carried out in the presence of base (e.g. 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), 1,5-diazabicyclo[3.4.0]non-5-ene (DBN), or the like) in a suitable solvent (e.g. dichloromethane, or the like) at 20 to 25° C and requires 6 to 12 hours to complete.

Compounds of Formula I in which R⁷ is -C(O)OH can be prepared from a corresponding compound of Formula I in which R⁷ is methoxycarbonyl. The conversion can be effected by treating the methyl ester with sodium hydroxide in a suitable solvent (e.g. ethanol, or the like) at 20 to 25° C and requires 6 to 12 hours to complete.

Compounds of Formula I in which R⁷ is -C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰ or -C(O)NR⁴²CHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹, can be prepared by reacting a corresponding compound of Formula I in which R⁷ is -C(O)OH with a compound of the formula NHR²⁰R²¹ or NHR⁴²CHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹, respectively. The reaction is carried out in the presence of a suitable coupling agent (PyBOP®, EDC, HBTU, DCC, or the like) and base (e.g. *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, or the like) in a suitable solvent (e.g., DMF, or the like) at 20 to 25° C and requires 2 to 4 hours to complete.

Compounds of Formula I in which R¹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰ can be prepared by reacting a compound of Formula I in which R¹ is hydrogen with a compound of the formula R²⁰X⁷X⁶OH. The reaction is carried out by procedures analogous to those described above for carrying out Reaction Scheme 3.

Compounds of Formula I in which R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo can be prepared by oxidizing a compound of Formula I in which R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy. The oxidation can be carried out with a suitable oxidizing agent (e.g. Dess-Martin periodinate, or the like) in a suitable solvent (e.g. dichloromethane, or the like) at 15 to 25° C and requires 10 to 20 hours to complete.

Compounds of Formula I in which R¹² contains a sulfonyl moiety can be prepared by oxidizing a corresponding compound of Formula I containing a sulfanyl moiety. The oxidation is carried out with a suitable oxidizing agent (e.g. potassium peroxymonosulfate (OXONE®, or the like) in a suitable solvent (e.g. methanol, water, or the like, or any suitable combination thereof) at ambient temperature and requires 16 to 24 hours to complete.

A compound of Formula I in which A is 1,1-dioxo-1*H*-1λ⁶-benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl can be prepared by oxidizing a corresponding compound of Formula I in which A is benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl.

Proceeding in this fashion benzyl 1-[1-(1,1-dioxo-1*H*-1 λ ⁶-benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl)carbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 209) was prepared. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.83 - 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.35 - 1.52 (m, 1H), δ 1.61 - 1.69 (m, 2H), δ 2.07 - 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.36 - 2.71 (m, 3H), δ 4.57 (m, 1H), δ 4.76 (m, 1H), δ 4.98 - 5.26 (m, 3H), δ 5.35 (bs, 5 1H), δ 7.06 - 7.62 (m, 14H);

A compound of Formula I can be prepared as a pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salt by reacting the free base form of the compound with a pharmaceutically acceptable inorganic or organic acid. Alternatively, a pharmaceutically acceptable base addition salt of a compound of Formula I can be prepared by reacting the free acid form of the compound with a 10 pharmaceutically acceptable inorganic or organic base. Inorganic and organic acids and bases suitable for the preparation of the pharmaceutically acceptable salts of compounds of Formula I are set forth in the definitions section of this application. Alternatively, the salt forms of the compounds of Formula I can be prepared using salts of the starting materials or intermediates.

The free acid or free base forms of the compounds of Formula I can be prepared from 15 the corresponding base addition salt or acid addition salt form. For example, a compound of Formula I in an acid addition salt form can be converted to the corresponding free base by treating with a suitable base (e.g. ammonium hydroxide solution, sodium hydroxide, or the like). A compound of Formula I in a base addition salt form can be converted to the corresponding free acid by treating with a suitable acid (e.g. hydrochloric acid, etc).

20 The *N*-oxides of compounds of Formula I can be prepared by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, *N*-oxides can be prepared by treating an unoxidized form of the compound of Formula I with an oxidizing agent (e.g. trifluoroperacetic acid, permaleic acid, perbenzoic acid, peracetic acid, *meta*-chloroperoxybenzoic acid, or the like) in a suitable inert organic solvent (e.g. a halogenated hydrocarbon such as dichloromethane) at 25 approximately 0°C. Alternatively, the *N*-oxides of the compounds of Formula I can be prepared from the *N*-oxide of an appropriate starting material.

Compounds of Formula I in unoxidized form can be prepared from *N*-oxides of compounds of Formula I by treating with a reducing agent (e.g. sulfur, sulfur dioxide, triphenyl phosphine, lithium borohydride, sodium borohydride, phosphorus trichloride, tribromide, or the 30 like) in an suitable inert organic solvent (e.g. acetonitrile, ethanol, aqueous dioxane, or the like) at 0 to 80°C.

Prodrug derivatives of the compounds of Formula I can be prepared by methods known

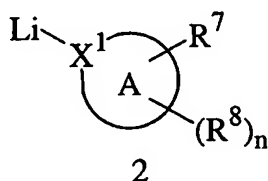
to those of ordinary skill in the art (e.g. for further details see Saulnier *et al.* (1994), *Bioorganic and Medicinal Chemistry Letters*. 4:1985). For example, appropriate prodrugs can be prepared by reacting a non-derivatized compound of Formula I with a suitable carbamylating agent (e.g. 1,1-acyloxyalkylcarbonochloridate, *para*-nitrophenyl carbonate, or the like).

5 Protected derivatives of the compounds of Formula I can be made by means known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A detailed description of the techniques applicable to the creation of protecting groups and their removal can be found in T.W. Greene, *Protecting Groups in Organic Synthesis*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1981.

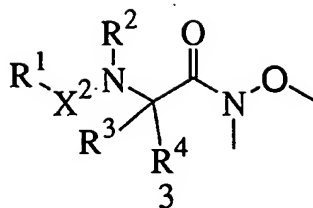
Compounds of Formula I can be prepared as their individual stereoisomers by reacting a
 10 racemic mixture of the compound with an optically active resolving agent to form a pair of diastereoisomeric compounds, separating the diastereomers and recovering the optically pure enantiomer. While resolution of enantiomers can be carried out using covalent diastereomeric derivatives of compounds of Formula I, dissociable complexes are preferred (e.g. crystalline diastereoisomeric salts). Diastereomers have distinct physical properties (e.g. melting points,
 15 boiling points, solubilities, reactivity, and the like) and can be readily separated by taking advantage of these dissimilarities. The diastereomers can be separated by chromatography or, preferably, by separation/resolution techniques based upon differences in solubility. The optically pure enantiomer is then recovered, along with the resolving agent, by any practical means that would not result in racemization. A more detailed description of the techniques
 20 applicable to the resolution of stereoisomers of compounds from their racemic mixture can be found in Jean Jacques Andre Collet, Samuel H. Wilen, *Enantiomers, Racemates and Resolutions*, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (1981).

In summary, an aspect of the invention is a process for preparing a compound of Formula I, which process comprises:

25 (A) reacting an organometallic compound of Formula 2:

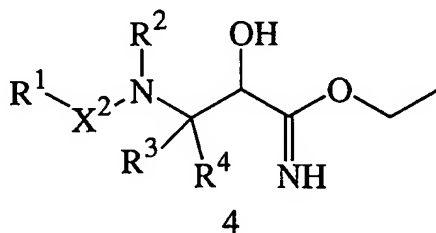


with a compound of Formula 3:

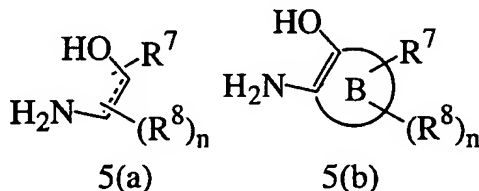


wherein n, A, X¹, X², R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II, to give a compound of Formula I in which R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;
or

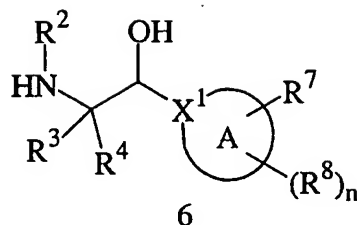
- 5 (B) reacting a compound of Formula 4:



with a compound of Formula 5(a) or 5(b):



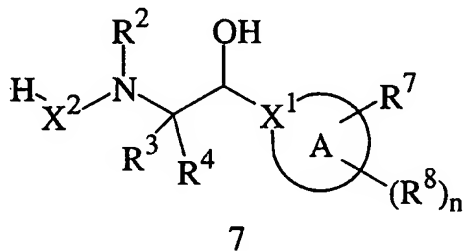
- wherein the dashed line represents an optional bond and B is a monocyclic radical containing 5
10 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused polycyclic radical containing 8 to 11 ring member atoms,
wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms and each ring member atom is a carbon
atom or a heteroatom and n, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined in the Summary of the
Invention for Formulae I and II, to give a compound of Formula I in which the ring comprised by
X¹ is a 4,5-tetrahydrooxazol-2-yl or oxazol-2-yl or moiety, respectively, R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is
15 hydroxy or
(C) reacting a compound of Formula 6:



with a compound of the formula R^1X^2OY , wherein Y is hydrogen or an activating group and n, A, X^1 , X^2 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^7 and R^8 are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II, to give a compound of Formula I in which R^5 is hydrogen and R^6 is hydroxy;

5 or

(D) reacting a compound of Formula 7:



or a protected derivative thereof, with $R^{39}OH$, wherein R^{39} is $-X^7X^8R^{20}$ and n, A, X^1 , X^2 , X^7 , X^8 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^7 , R^8 and R^{20} are as defined in the Summary of the Invention for Formulae I and II, and deprotecting if necessary to give a compound of Formula I in which R^1 is $-X^7X^8R^{20}$,

10

(E) optionally oxidizing a compound of Formula I in which R^5 is hydrogen and R^6 is hydroxy to give a compound of Formula I in which R^5 and R^6 together form oxo;

(F) optionally oxidizing a compound of Formula I in which A is optionally substituted 4,5-dihydroxyoxazol-2-yl to give a compound of Formula I in which A is optionally substituted oxazol-2-yl;

15

(G) optionally converting a compound of Formula I in which R^7 is $-C(O)OH$ to a compound of Formula I in which R^7 is methoxycarbonyl;

(H) optionally converting a compound of Formula I into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt;

(I) optionally converting a salt form of a compound of Formula I to non-salt form;

20

(J) optionally converting an unoxidized form of a compound of Formula I into a pharmaceutically acceptable N-oxide;

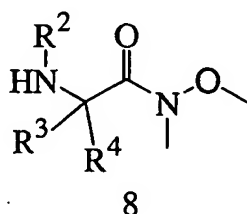
(K) optionally converting an N-oxide form of a compound of Formula I its unoxidized form;

(L) optionally converting a non-derivatized compound of Formula I into a pharmaceutically prodrug derivative; and

(M) optionally converting a prodrug derivative of a compound of Formula I to its non-derivatized form.

5 Processes for Preparing Intermediates:

Compounds of Formula 3 can be prepared by reacting a compound of the Formula 8:

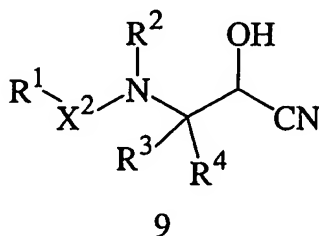


with a compound of the formula R^1X^2OY , in which Y is hydrogen or an activating group (NBS, or the like). The reaction is carried out under conditions analogous to those set for Reaction

10 Scheme 3.

Compounds Formula 8 can be prepared by reacting a corresponding amino protected carboxylic acid with *N,O*-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride and then deprotecting. The reaction with the amine is carried out in the presence of a suitable coupling agent (PyBOP®, EDC, HBTU, DCC, or the like) and base (e.g. *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, or the like) in a suitable solvent (e.g. dichloromethane, DMF, or the like) at 20 to 30° C, preferably at about 25° C, and requires 2 to 4 hours to complete (e.g. see Reference 1, *infra*). Deprotection can be effected by any means which removes the protecting group and gives the desired product in reasonable yield (e.g. see Example 2, *infra*). A detailed description of the preparation of a compound of Formula 8 is set forth in References 1 and 6, *infra*.

20 Compounds of Formula 4 can be prepared by reacting a nitrile of Formula 9:

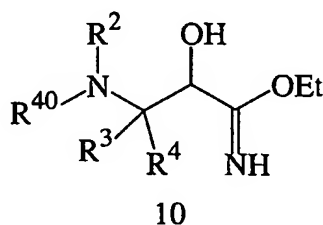


with ethanol. The reaction is carried out by adding the nitrile to a mixture comprising a catalytic

amount of dry hydrogen chloride in a suitable solvent (e.g. chloroform, ethanol, or the like) and then allowing the reaction to proceed at 0 to 25° C for 4 to 6 hours. Dry hydrogen chloride is conveniently generated by combining a slightly excessive amount of ethanol with acetyl chloride prior to adding the imidate to the reaction mixture. Alternatively, the hydrogen chloride is

5 introduced to the reaction medium as a gas.

Compounds of Formula 6 can be prepared by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, compounds of Formula 6 in which A is optionally substituted benzooxazol-2-yl can be prepared by reacting a compound of Formula 10:



10 in which R⁴⁰ is a protecting group, with 2-aminophenol and deprotecting. The reaction with the phenol is carried out in the presence of a suitable base (e.g. diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, or the like) and in a suitable solvent (e.g. chloroform, or the like) at reflux temperatures to 25° C and requires 10 to 12 hours to complete. Deprotection can be effected by any means which removes the protecting group and gives the desired product in reasonable yield. A detailed

15 description of the preparation of a compound of Formula 6 is set forth in Reference , infra.

Compounds of Formula 7 can be prepared by condensing a compound of Formula 6 with a compound of the formula R⁴⁰X²OY, wherein R⁴⁰ is a protecting group, and then deprotecting. The condensation is carried out in the presence of a suitable base (e.g. triethylamine, diisopropylethylamine, or the like) and in a suitable solvent (e.g. acetonitrile,

20 DMF, dichloromethane, or any suitable combination thereof, or the like) at 10 to 30°C, preferably at about 25°C, and requires 24 to 30 hours to complete. When Y is hydrogen a suitable coupling agent (e.g. PyBOP®, EDC, HBTU, HATU, DCC, or the like) and base (e.g. *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine, triethylamine, or the like) is required and the reaction requires 2

25 protecting group and gives the desired product in reasonable yield.

Examples:

The following abbreviations used in this Application area defined as follows:

PyBOP® = benzotriazole-1-yloxytrispyrrolidinophosphonium hexafluorophosphate;

THF = tetrahydrofuran;

OXONE® = potassium peroxymonosulfate;

5 EDC = 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride;

DMF = *N,N*-dimethylformamide;

HATU = *O*-(7-azabenzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate;

HOBt = 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate.

REFERENCE 1

10 Benzyl 1*S*-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate

A solution of 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-phenylbutyric acid (5.05 g, 16.1 mmol) in dichloromethane (70 mL) was cooled to 0°C and treated with diisopropylethylamine (2.82 mL, 16.2 mmol) added dropwise and then PyBOP® (8.53 g, 16.4 mmol) added in one portion. The mixture was stirred for 5 minutes and then treated with *N,O*-dimethylhydroxylamine
15 hydrochloride (1.73 g, 17.71 mmol) added in one portion. The mixture was neutralized with diisopropylethylamine (4.6 mL, 26.44 mmol) added dropwise, stirred for 2 hours at room temperature and then diluted with dichloromethane (70 mL). The dilution was washed sequentially with 1N aqueous hydrochloric acid (3x 40 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate (3x 40 mL) and brine (40 mL) and then concentrated. The product was purified from the residue
20 by column chromatography eluting with 2:3 ethyl acetate/hexane to provide benzyl 1*S*-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (5.48 g, 15.4 mmol) as an oil.
MS(PCI) *m/z* = 357 (*M* + 1).

Proceeding as in Reference 1 provided *tert*-butyl 1*S*-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.35 (s, 9H), δ 1.64 - 1.72 (m, 2H), δ 2.40 - 2.54
25 (m, 1H), δ 2.60 - 2.77 (m, 1H), δ 3.00 (s, 3H) 3.52 (s, 3H), δ 4.23 (m, 1H), δ 7.10 - 7.37 (m, 5H).

REFERENCE 23-(2-Cyanobenzylsulfanyl)-2R-pyrid-4-ylcarbonylaminopropionic acid

A mixture of isonicotinic acid (3 g), *N*-hydroxysuccinimide (2.79 g) and *N,N*-dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (5.52 g) was stirred in THF (200 mL) for 16 hours. The solid
5 was filtered off and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was triturated with ethyl acetate and more solid filtered off. The filtrates were concentrated under reduced pressure gave 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl isonicotinate (5.27 g). MS: 221 [MH]⁺.

A solution of L-cysteine (6 g) in ethanol (57 mL) was treated sequentially with aqueous 2N sodium hydroxide solution (30 mL) and 2-bromomethylbenzonitrile (9.71 g). The reaction
10 mixture was stirred 2 hours at room temperature then neutralized by addition of concentrated hydrochloric acid. A resulting solid was collected by filtration and wash sequentially with water, ethanol and diethylether to provide 2*R*-amino-3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)propionic acid as a white solid. MS: 237 [MH]⁺. MS: 235 [M]⁻.

A solution of 2*R*-amino-3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)propionic acid (590 mg) in
15 dichloromethane was treated with 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl isonicotinate (1.41 g) and diisopropylethylamine (0.435 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 6 hours and then concentrated. The residue was treated with water and a resulting insoluble solid was filtered off. The aqueous filtrate was extracted twice with ethyl acetate and the combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated to provide 3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)-
20 2*R*-pyrid-3-carbonylaminopropionic acid (340 mg) as a gum. MS: 342 [MH]⁺. HPLC: *R_T* = 10.63 minutes.

REFERENCE 33-Benzylsulfanyl-2*R*-tetrahydropyran-4-ylloxycarbonylaminopropionic acid

A solution of tetrahydropyran-4-ol (200 mg) in acetonitrile (5 mL) was treated with
25 bis(2,5-dioxocyclopentyl) carbonate (0.753 g) and triethylamine (0.81 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 4 hours at room temperature and then concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and the solution was washed with a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated to provide 2,5-dioxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl tetrahydropyran-4-yl carbonate.

A solution of 2*R*-amino-3-benzylsulfanylpropionic acid (1 g) and triethylamine (0.8 mL) in dichloromethane (40 mL) was treated with 2,5-dioxo-pyrrolidin-1-yl tetrahydro-pyran-4-yl carbonate (1.15 g). The mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room temperature and then concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and the solution was washed
5 sequentially with hydrochloric acid and brine, dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with a mixture of ethyl acetate and pentane (1:1, v/v) to provide 3-benzylsulfanyl-2*R*-tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy-carbonylaminopropionic acid (800 mg) as an oil.

REFERENCE 4

10 3-Benzylsulfanyl-2*R*-morpholin-4-yl-carbonylaminopropionic acid

A solution of 3-benzylsulfanyl-2*R*-aminopropionic acid hydrochloride (25 g, 0.118 mol) in 2*N* sodium hydroxide (59 mL, 0.118 mol) was cooled in an ice bath and then treated simultaneously with morpholine-4-carbonyl chloride (13.8 mL, 0.118 mol) and 1*N* sodium hydroxide (118 mL, 0.118 mol). The mixture was stirred at 0°C for 30 minutes and then
15 filtered. The filtrate was acidified with 5*N* hydrochloric acid and extracted with ethyl acetate (5x 100 mL). The combined extracts were dried (MgSO₄), filtered and concentrated to provide 3-benzylsulfanyl-2*R*-morpholin-4-yl-carbonylaminopropionic acid (19.65 g, 60.6 mmol) as a white solid.

REFERENCE 5

20 3-Benzylsulfonfyl-2*R*-morpholin-4-yl-carbonylaminopropionic acid

A solution of 3-benzylsulfanyl-2*R*-morpholin-4-yl-carbonylaminopropionic acid (17.58 g, 54.2 mmol), provided as in Reference 4, in methanol (550 mL) was treated with a solution of OXONE® (50 g, 81.4 mL) in water (550 mL). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and then concentrated to dryness. The residue was taken up into water (90 mL) and
25 ethyl acetate (600 mL). The mixture was stirred vigorously and the aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ethyl acetate (2x 100 mL). The combined ethyl acetate layers were dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was triturated with diethyl ether and the solid material was collected by filtration to provide

3-benzylsulfonyl-2R-morpholin-4-ylcarbonylaminopropionic acid.

REFERENCE 6

2-Amino-N-methoxy-N-methyl-4-phenylbutyramide
trifluoroacetic acid salt

- 5 A solution of *tert*-butyl 1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (9.32 g, 29 mmol), provided as in Reference 1, in dichloromethane (100 mL) was cooled to 0° C and then treated with anisole (5 mL, 46.5 mmol) and trifluoroacetic acid (50 mL, 296 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes, while allowing it to warm to room temperature, and then concentrated. The residue was dissolved in toluene (100 mL) and the solution was
- 10 concentrated. The residue was again dissolved in toluene (100 mL) and concentrated to provide 2-amino-N-methoxy-N-methyl-4-phenylbutyramide trifluoroacetic acid salt (9.74 g 29 mmol) as a crude product. MS(PCI) $m/z = 223 (M + 1)$.

REFERENCE 7

Ethyl 3S-benzylloxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanimidate

- 15 A suspension comprised of lithium aluminum hydride (0.885 g, 23.3 mmol) in anhydrous diethyl ether was cooled to -45° C under nitrogen and then treated with a solution of benzyl 1S-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (5.53 g, 15.53 mmol), provided as in Reference 1, in ether (75 mL) and THF (25 mL) added dropwise over a period of 30 minutes such that the temperature of the mixture was maintained at -40 to -45° C. The
- 20 mixture was allowed to warm to 5° C and then re-cooled to -35° C. A saturated solution of sodium bicarbonate (7 mL, 0.5 M) was added dropwise and the mixture was allowed to warm to 0° C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour to provide a precipitate. The precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with ether (100 mL). The filtrate and washings were combined and washed sequentially with ice cold 1N hydrochloric
- 25 acid (2x 50 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate (2 x 50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried (Na_2SO_4) and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide benzyl 1S-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (4.01 g, 13.5 mmol) as a colorless oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 298 (M + 1)$.

A solution of benzyl 1S-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (4.557 g, 15.3 mmol) in

anhydrous dichloromethane (50 mL) was stirred while sequentially treated with 2-hydroxy-2-methylpropionitrile (4.25 mL, 46.2 mmol) and triethylamine (1.28 mL, 9.20 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 4 hours at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in ether (100 mL) and the solution was washed sequentially with water (5 x 20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to provide benzyl 2-cyano-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamate (4.957 g, 15.3 mmol) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.75 - 2.01 (m, 2H), δ 2.08 - 2.24 (m, 1H), δ 2.51 - 2.80 (m, 2H), δ 3.70 - 4.02 (m, 1H), δ 5.07, δ 5.33 (m, 3H), δ 7.10 - 7.47 (m, 10H).

A mixture of chloroform (30 mL) and anhydrous ethanol (30 mL, 510 mmol) was cooled to 0° C and then treated with acetyl chloride (32.6 mL, 459 mmol) added dropwise over a period of 30 minutes. The mixture was cooled by adding a solution of crude benzyl 2-cyano-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamate (4.957 g, 15.3 mmol) in chloroform (30 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at 0°C and then 6 hours at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide ethyl 3*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanimidate (6.212 g 15.3 mmol) as a crude yellow oil. MS (PCI) *m/z* = 371 (*M* + 1).

REFERENCE 8

2*S*-Amino-4-phenyl-1-(4*S*-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)butan-1-ol

- (a) A mixture comprised of ethyl 3*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanimidate (0.78 g, 1.92 mmol), provided as in Reference 7, diisopropylethylamine (0.218 μL, 1.26 mmol) and 2*S*-amino-2-phenylethanol (0.260 g, 1.9 mmol) in chloroform (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 3 hours and then was stirred for approximately 12 hours, while allowing to cool to room temperature. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL). The solution was washed sequentially with 0.5N sodium hydroxide (40 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and then concentrated. Product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 1:3 hexanes/ethyl acetate to provide benzyl 2-hydroxy-2-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamate (0.475 g, 1.1 mmol) as an oily mixture of diastereomers. MS (PCI) *m/z* = 445 (*M* + 1). (C₂₇H₂₈N₂O₄).
- (b) A solution comprised of benzyl 2-hydroxy-2-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamate (100 mg, 0.22 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) was placed under a nitrogen atmosphere and stirred while Pearlman's catalyst (20 mg) was added. The mixture

was stirred vigorously under a hydrogen atmosphere until the reaction was complete and then filtered. The filter was washed with methanol (2 x 25 mL). The combined filtrates were concentrated to provide 2S-amino-4-phenyl-1-(4S-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)butan-1-ol (51 mg, 0.16 mmol) as a clear oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 311 (M + 1)$. ($C_{19}H_{22}N_2O_2$).

- 5 Proceeding as in Reference 8 provided methyl 2-(2S-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate.

REFERENCE 9

2S-Amino-1-oxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol trifluoroacetic acid salt

- 10 A solution comprised of oxazole (0.25 g, 3.62 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was treated with borane tetrahydrofuran complex (3.62 mL, 3.62 mmol) under nitrogen and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then cooled to -78°C . A solution comprised of *sec*-butyl lithium (2.78 mL, 3.62 mmol) in cyclohexane was added dropwise and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. A solution comprised of *tert*-butyl (S)-1-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (0.476 g, 1.81 mmol)
15 in THF (25 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred and allowed to warm while the reaction proceeded to completion. The mixture then was cooled to -78°C , quenched by slowly adding 5% acetic acid in ethanol (20 mL), allowed to warm to ambient temperature and stirred for 18 hours. The mixture was concentrated to dryness and the residue was extracted with ether (2x25 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated
20 to dryness to provide *tert*-butyl 2-hydroxy-2-oxazol-2-yl-1S-phenethylethylcarbamate (0.125 g, 0.376 mmol) as a yellow oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 333 (M + 1)$.

- A mixture comprised of *tert*-butyl 2-hydroxy-2-oxazol-2-yl-1S-phenethylethylcarbamate (0.125 g, 0.376 mmol), anisole (0.2 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (0.6 mL) in dichloromethane (20 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and then concentrated to provide
25 2S-amino-1-oxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol trifluoroacetic acid salt (0.08 g, 0.229 mmol) as a yellow oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 233 (M + 1)$.

REFERENCE 10Methyl 2-(2S-amino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate

- A solution comprised of methyl 2-(2S-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate (0.100 g, 0.235 mmol), provided as in
- 5 Reference 10, in dichloromethane (3 mL) was cooled to 0° C and then treated with DBU (39 mL, 0.26 mmol) and bromotrichloromethane (26 mL, 0.26 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 6 hours at 0° C, washed with ammonium chloride (10 mL) and concentrated. The residue was dried (MgSO₄) to provide methyl 2-(2S-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate. MS(PCI) m/z = 425 (M +1).
- 10 Deprotecting provided methyl 2-(2S-amino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate.

REFERENCE 112-Benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1S-phenethylethylamine

- A solution of 2S-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol (600 mg), provided as in
- 15 Reference 12, in dichloromethane (15 mL) was cooled to 0°C and then treated with 2,6-lutidine (0.57 mL) followed by *tert*-butyldimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (1.08 mL). The solution was stirred for 3 hours and then additional dichloromethane was added (50 mL). The mixture was washed sequentially with a saturated sodium bi-carbonate solution (50 mL) and brine (50 mL x2), dried over magnesium sulphate and concentrated under reduced pressure to provide
- 20 2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(tert-butyl-dimethyl-silanyloxy)-1S-phenethylethylamine as an orange oil.

REFERENCE 122S-Amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol

- A solution of (S)-2-*tert*-butoxycarbonylamino-4-phenylbutyric acid (500 g, 179 mmol), EDC (37.8 g, 197 mmol), HOBT (41.1g, 269 mmol) and *N,O*-dimethylhydroxylamine
- 25 hydrochloride (19.2 g, 197 mmol) in , dichloromethane (500 mL) was cooled in an ice bath and then treated with a solution of triethylamine (27.5 mL, 197 mmol) in dichloromethane (150 mL). The ice bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stir at room temperature for

approximately 12 hours. The mixture was concentrated by rotary evaporation and the residue was treated with ethyl acetate (450 mL), water (300 mL) and saturated sodium bicarbonate until all solids were dissolved. The ethyl acetate layer was separated and washed sequentially with saturated sodium bicarbonate (100 mL), water (100 mL), 1N hydrochloric acid (100 mL), water
5 (100 mL) and brine (50 mL). The solution was dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated to provide *tert*-butyl (S)-1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (53.41 g, 93% yield) as a clear, colorless oil.

The *tert*-butyl (S)-1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate provided above was divided into three portions (5.0 g 15.5 mmol; 4.88 g, 15.1 mmol; and 4.54 g,
10 14.1 mmol). Each portion was azeotroped with toluene by rotary evaporation and dried under reduced pressure to remove residual ethyl acetate and water. Each portion of the ester was taken up into anhydrous diethyl ether (75 mL) and the mixtures were cooled in an ice bath under nitrogen. Each of the mixtures were treated with lithium aluminum hydride (1M in diethyl ether, 23.3 mL, 22.7 mL, and 21.1 mL, respectively) added by syringe and the mixtures were
15 stirred at 0°C for 90 minutes. The mixtures were treated with ethyl acetate (5 mL), stirred for 15 minutes, further treated with saturated KH_2PO_4 (5 mL), 1N hydrochloric acid (1 mL) and then additional 1N hydrochloric acid until the solid mass dissolved. The resulting solutions were combined and extracted with ethyl acetate (3x 200 mL). The extracts were dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated. The residue was dried under reduced pressure
20 to provide *tert*-butyl (S)-1-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (11.61 g, 99% yield).

A solution of *tert*-butyl (S)-1-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (11.15 g, 42.3 mmol) in dichloromethane (25 mL) was cooled in an ice bath under nitrogen and then treated sequentially with acetone cyanohydrin (10.8 mL, 119 mmol) and triethylamine (3.5 mL, 25.4 mmol). The reaction was stirred for approximately 12 hours at room temperature and then concentrated by
25 rotary evaporation. The residue was dissolved in 1:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate (250 mL) and the solution was washed sequentially with water (3x 100 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried over anhydrous magnesium sulfate and concentrated. Product was purified from the residue by silica gel chromatography using 2:1 hexanes:ethyl acetate eluent to provide *tert*-butyl
2-cyano-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamate (12.05 g, 98% yield).

30 A mixture of chloroform (12.8 mL) and absolute ethanol (9 mL, 153 mmol), under a nitrogen stream with an attached Firestone valve bubbler, was cooled in an ice bath and then treated with acetyl chloride (9.2 mL, 129 mmol) added by syringe. The mixture was allowed to

stand for 5 minutes and then a solution of *tert*-butyl
2-cyano-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamate (2.34 g, 8 mmol) in chloroform (19.2 mL) was
added. The nitrogen inlet was removed and the mixture was stirred and slowly warm to room
temperature over approximately 12 hours. The mixture then was concentrated by rotary
5 evaporation and the residue was treated with absolute ethanol (40 mL) and *o*-aminophenol
(873 mg, 8 mmol). The mixture was heated at 95°C under nitrogen for 5 hours and then stirred
at room temperature for approximately 12 hours. The mixture was treated with diethyl ether
(150 mL) and the resulting solution was washed repeatedly with 1N KOH until the aqueous
wash layer was colorless. The organic phase was separated, dried over anhydrous magnesium
10 sulfate and concentrated. The residue was recrystallized from hot hexane and a minimum
amount of ethyl acetate to give a tan powder (335 mg). The mother liquor was combined with
the mixed fractions from a similarly performed reaction run and purified by silica gel
chromatography using 5% methanol in dichloromethane to provide
2*S*-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol (1.27 g, 52% average yield) as an orange
15 semi-solid mass.

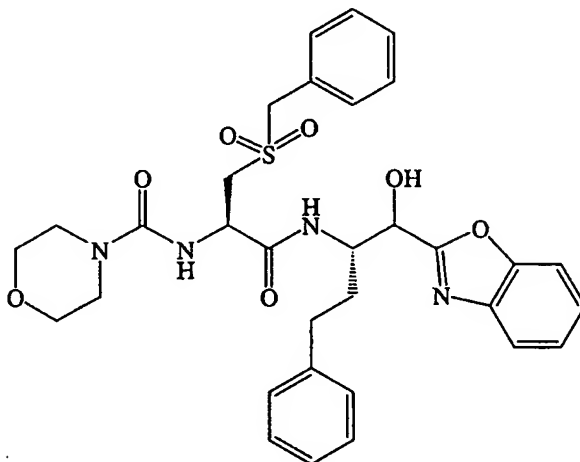
Proceeding as in Reference 12 provided the following compounds:

2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-ethanol;
2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-methyl-propan-1-ol;
(*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-hexan-1-ol;
20 1-(1-amino-cyclopropyl)-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-methanol;
(*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-propan-1-ol;
(*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-methanesulfonyl-butan-1-ol;
(*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-pentan-1-ol;
(*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-butan-1-ol; and
25 2-Amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-3-methoxy-propan-1-ol; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.70 (m, 1H),
7.53 (m, 1H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 4.88-5.0 (m, 1H), 3.60 (m, 1H), 3.53 (m, 3H), 3.37 (s, 1H), 3.30 (s,
1H);

EXAMPLE 1

N-[1*R*-(2-Benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]-morpholine-4-carboxamide
(Compound 1)

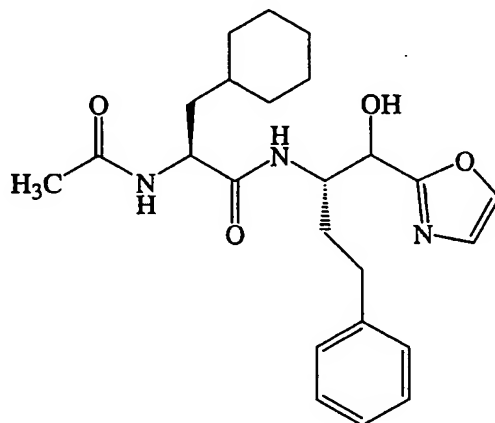
5



A mixture of 2*S*-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol (2.2 g, 7.8 mmol), provided as in Reference 12, 2-morpholin-4-ylcarbonylamino-3-benzylsulfonylpropionic acid (2.78 g, 7.8 mmol), EDC (1.64 g, 8.57 mmol), 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (1.58 g, 11.7 mmol) and *N*-methylmorpholine (2.4 mL, 17.1 mmol) in dichloromethane was stirred for 1
10 hour. The mixture was treated with additional amounts of EDC (0.1 eq) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole hydrate (0.1 eq) and stirred for 30 minutes. The mixture was treated with an additional amount of EDC (0.1 eq) and stirred for 15 minutes. The mixture was treated with an additional amount of EDC (0.1 eq) and stirred for 30 minutes. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was taken up into ethyl acetate. The mixture was washed
15 sequentially with 1*N* hydrochloric acid (3x 50 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2x 50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated to provide
N-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]-morpholine-4-carboxamide (4 g, 6.44 mmol); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.68 (m, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.45 (m, 12H), 6.0-6.25 (m, 1H), 4.95-5.1 (m, 1H), 4.52-4.80 (m, 1H),
20 4.15-4.5 (m, 3H), 3.1-3.75 (m, 10H), 2.69 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H); MS: *m/e* 621.0;

EXAMPLE 2

2S-Acetylamino-N-(2-oxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide
(Compound 2)



- A mixture comprised of 2-acetylamino-3-cyclohexylpropionic acid (0.45 g, 0.211 mmol),
 5 PyBOP® (0.11 g, 0.21 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (0.037 g, 0.211 mmol) in DMF (10 mL)
 was stirred for 15 minutes at room temperature and a solution comprised of 2S-amino-
 1-oxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol trifluoroacetic acid salt, provided as in Reference 9, in DMF
 and neutralized with diisopropylethylamine was added. Additional diisopropylethylamine
 (0.037 g, 0.211 mmol) was added and the mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature
 10 and then poured into 100 mL of ice cold water. The aqueous phase was extracted with ethyl
 acetate (3 x 25 mL) and the combined organic layers were washed sequentially with 1 N
 hydrochloric acid (2 x 25 mL), water (2 x 25 mL) and brine (2 x 25 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and
 concentrated. Product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 1:3
 hexanes/ethyl acetate to provide 2S-acetylamino-N-(2-oxazol-2-yl-
 15 2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (0.036 g, 0.084 mmol) as an oil. MS
 (ESI) m/z = 428 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CD₃OD): δ 0.80 (m, 2H), δ 1.12 (m, 4H),
 δ 1.40(m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 1.80 (m, 1H), δ 2.00 (m, 4H), δ 2.70 (m, 1H), δ 2.80 (m, 1H),
 δ 4.44 (m, 1H), δ 4.51 (m, 1H), δ 7.11 - 7.47 (m, 6H), δ 7.99 (s, 1H), (C₂₄H₃₃N₃O₄).

Proceeding as in Example 2 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

- 20 3-cyclohexyl-N-(2-hydroxy-2-(5-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-1S-phenethylethyl)propionamide
 (Compound 3); MS (ESI) m/z = 448 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.89 (m, 2H),

δ 1.20 (m, 4H), δ 1.45 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 1.80 (m, 1H), δ 2.09 (m, 4H), δ 2.73 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.51 (m, 1H), δ 4.96 (m, 2H), δ 6.00 (m, 1H), δ 7.11 - 7.47 (m, 9H), δ 7.60 (m, 2H), ($C_{28}H_{35}N_2O_3$);

2S-acetylamino-N-[2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl-2-(5-phenyloxazol-2-yl)ethyl]-

- 5 3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 4); MS (ESI) $m/z = 505 (M + 1)$; 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.80 (m, 2H), δ 1.12 (m, 4H), δ 1.40 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 1.80 (m, 1H), δ 2.00 (m, 5H), δ 2.70 (m, 2H), δ 4.51 (m, 1H), δ 4.96 (m, 2H), δ 6.19 (m, 1H), δ 6.98 (m, 1H), δ 7.11 - 7.47 (m, 9H), δ 7.62 (m, 2H), ($C_{30}H_{38}N_3O_4$); and

N-(1S-benzothiazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide

- 10 (Compound 5); 1H NMR: δ 0.83 (m, 2H), δ 1.20 (m, 5H), δ 1.48 (q, 2H, $J = 9$ Hz), δ 1.67 (m, 4H), δ 2.20 (m, 3H), δ 2.48 (m, 1H), δ 2.75 (m, 2H), δ 5.95 (m, 1H), δ 6.35 (d, 1H, $J = 9$ Hz), δ 7.25 (m, 5H), δ 7.57 (m, 2H), δ 7.93 (d, 1H, $J = 9$ Hz), δ 8.18 (d, 1H, $J = 9$ Hz); ES-MS m/z 435 (MH⁺); and

2S-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzothiazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-

- 15 3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 6); 1H NMR: δ 0.87 (m, 8H), δ 1.22 (m, 6H), δ 1.92 (m, 1H), δ 2.12 (m, 1H), δ 2.48 (m, 1H), δ 2.78 (m, 2H), δ 3.87 (d, 1H, $J = 7$ Hz), δ 5.62 (m, 1H), δ 7.20 (m, 6H), δ 7.53 (m, 2H), δ 7.98 (d, 1H, $J = 7$ Hz), δ 8.18 (d, 1H, $J = 7$ Hz); ES-MS m/z 492 (MH⁺).

N-[1S-(1S-phenethyl-2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1-oxoethyl)carbonyl]-

- 20 2-naphth-2-ylethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 7), 1H NMR ($DMSO-d_6$): δ 1.32 - 1.76 (m, 4H), δ 1.90 - 2.09 (m, 2H), δ 2.22 - 2.60 (m, 2H), δ 2.65 - 3.26 (m, 6H), δ 4.72 - 4.86 (m, 1H), δ 5.26 (m, 1H), δ 7.06 - 7.31 (m, 5H), δ 7.45 (m, 4H), δ 7.55 (dt, $J = 1.26, 7.84$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.65 (dt, $J = 1.18, 8.00$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.72 - 7.88 (m, 3H), δ 7.90 (d, $J = 8.06$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.99 (d, $J = 7.86$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.14 (bs, 1H), δ 8.24 (d, $J = 8.04$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.46 (bs, 1H), δ 8.94 (d, $J = 6.43$ Hz, 1H);

2S-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-

- 30 3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 8); MS (ESI) $m/z = 476 (M + 1)$; 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.85 (m, 2H), δ 1.26 (m, 4H), δ 1.47 (m, 2H), δ 1.64 (m, 6H), δ 1.99 (s, 3H), δ 2.15 (m, 2H), δ 2.41 (m, 1H), δ 2.72 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.59 (q, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 5.65 (q, $J = 2$ Hz, 1H), δ 6.26 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.10 - 7.26 (m, 6H), δ 7.41 - 7.65 (m, 3H), δ 7.86 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), ($C_{28}H_{33}N_3O_4$);

tert-butyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)carbonyl)-

2-cyclohexylethylcarbamate (Compound 9);

N-[1-(benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide
(Compound 10);

3-cyclohexyl-N-[3S-phenyl-1-(5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propyl]propionamide
5 (Compound 11); MS (ESI) $m/z = 445 (M + 1)$; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.89 (m, 2H),
 δ 1.20 (m, 4H), δ 1.55 (m, 2H), δ 1.68 (m, 6H), δ 2.12 (m, 1H), δ 2.27 (t, $J = 4\text{ Hz}$, 2H), δ 2.48
(m, 1H), δ 2.76 (m, 2H), δ 5.70 (m, 1H), δ 6.35 (d, $J = 4\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 7.19 - 7.30 (m, 5H), δ 7.48
(m, 3H), δ 7.57 (s, 1H), δ 7.79 (d, $J = 4\text{ Hz}$, 2H), ($\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$);

2S-acetylamino-N-[1S-(5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-
10 3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 12); MS (ESI) $m/z = 502 (M + 1)$; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz,
 CDCl_3): δ 0.80 (m, 2H), δ 1.12 (m, 4H), δ 1.50 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 1.80 (m, 1H), δ 2.05
(s, 3H), δ 2.12 (m, 1H), δ 2.48 (m, 1H), δ 2.70 (t, $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 2H), δ 4.52 (q, $J = 2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 5.60
(q, $J = 2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 5.98 (d, $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 6.92 (d, $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 7.19 - 7.30 (m, 5H), δ 7.48
(m, 3H), δ 7.57 (s, 1H), δ 7.79 (d, $J = 4\text{ Hz}$, 2H), ($\text{C}_{30}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$);

15 benzyl 1S-(benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylmethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate
(Compound 13);

benzyl 1S-(5-phenylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylmethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate
(Compound 14);

2S-acetylamino-N-(1S-oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide
20 (Compound 15); MS (ESI) $m/z = 426 (M + 1)$; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.85 (m, 2H),
 δ 1.20 (m, 4H), δ 1.50 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.05 (s, 3H), δ 2.48 (m, 1H), δ 2.70 (t,
 $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 2H), δ 4.52 (q, $J = 2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 5.60 (q, $J = 2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 5.93 (d, $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 6.89
(d, $J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 7.19 - 7.38 (m, 5H), δ 7.47 (s, 1H), δ 7.79 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{31}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$);

benzyl 1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (Compound 16);
25 2-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-phenylpropionamide
(Compound 17);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)benzylsulfonamide (Compound 18); ^1H
NMR (CDCl_3): 7.88 (d, $J=6.2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.67 (d, $J=6.2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.60 (t, $J=6.2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.51 (t,
 $J=6.2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.35 (d, $J=6.2\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 7.08-7.29 (m, 7H), 6.96 (t, $J=6.2\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 5.52 (d, $JK=9.4$
30 Hz, 1H), 4.90 (td, $J=9.4, 3.1\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.31 (dd, $J=10.9, 10.9\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 2.80 (m, 1H), 2.27 (m, 1H),
2.04 (m, 1H); MS: $m/e=435.0$;

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-2-cyclohexylethanesulfonamide

(Compound 19); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.94 (d, J=6.3Hz, 1H), 7.70 (d, J=6.3Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J=6.3Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J=6.3Hz, 1H), 7.17-7.34 (m, 5H), 5.42 (d, J=9.5Hz, 1H), 5.17-5.25 (m, 1H), 2.79-3.09 (m, 4H), 2.38-2.55 (m, 1H), 2.08-2.21 (m, 1H), 1.52-1.79 (m, 7H), 1.08-1.34 (m, 4H), .77-1.01 (m, 2H); MS m/e=455.1;

5 N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclopentylpropionamide

(Compound 20);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-2-cyclohexylacetamide

(Compound 21);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-2-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylacetamide

10 (Compound 22);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-4-methylpentanamide (Compound 23);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-2-naphthalen-1-ylacetamide

(Compound 24); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.96 (m, 1H), 7.84 (m, 2H), 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.42-7.75 (m, 6H), 7.14 (m, 4H), 6.86 (m, 2H), 6.25 (m, 1H), 5.64 (m, 2H), 4.08 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.42

15 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H);

N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-phenylpropionamide (Compound 25);

¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.90 (d, J=8.0Hz, 1H), 7.65 (d, J=8.0Hz, 1H), 7.59 (m, 1H), 7.56 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.35 (m, 11H), 6.20 (d, J=7.0Hz, 1H), 5.76 (m, 1H), 2.97 (m, 2H), 2.5-2.7 (m, 4H), 2.4 (m, 1H), 2.1 (m, 1H);

20 methyl 2-[2-(3S-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-4-phenylbutyryl]-

4,5-dihydrooxazole-4S-carboxylate (Compound 26); MS (ESI) m/z = 429 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.89 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.05 (m, 1H), δ 2.20 (t, J = 4 Hz, 2H), δ 2.46 (m, 1H), δ 2.73 (m, 2H), δ 3.80 (s, 3H), δ 4.55 (m, 1H), δ 4.60 (m, 1H), δ 5.00 (m, 1H), δ 5.45 (m, 1H), δ 6.15 (m, 1H), δ 7.13 - 7.35 (m, 5H),

25 (C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₅);

methyl 2-[2-(3S-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-4-phenylbutyryl]oxazole-4-carboxylate

(Compound 27); MS (ESI) m/z = 427 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.89 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.49 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.20 (m, 3H), δ 2.46 (m, 1H), δ 2.74 (m, 2H), δ 3.99 (s, 3H), δ 5.62 (m, 1H), δ 6.20 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H), δ 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 8.40 (s, 1H),

30 (C₂₄H₃₀N₂O₅);

benzyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-

3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-naphthalen-2-ylethylcarbamate (Compound 28);

2-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-
3-(2-fluorophenyl)propionamide (Compound 29);

2S-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-2-methyl-
3-phenylpropionamide (Compound 30);

5 tert-butyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
3-phenylpropylcarbamate (Compound 31);

N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl)-4-cyclohexylbutyramide
 (Compound 32); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.94 (d, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 7.68 (d, 7.9Hz, 1H), 7.58
 (t, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 7.50 (t, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 7.10-7.32 (m, 5H), 6.27 (d, J=11.8Hz, 1H), 5.76-5.89 (m,
 10 1H), 2.74-2.89 (m, 2H), 2.42-2.61 (m, 1H), 2.11-2.32 (m, 3H), 1.53-1.79 (m, 9H), 1.05-1.32 (m,
 4H), 0.79-1.0 (m, 2H); MS: m/e=433;

methyl 2-[2S-(3-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-4-phenylbutyryl]-
4,5-dihydrooxazol-4S-ylcarboxylate (Compound 33); MS (ESI) m/z = 429 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR
 (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.89 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.05 (m,
 15 1H), δ 2.20 (t, J = 4 Hz, 2H), δ 2.46 (m, 1H), δ 2.73 (m, 2H), δ 3.80 (s, 3H), δ 4.58 (m, 2H),
 δ 5.00 (m, 1H), δ 5.45 (m, 1H), δ 6.15 (m, 1H), δ 7.13 - 7.35 (m, 5H), (C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₅);

3-cyclohexyl-N-[1-(5-methoxybenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]propionamide
 (Compound 34); MS (ESI) m/z = 449 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 2H),
 δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.15 (m, 1H), δ 2.20 (t, J = 4 Hz, 2H), δ 2.50
 20 (m, 1H), δ 2.77 (q, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 3.92 (s, 3H), δ 5.78 (m, 1H), δ 6.37 (m, 1H), δ 7.13 - 7.35
 (m, 5H), δ 7.53 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), (C₂₇H₃₂N₂O₄);

2-acetyl-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-
3-phenylpropyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroisoquinoline-3S-carboxamide (Compound 35);

2S-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-
 25 3-(2-chlorophenyl)propionamide (Compound 36);

3-cyclohexyl-N-[1S-(6-methoxybenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]propionamide
 (Compound 37); MS (ESI) m/z = 449 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 2H),
 δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.15 (m, 1H), δ 2.20 (t, J = 4 Hz, 2H), δ 2.50
 (m, 1H), δ 2.77 (q, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 3.95 (s, 3H), δ 5.78 (m, 1H), δ 6.37 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H),
 30 δ 7.10 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.77 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), (C₂₇H₃₂N₂O₄);

3-cyclohexyl-N-[1S-(5-trifluoromethylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-
3-phenylpropyl]propionamide (Compound 38); MS (ESI) m/z = 487 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300

MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.20 (m, 3H), δ 2.51 (m, 1H), δ 2.80 (q, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.76 (m, 1H), δ 6.22 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.77 (m, 2H), δ 8.25 (s, 1H), (C₂₇H₂₉F₃N₂O₃);

2-acetyl-amino-N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-

- 5 3-(2-trifluoromethylphenyl)propionamide (Compound 39);

N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-morpholin-4-ylpropionamide

(Compound 40); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.90 (m, 1H), 7.76 (m, 1H), 7.06-7.36 (m, 7H), 4.00 (m, 1H), 3.12 (m, 4H), 2.50-3.5 (m, 2H), 2.0-2.5 (m, 2H), 1.83 (m, 4H); MS: m/e=421.9;

3-cyclohexyl-N-[1S-(5-nitrobenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]propionamide

- 10 (Compound 41); MS (ESI) m/z = 464 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.20 (m, 3H), δ 2.51 (m, 1H), δ 2.80 (m, 2H), δ 5.67 (m, 1H), δ 6.17 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.77 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 8.50 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 8.77 (s, 1H), (C₂₆H₂₉N₃O₅);

methyl 2-[2S-(3-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-4-phenylbutyryl]benzooxazole-6-carboxylate

- 15 (Compound 42); MS (ESI) m/z = 477 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.23 (m, 3H), δ 2.50 (m, 1H), δ 2.77 (m, 2H), δ 4.00 (s, 3H), δ 5.78 (m, 1H), δ 6.27 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), 7.15 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 8.22 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 8.39 (s, 1H), (C₂₈H₃₂N₂O₅);

N-[1S-(5-chlorobenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide

- 20 (Compound 43); MS (ESI) m/z = 453 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.53 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 5H), δ 2.20 (m, 3H), δ 2.50 (m, 1H), δ 2.77 (m, 2H), δ 5.74 (m, 1H), δ 6.20 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.60 (m, 2H), δ 7.90 (s, 1H), (C₂₆H₂₉ClN₂O₃);

benzyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)sulfamoylmethyl)-

- 25 3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 44); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.92 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.64 (m, 1H), 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.50 (m, 1H), 7.21-7.34 (m, 10H), 6.30 (d, J=9.2Hz, 1H), 5.34 (m, 1H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 4.91 (d, J=9.6Hz, 1H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 3.11 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.20 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.5 (m, 1H), 1.23-1.46 (m, 1H), 0.92 (t, J=7.4Hz, 3H); MS: m/e=578.1;

N-[1S-[1S-(benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl]sulfamoylmethyl]-

- 30 3-methylbutylacetamide (Compound 45); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.89 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.30 (m, 5H), 6.7 (d, J=8.9Hz, 1H), 5.61 (d, J=9.4Hz, 1H), 5.34 (m, 1H), 4.86 (m, 1H), 3.06 (m, 2H), 2.90 (t, J=7.7Hz, 2H), 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.22 (m, 1H),

2.04 (s, 3H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.38 (m, 1H), 0.91 (t, J=6.2Hz, 6H); MS: m/e=486.1;

benzyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylsulfamoylmethyl)-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 46) ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.58 (m, 1H), 7.5 (m, 1H), 7.75-7.4 (m, 10H), 5.85 (m, 1H), 5.0-5.4 (m, 3H), 4.2 (m, 1H), 3.15-3.35

5 (m, 2H), 2.65-2.85 (m, 2H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 1.9 (m, 1H), 1.4-1.7 (m, 3H), 0.9 (m, 6H); MS: m/e=578.1; and

N-[1-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylsulfamoylmethyl)-

3-methylbutylacetamide (Compound 47) ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.9 (m, 1H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.61 (m, 1H), 7.60 (m, 1H), 7.18-7.30 (m, 5H), 6.0 (m, 1H), 5.85 (m, 1H), 5.28 (m, 1H), 4.50 (m,

10 1H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 2.85 (m, 1H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 1.8-2.2 (m, 2H), 1.95 (s, 3H), 1.35-1.70 (m, 2H), 0.9 (m, 6H); MS: m/e=486.0.

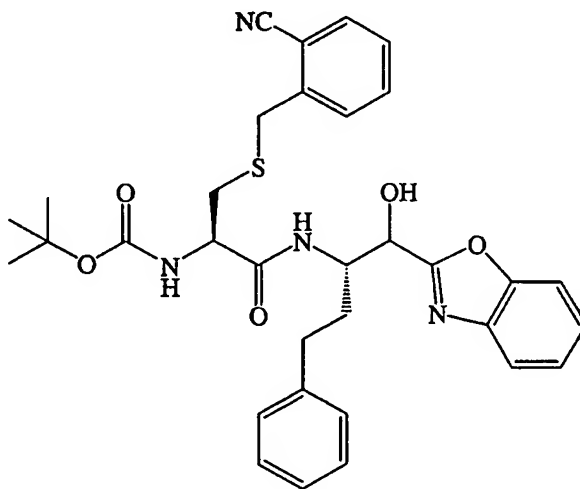
EXAMPLE 3

tert-Butyl 1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-

2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethylcarbamate

(Compound 48)

15



A solution of 2R-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)propionic acid (336 mg), 2S-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol (282mg), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (211 mg) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (197 mg) in
 20 dichloromethane (20 mL) was treated with N-methylmorpholine (2.2 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred 0.5 hour and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was dissolved in ethyl

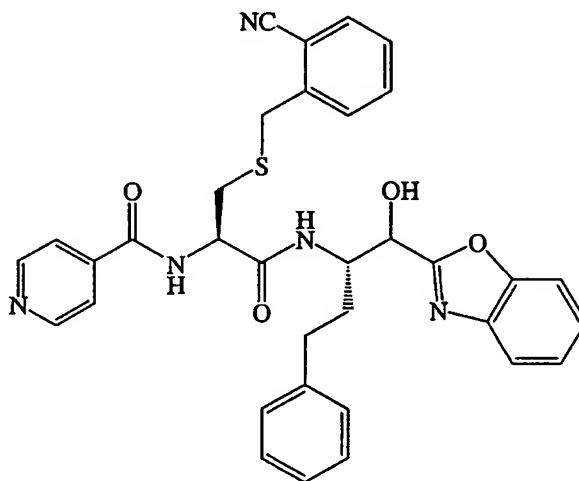
acetate (40 mL) and the solution was washed sequentially with water (20 mL), 1N hydrochloric acid (30 mL), a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (30 mL) and then brine (30mL), dried over magnesium sulfate and concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with diethyl ether to provide tert-butyl

- 5 1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethylcarbamate as an off white solid. MS: 601 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 3 provided tert-butyl 1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-
1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfanylethylcarbamate (Compound 49), MS: 576 [MH]⁺.

EXAMPLE 4

- 10 N-[1R-(2-Benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide
 (Compound 50)



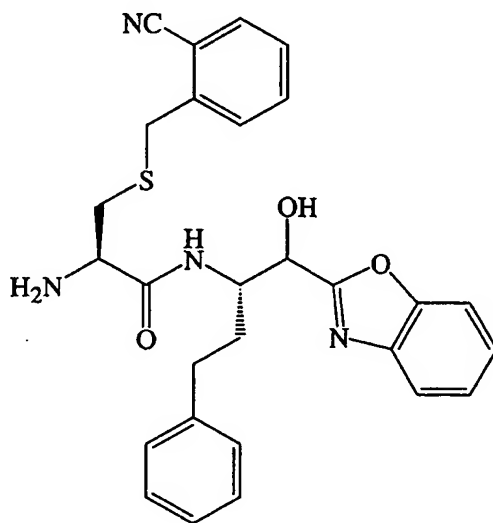
- A solution of 3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)-2R-(pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl)aminopropionic acid
 15 (425 mg), provided as in Reference 2, 2S-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol
 (356 mg) and HATU (356 mg) in dimethylformamide (40 mL) was treated with
 diisopropylamine (0.239 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 16 hours at room
 temperature then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and
 the solution was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, dried over magnesium

sulfate and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with ethyl acetate to provide *N*-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide (216 mg) as a gum. MS: 606 [MH]⁺. HPLC: R_T = 13.20 minutes.

- 5 Proceeding as in Example 4 provided 9*H*-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamate (Compound 51);
9*H*-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 1*S*-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamate (Compound 52), MS: 772 [MH]⁺.

EXAMPLE 5

- 10 2*R*-Amino-*N*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethyl)-3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)-propionamide hydrochloride
 (Compound 53)



- A solution *tert*-butyl 1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethylcarbamate (145 mg), provided as in Example 3, in dioxane (20 mL) was treated with hydrogen chloride, bubbling the gas through the solution for 30 minutes. The reaction mixture was concentrated by evaporation and the residue was triturated with diethyl ether to provide 2*R*-amino-*N*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethyl)-3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)propionamide hydrochloride (117 mg) as an off-white solid. MS: 537

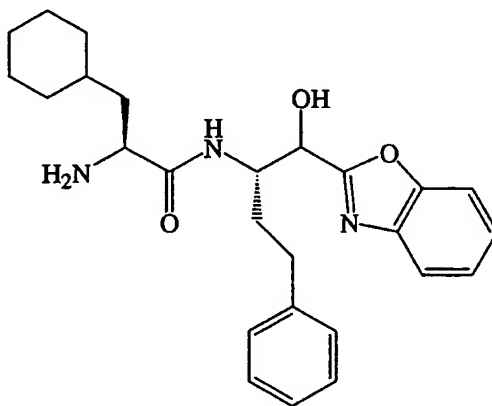
[MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 5 provided 2R-amino-N-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl]-3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide hydrochloride (Compound 54), MS: 508 [MH]⁺.

5

EXAMPLE 6

2S-Amino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide
(Compound 55)

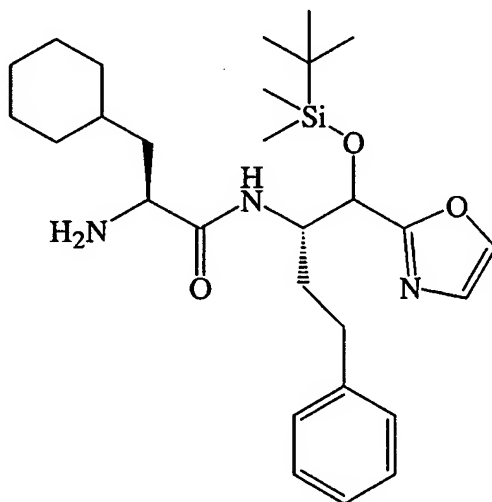


A solution of 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-
10 1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamate (165 mg), provided as in Example 4,
in dichloromethane (30 mL) was treated with tris(2-aminoethyl)amine bound to polystyrene
beads (4.48 g). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 48 hours and then filtered.
The resin was washed four times with dichloromethane (20 mL) and the combined filtrates
were concentrated under reduced pressure to provide 2S-amino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-
15 2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (147 mg) as a colourless oil.

EXAMPLE 7**2S-Amino-N-[2-benzoxazol-2-yl-2-(tert-butyl)dimethylsilanyloxy]-1S-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide**

(Compound 56), a protected compound of Formula I

5



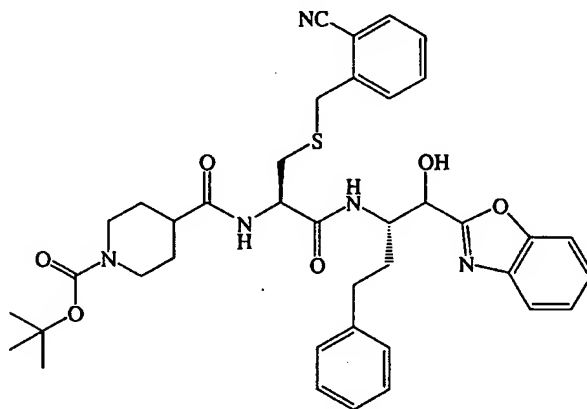
A solution of 9H-fluoren-9-ylmethyl 1S-[2-benzoxazol-2-yl-2-(tert-butyl)dimethylsilanyloxy]-1S-phenethylethylcarbamate (1.48 g), provided as in Example 4, in dichloromethane (50 mL) was treated with tris-(2-aminoethyl)amine (14.4 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 75 minutes and then additional dichloromethane was added (50 mL). The mixture was washed sequentially with brine (50 mL x4) and a pH 5.3 buffer (50 mL x3), dried over magnesium sulphate and concentrated to provide 2S-amino-N-[2-benzoxazol-2-yl-2-(tert-butyl)dimethylsilanyloxy]-1S-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide as an orange oil.

10

EXAMPLE 8

tert-Butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethylcarbamoylpiperidine-1-carboxylate
 (Compound 57)

5



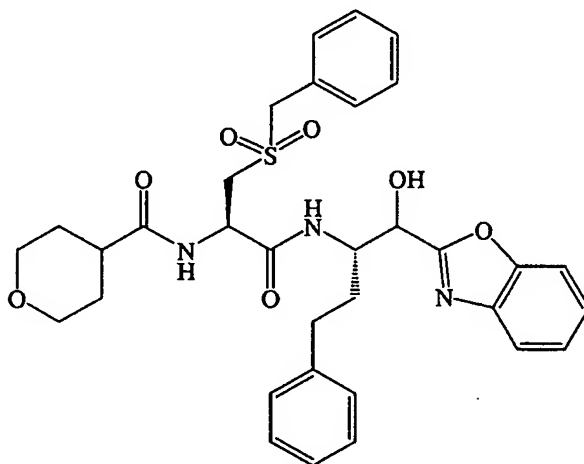
A solution of 2*R*-amino-*N*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethyl)-3-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)propionamide hydrochloride (170 mg), provided as in Example 5, in dimethylformamide (7 mL) was treated with 1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid tetrafluorophenyl ester *tert*-butyl ester on resin (excess), prepared according to the procedure described in International Patent Application No. WO99/67228, and triethylamine (0.053mL). The suspension was agitated for 16 hours, then filtered, and the filtrate was washed with dimethylformamide and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with ethyl acetate to give *tert*-butyl
4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfanyl)ethylcarbamoylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (95mg) as a gum.
 MS: 712 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 8 provided benzyl 4-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-
1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamoylpiperidine-1-carboxylate
 (Compound 58), MS: 681 [M]⁺.

EXAMPLE 9**N-[1R-(2-Benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]-tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide**

(Compound 59)

5



A mixture of 2R-amino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide hydrochloride (0.3 g), prepared as in Example 5, tetrahydropyran-4-carboxylic acid (0.072 g), 1-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-3-ethylcarbodiimide hydrochloride (0.116 g) and 1-hydroxybenzotriazole (0.112 g) in dichloromethane (20 mL) was treated with 4-N-methylmorpholine (0.12 mL). After stirring at room temperature for 4 hours the reaction mixture was left to stand 16 hours and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was treated with dichloromethane (50 mL) and the mixture was washed sequentially with 1N hydrochloric acid solution (5 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5 mL) and brine (5 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with ethylacetate to provide N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]-tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (66 mg) as a cream solid. MS: 618 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 9 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]-nicotinamide (Compound 60), MS: 613 [MH]⁺;

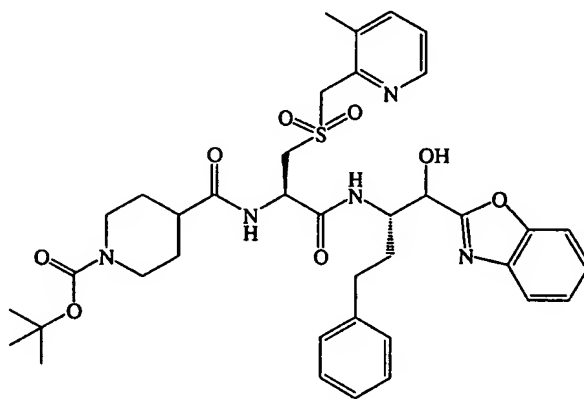
N-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonyl-ethyl]pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Compound 61), MS: 614 [MH]⁺;

4-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 62); and

5 *N*-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]-isonicotinamide (Compound 63).

EXAMPLE 10

tert-Butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-(3-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
10 (Compound 64)



A solution of 2*R*-amino-*N*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethyl)-3-(3-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)propionamide (178 mg), HATU (137 mg) and 1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperidine-4-carboxylic acid (69 mg) in dimethylformamide (10 mL) was
15 treated with *N,N*-diisopropylethylamine (0.174 mL). The reaction mixture was stirred for 9 hours and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate and the solution was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with ethyl acetate to provide *tert*-butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-(3-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (81 mg). MS: 734 [MH]⁺.
20

Proceeding as in Example 10 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

tetrahydropyran-4-yl 1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfanylethylcarbamate (Compound 65);

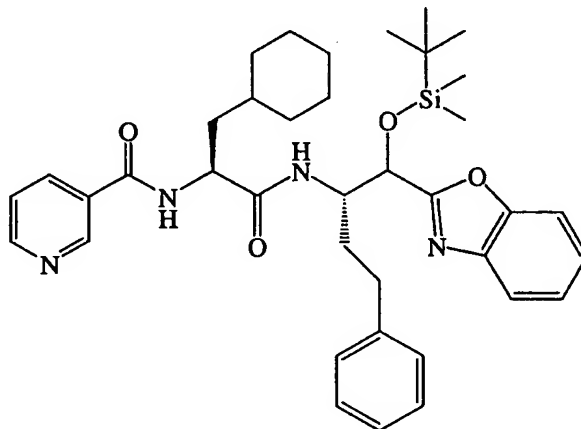
N-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-

5 2-cyclohexylethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (Compound 66), MS: 548 [M]⁺; and

N-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]-6-hydroxynicotinamide (Compound 67).

EXAMPLE 11

10 *N*-[2-Benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexyl-2*S*-(3-pyrid-3-ylureido)propionamide
(Compound 68), a protected compound of Formula I



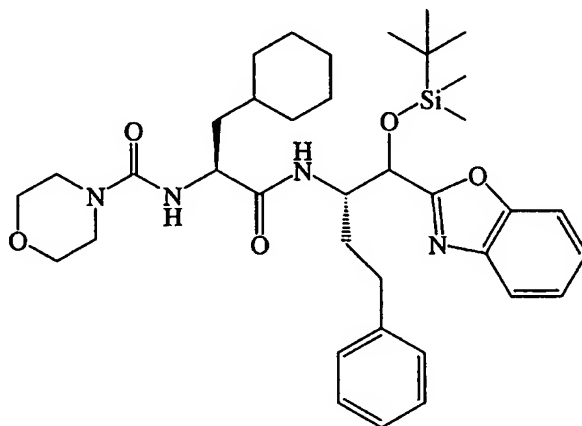
A solution of 2*S*-amino-*N*-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (200.1 mg), provided as in Example 7, in
15 dichloromethane (10 mL) was treated with 3-pyridyl isocyanate (48 mg). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 16 hours and the solvent evaporated under reduced pressure. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with a mixture of pentane and ethylacetate (2:1, v/v) to provide *N*-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexyl-2*S*-(3-pyrid-3-ylureido)propionamide
20 (172 mg) as a colorless oil.

EXAMPLE 12

N-{1*S*-[2-Benzooxazol-2-yl]-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl}morpholine-4-carboxamide

(Compound 69), a protected compound of Formula I

5

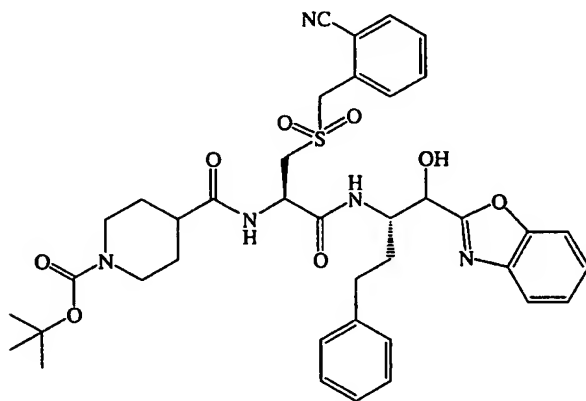


A solution of 2*S*-amino-*N*-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl]-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (200 mg), provided as in Example 7, in dichloromethane (8 mL) was treated with 4-morpholinecarbonyl chloride (0.094 mL) and triethylamine (0.112 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 hours. The solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica eluting with a mixture of pentane and ethylacetate (2:1, v/v) to provide *N*-{1*S*-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl]-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl}morpholine-4-carboxamide (143 mg) as a white solid. MH^+ 663.

EXAMPLE 13

tert-butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-
2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoylpiperidine-1-carboxylate
 (Compound 70)

5



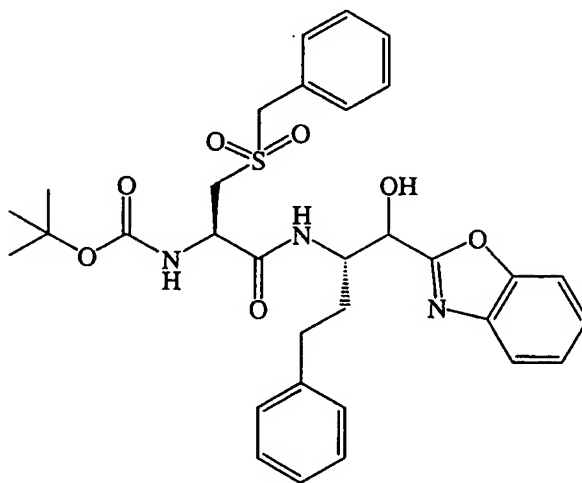
A solution of *tert*-butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoylpiperidine-1-carboxylate (95 mg), provided as in Example 8, in methanol (8 mL) was treated with a solution of OXONE® (246 mg) in water (8 mL). After stirring at room temperature for 10 hours the methanol was
 10 distilled under reduced pressure and the remaining aqueous phase was extracted four times with ethyl acetate (20mL). The combined extracts were dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with ethyl acetate to give the *tert*-butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoylpiperidine-1-carboxylate
 15 (35 mg) as a gum. MS: 744 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 13 provided *N*-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylisonicotinamide (Compound 71),
 HPLC: R_T = 12.89 minutes.

EXAMPLE 14

tert-Butyl 1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate
 (Compound 72)

5

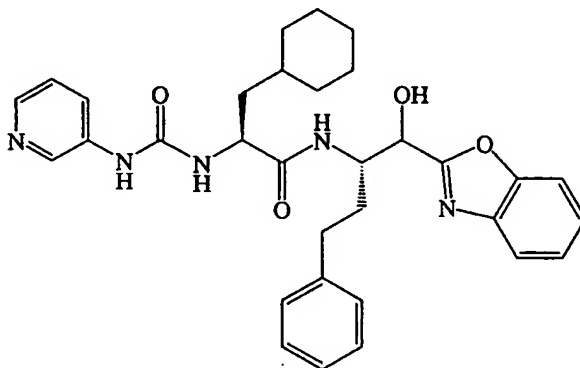


A solution of *tert*-butyl 1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (3.62 g), provided as in Example 3, in dichloromethane (174 mL) was treated with *meta*-chloroperbenzoic acid (6.9 g). After stirring at room temperature for 5 hours the reaction mixture was diluted with dichloromethane (100 mL), washed sequentially with a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (100 mL) and brine (100 mL), dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with a mixture of pentane and ethylecetate (1:1, v/v) to provide *tert*-butyl 1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (0.95 g) as a yellow solid. MS: 608 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 14 provided *N*-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-pyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Compound 73).

EXAMPLE 15

N-(2-Benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclohexyl-2*S*-(3-pyrid-3-ylureido)propionamide (Compound 74)



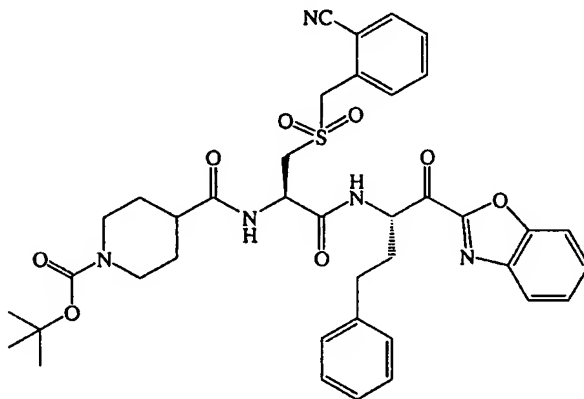
- 5 A solution of *N*-[2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilanyloxy)-1*S*-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexyl-2*S*-(3-pyrid-3-ylureido)propionamide (172 mg) in tetrahydrofuran (5 mL), provided as in Example 11, under an inert atmosphere at room temperature was treated with a solution of tetrabutylammoniumfluoride in 1M tetrahydrofuran (0.4 mL). After stirring at room temperature for 90 minutes, the solvent was distilled under reduced pressure. The residue was
- 10 subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with a mixture of ethylacetate and pentane (5:1, v/v) to provide *N*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclohexyl-2*S*-(3-pyrid-3-ylureido)propionamide (108 mg) as a white solid.

Proceeding as in Example 15 provided *N*-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 75).

EXAMPLE 16

tert-Butyl 4-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyano-
benzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
 (Compound 76)

5



A solution *tert*-butyl 4-[1*R*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (35 mg, prepared as in Example 13, in dichloromethane (10 mL) was treated with Dess-Martin reagent (60 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 5 hours, then
 10 washed with sodium thiosulfate in saturated sodium bi-carbonate solution, dried over magnesium sulfate and then concentrated by evaporation. The residue was subjected to flash column chromatography on silica eluting with a mixture of ethyl acetate and pentane (1:1, v/v) to give *tert*-butyl 4-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (26 mg) as a gum. MS: 742
 15 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 16 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (Compound 77), m.p. 178-180°C, MS: 618 [MH]⁺;
 20 *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]nicotinamide (Compound 78), m.p. 193-195°C, MS: 611 [MH]⁺;
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Compound 79), m.p. 194-196°C. MS: 612

[MH]⁺;

tert-butyl 4-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 80);

- tert-butyl 4-[1S-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(6-methylpyrid-2-yl)methylsulfonyl]ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 81),

MS: 732 [MH]⁺, HPLC: R_T = 15.18 minutes;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide (Compound 82), m.p. 204-206°C, MS: 636

[MH]⁺;

- 10 tetrahydropyran-4-yl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (Compound 83), m.p. 93°C (with decomposition), MS: 634

[MH]⁺;

benzyl 4-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 84), MS: 677 [M]⁺;

- 15 N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclohexyl-2S-(3-pyrid-3-ylureido)propionamide (Compound 85), MS: 554 [M]⁺;

N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 86), MS: 547 [MH]⁺;

- N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]isonicotinamide (Compound 87), MS: 537 [M]⁺;

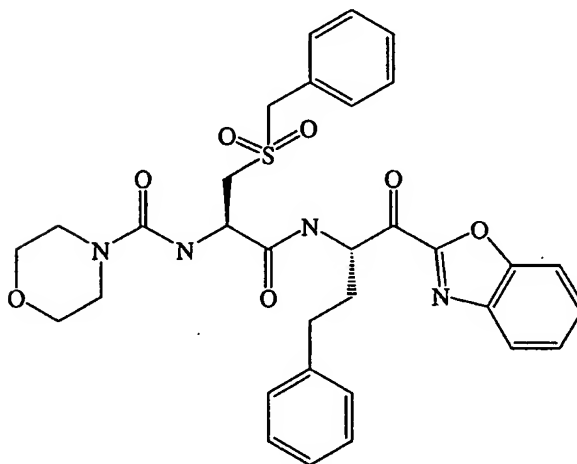
N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (Compound 88), MS: 546 [M]⁺; and

N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]-6-hydroxynicotinamide (Compound 89), MS: 555 [M]⁺.

EXAMPLE 17

N-[1*R*-(1*S*-Benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-
2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide
 (Compound 90)

5



A mixture of *N*-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (7.2 g, 11.6 mmol), prepared as in Example 1, and Dess-Martin periodinane (9.87 g, 23.3 mmol) in dichloromethane (57 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour and then diluted with a solution of 0.26 M sodium

10 thiosulfate in saturated sodium bicarbonate. The dilution was extracted with ethyl acetate and the extract was filtered. The filtrate was concentrated to provide *N*-[1*S*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (2.33 g) as an orange/tan oil. The solids collected from the filtration were taken up into dichloromethane (700 mL) and the mixture was

15 washed sequentially with water and saturated sodium bicarbonate solution, dried and concentrated to provide *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (4.2 g) as a white powder. ¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) 8.024 (d, *J*=6.68Hz, 1H), 7.9787 (d, *J*=7.92Hz, 1H), 7.8857 (d, *J*=8.16Hz, 1H), 7.6471 (td, *J*=8.41, 0.99 Hz, 1H), 7.5455 (td, *J*=8.16, 1.24Hz, 1H), 7.3806 (s, 5H), 7.2479 (m, 5H), 7.1210

20 (d, *J*=4.53Hz), 1H, 5.2578 (m, 1H), 4.7395 (m, 1H), 4.5059 (s, 2H), 3.5342 (m, 4H), 3.4082 (m, 2H), 3.30 (m, 4H (+water)), 2.6963 (m, 2H), 2.2768 (m, 1H), 2.0497 (m, 1H). MS (*M*⁺) 619.2.

Proceeding as in Example 17 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-1,1-dimethyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl]-

2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 91); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 9.26 (s, 1H), 7.79 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.73 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.56 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.36-
5 7.25 (m, 5H), 6.70 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 4.67 (m, 1H), 4.39 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 4.32 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 3.49-3.00 (m, 10H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.51 (s, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 543;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-yl)carbonylpentylcarbamoyl]-

2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 92); ¹H
10 NMR: (DMSO) 8.66 (d, J=6.6Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.02 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 5.24 (m, 1H), 4.76 (m, 1H), 4.39 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 4.27 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 3.63-3.20 (m, 10H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.84 (t, J=6.7Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 590; and

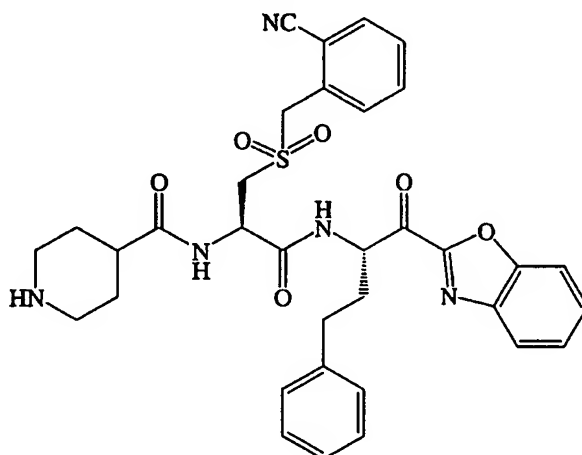
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-yl)carbonylpentylcarbamoyl]-

2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylethyl)isonicotinamide (Compound 93); ¹H NMR:
15 (DMSO) 9.23 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 8.87 (d, J=7Hz, 1H), 8.71 (m, 2H), 7.98 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.70 (m, 2H), 7.62 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 5.28 (m, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.44 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 4.37 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 3.80-3.52 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.82 (t, J=6.7Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 582.

EXAMPLE 18

N-[1*R*-(1*S*-Benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide
(Compound 94)

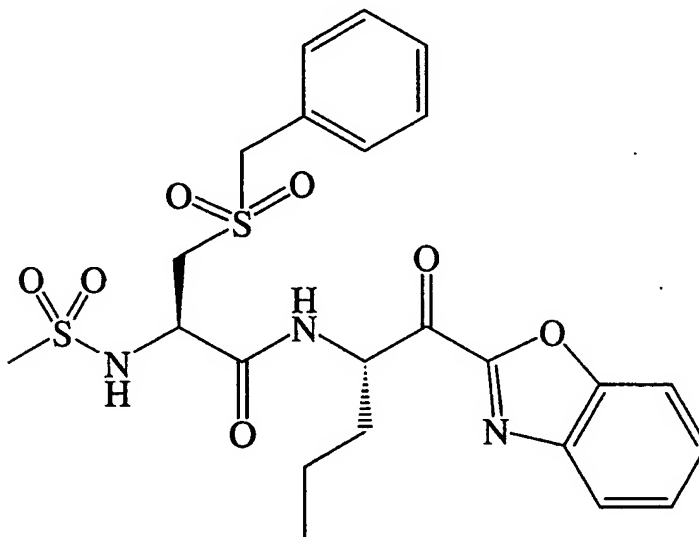
5



A solution of *tert*-butyl 4-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (26 mg), provided as in Example 16, in ethyl acetate (10 mL) was treated with hydrogen chloride, bubbling the gas through the solution for 3 minutes. A white solid formed which was filtered and dried under reduced pressure to provide *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (19 mg) as a solid, m.p. = 155-157°C. MS: 678 [MH]⁺.

Proceeding as in Example 18 provided *N*-[1*S*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide hydrochloride (Compound 95), MS: 634 [MH]⁺; and

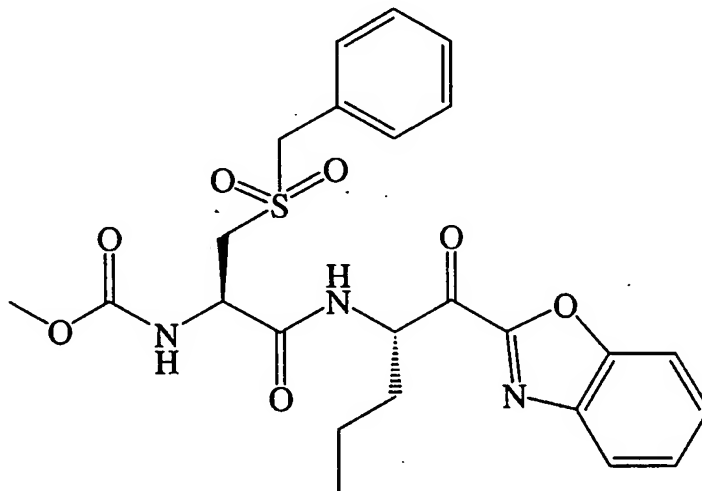
N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 96), MS: 632 [MH]⁺, HPLC: R_T = 12.05 minutes.

EXAMPLE 19**N-(1S-Benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutyl)-2R-methylsulfonylamino-3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide**
(Compound 159)

- 5 A solution of (*R*)-2-(2-methylsulfonylacetylamino)-3-benzylsulfonylpropionic acid (212 mg, 0.66 mmol), (*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-ylpentan-1-ol (150 mg, 0.66 mmol), EDCI (165 mg, 0.858 mmol) and HOBT (110 mg, 0.726 mmol) in methylene chloride (3 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours, sequentially washed with hydrochloric acid, sodium bicarbonate solution and brine and then concentrated. The residue was dissolved in
- 10 dichloromethane and the solution was treated with Dess-Martin reagent (340 mg, 0.8 mmol) for 1 hour. The mixture was stirred with a sodium thiosulfate/sodium bicarbonate solution and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed sequentially with dilute hydrochloric acid, sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried (MgSO₄) and then concentrated to provide N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutyl)-
- 15 2R-methylsulfonylamino-3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide (49 mg, 0.09 mmol). ¹H NMR (DMSO): 9.0 (d, J = 7Hz, 1H), 8.0 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, J = 8Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J = 9Hz, 1H), 7.39 (s, 5H), 5.32 (m, 1H), 4.55 (m, 3H), 3.35 (m, 3H), 2.95 (s, 3H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, J=8Hz, 3H); MS: m/e=522.03.

EXAMPLE 20**Methyl 1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate**

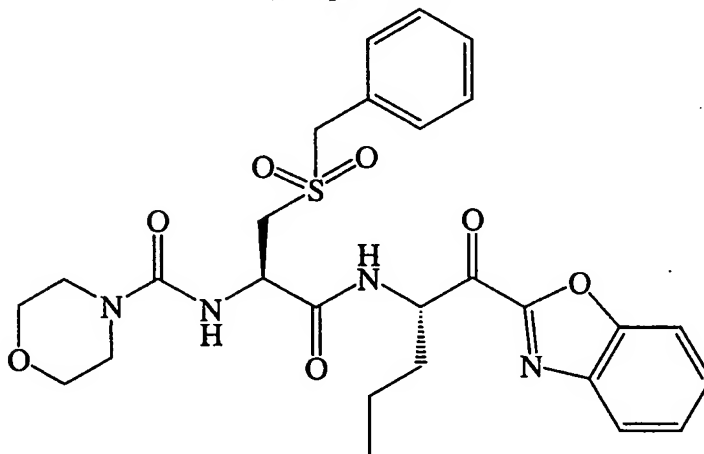
(Compound 158)



- 5 A solution of (*R*)-2-(2-methoxycarbonylamino)-3-benzylsulfonylpropionic acid (200 mg, 0.66 mmol), (*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-ylpentan-1-ol (150 mg, 0.66 mmol), EDCI (165 mg, 0.858 mmol) and HOBT (110 mg, 0.726 mmol) in methylene chloride (3 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours, sequentially washed with hydrochloric acid, sodium bicarbonate solution and brine and then concentrated. The residue was treated with Dess-Martin reagent
- 10 (340 mg, 0.8 mmol) in dichloromethane (4 mL) for 1 hour. The mixture was stirred with a sodium thiosulfate/sodium bicarbonate solution and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The extract was washed sequentially with dilute hydrochloric acid, sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried (MgSO₄) and then concentrated. The residue was heated with ethyl acetate and then treated with *tert*-butyloxymethyl. The mixture was let stand for approximately 12 hours
- 15 and then cooled in an ice bath. Resulting solids were collected by filtration and washed with cold ethyl acetate to provide methyl
- 1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (133 mg, 0.26 mmol). ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.77 (d, *J* = 7 Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.6 (m, 2H), 7.55 (t, *J* = 9 Hz, 1H), 7.39 (s, 5H), 5.3 (m, 1H), 4.68 (m, 1H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.55 (s, 3H),
- 20 3.52-3.4 (m, 1H), 3.3 (m, 1H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 8 Hz, 3H); MS: *m/e* = 502.05.

EXAMPLE 21

N-[1*R*-(1*S*-Benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonyl-ethylmorpholine-4-carboxamide
(Compound 158)



A solution of (*R*)-2-(2-morpholin-4-ylcarbonylamino)-3-benzylsulfonylpropionic acid (356 mg, 1 mmol), EDCI (240 mg, mmol) and HOBT (178 mg, mmol) in methylene chloride (8 mL) was (*S*)-2-amino-1-benzooxazol-2-ylpentan-1-ol (220 mg, mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 hours and then treated with additional EDCI (80 mg). The mixture was stirred for an additional 0.5 hours and then poured into cold, dilute hydrochloric acid. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2x) and the extract washed sequentially with aqueous sodium bicarbonate and brine, dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in methylene chloride (8 mL) and the solution was treated with Dess-Martin reagent (544 mg). The mixture was stirred for 1.5 hours and then stirred a sodium thiosulfate/sodium bicarbonate solution for 15 minutes. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (2x) and the extract was washed with brine, dried (MgSO₄) and then concentrated. The residue was triturated with ethyl acetate and then hexanes. The mixture cooled in an ice bath and resulting solids were collected and dried to provide *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-

2-benzylsulfonyl-ethylmorpholine-4-carboxamide (408 mg, 73% yield). ¹H NMR 300MHz: 8.65 (d, J=7.1Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=9.1Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t, J=8.2Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=9.1Hz, 1H), 7.38 (s, 5H), 7.05 (d, J=9.4Hz, 1H), 5.29 (m, 1H), 4.73 (m, 1H), 4.48 (s, 2H), 3.53 (m, 4H), 3.4-3.2 (m, 6H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, J=8Hz, 3H), MS=557.21 M+=556.20.

Proceeding by methods analogous to those described in this Application provided the following compounds of Formula I:

- 2S-acetylamino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1S-butyl-2-hydroxyethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 97); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.67 (d, J=8.0Hz, 1H), 7.53 (d, J=6.0Hz, 1H), 7.34 (m, 2H), 6.64 (d, J=8.1Hz, 1H), 5.99 (d, J=8.1Hz, 1H), 5.03 (m, 1H), 4.39 (m, 2H), 2.02-0.70 (m, 22H); MS ESI: MH⁺ 430;
- 2S-acetylamino-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 98); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.93 (d, J=7.5Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J=8.1Hz, 1H), 7.54 (t, J=7.2Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, J=7.8Hz, 1H), 6.78 (d, J=7.2Hz, 1H), 5.91 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 5.63 (m, 1H), 4.59 (m, 1H), 2.09-0.85 (m, 24H); MS ESI: MH⁺ 428;
- tert-butyl 1S-[1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]carbamate (Compound 99);
- 2S-acetylamino-N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 100);
- 2S-acetylamino-N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylcyclobutyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 101);
- 2S-acetylamino-N-(1R-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 102);
- 2S-acetylamino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1R-phenylethylethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 103);
- N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl]succinamic acid (Compound 104); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.87 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.43 (m, 1H), 7.15 (m, 6H), 6.89 (m, 1H), 5.62 (m, 1H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.48 (m, 2H), 2.16 (m, 1H), 1.6 (m, 7H), 0.7-1.4 (m, 7H); MS: m/e 534;
- N-[1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]succinamic acid (Compound 105); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 12.04 (s, 1H), 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.80 (m, 1H), 7.65 (m, 2H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.13-7.29 (m, 4H), 6.08-6.23 (m, 1H), 4.62-4.93 (m, 1H), 4.15 (m, 1H), 2.64 (m, 1H), 2.50 (m, 1H), 2.34 (m, 6H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.45-1.68 (m, 4H), 1.37 (m, 1H), 0.95-1.3 (m, 3H), 0.87 (m, 2H); MS: m/e=535.8;

- N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl}oxalamic acid (Compound 106); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 6.6-7.9 (m, 10H), 5.6 (m, 1H), 4.5 (m, 1H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 0.8-2.1 (m, 15H); MS: m/e 506.2;
- N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl]-3H-imidazole-4-carboxamide (Compound 107); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 8.1 (m, 1H), 7.3-7.6 (m, 3H), 6.95-7.2 (m, 8H), 5.62 (m, 1H), 4.74 (m, 1H), 2.77 (m, 2H), 2.38 (m, 1H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 0.8-1.9 (m, 13H); MS: m/e 528.2;
- N-[1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethyl]-3H-imidazole-4-carboxamide (Compound 108); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.0-7.6 (m, 12H), 5.05 (m, 1H), 4.5 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 0.6-2.2 (m, 15H); MS: m/e 529.6;
- tert-butyl 1R-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylcyclobutylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (Compound 109), m.p. = 70-85°C, MH⁺ 542;
- N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethyl}malonamic acid (Compound 110); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 6.8-7.9 (m, 9H), 5.63 (m, 1H), 4.56 (m, 1H), 2.6-2.8 (m, 4H), 2.0-2.4 (m, 2H), 0.7-2.0 (m, 13H); MS: m/e 520.4;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-o-tolylmethysulfonylethyl}morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 111); ¹H NMR 300MHz (DMSO-d₆) PPM, 8.841 (d, J=6.2Hz, 1H), 7.942 (d, J=5.2Hz, 1H), 7.860 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.618 (t, J=8.1Hz, 1H), 7.516 (t, J=8.1Hz, 1H), 7.16 (m, 10H), 5.22 (m, 1H), 4.78 (m, 1H), 4.516 (s, 2H), 3.567 (m, 2H), 3.500 (m, 6H), 3.3 (s, 3H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.65 (m, 1H), 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.01 (m, 1H); MS: M⁺=633.4 M⁻=631.4;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl}morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 112); ¹H NMR 300MHz (DMSO-d₆) PPM, 8.840 (d, J=7.0Hz, 1H), 8.025 (d, J=8.0Hz, 1H), 7.950 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.858 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.730 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.646 (t, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.515 (t, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 5.223 (m, 1H), 5.004 (s, 2H), 4.694 (m, 1H), 3.561 (m, 2H), 3.510 (m, 6H), 2.756 (m, 1H), 2.652 (m, 1H), 2.429 (m, 2H), 2.243 (m, 1H), 1.983 (m, 1H); MS: M⁺=664.2 M⁻=662.4;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl}morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 113); ¹H NMR 300MHz (DMSO-d₆) PPM, 8.851 (d, J=6.2Hz, 1H), 7.953 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.855 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.627 (t, J=6.6Hz, 1H), 7.498 (m, 3H), 7.365 (m, 2H), 7.211 (m, 6H), 5.220 (m, 1H), 4.774 (m, 1H), 4.659 (m, 2H), 3.578 (m, 2H), 3.499 (m, 6H), 2.752 (m, 1H), 2.648 (m, 1H), 2.472 (m, 2H),

2.243 (m, 1H), 1.992 (m, 1H); MS: $M^+=653.2$;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-
2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 114); NMR 300mHz (DMSO- d_6),
8.64 (d, $J=7.4H_3$, 1H), 8.01 (d, $J=8.8H_3$, 1H), 7.91 (d, $J=9.1H_3$, 1H), 7.68 (t, $J=6H_3$, 1H), 7.55 (t,
5 $J=8.2H_3$, 1H), 7.38 (s, 5H), 7.05 (d, $J=9.6H$, 1H), 5.26 (m, 1H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 3.55
(m, 4H), 3.5-3.2(m, 6H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.76 (m, 1H), 1.38 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, $J=7.4H_3$, 3H); MS:
571.24 $M^+=570.20$;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-
2-o-tolylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 115); NMR 300mHz
10 (DMSO- d_6), 8.70 (d, $J=6.9H_3$, 1H), 8.01(d, $J=9.1H_3$, 1H), 7.91 (d, $J=8.8H_3$, 1H), 7.67 (t, $J=8H_3$,
1H), 7.55 (t, $J=8.5H$, 3H), 7.3-7.1 (m, 4H), 7.05 (d, $J=9.6H_3$ H), 5.26 (m, 1H), 4.80 (m, 1H),
4.53 (s, 2H), 3.58 (m, 4H), 3.33 (m, 6H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.35 (m, 4H),
0.87 (t, $J=7.7H_3$); MS=585.30, $M^+=584.23$;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-
15 2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 116); NMR 300mHz
(DMSO- d_6), 8.70 (d, $J=7.2H_3$, 1H), 8.1-7.5 (m, 8H), 7.05 (d, $J=9.3H_3$, 1H), 5.26 (m, 1H), 5.01
(s, 2H), 4.70 (m, 1H), 3.57 (m, 5H), 3.30 (m, 5H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.34 (m, 4H),
0.87 (t, $J=7.7H_3$, 3H); MS: 616.09 $M^+=615.20$;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-
20 2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 117); NMR 300mHz
(DMSO- d_6), 8.71 (d, $J=7.1H_3$, 1H), 8.1-7.3 (m, 8H), 7.06 (d, $J=9.6H_3$, 1H), 5.26 (m, 1H), 4.79 (m,
1H), 4.72 (d, $J=15H_3$, 1H), 4.65 (d, $J=15H_3$, 1H), 3.56 (m, 4H), 3.30 (m, 6H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.73
(m, 1H), 1.35 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, $J=7.7H_3$, 3H); MS: 605.24 $M^+=605.10$;

N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1,1-dimethyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl)-
25 2-o-tolylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 118); MS: (M^++1) 557;

N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1,1-dimethyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 119); MS: (M^++1) 578;

N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1,1-dimethyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 120); 1H NMR: (DMSO)
30 9.34 (s, 1H), 8.02 (d, $J=7.7Hz$, 1H), 7.82-7.45 (m, 7H), 6.74 (d, $J=8.8Hz$, 1H), 4.87 (m, 2H), 4.64
(m, 1H), 3.44-3.11 (m, 10H), 1.56 (s, 3H), 1.50 (s, 3H); MS: (M^++1) 588;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 121); MS:m/e +1=616.2;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-

2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 122); ¹H NMR : 8.62

(d, 6.9 Hz, 1 H), 8.55 (d, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 8.00 (d, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.65 (t, 6.2 Hz, 1H),

5 7.48-7.58 (m, 2H), 7.40 (m, 1H), 7.06-7.25 (m, 3H), 5.28 (m, 1H), 4.74 (m, 1H), 4.67 (d, 1.1 Hz,

2H), 3.53 (m, 4H), 3.31 (m, 4H), 1.99 (m, 1H), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.32 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, 6.7 Hz, 3H);

MS: M+1 = 571.8;

N-[1R-(1R-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 123);

10 N-[1R-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)cyclobutylcarbamoyl]-

2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 124), MH⁺ 555;

benzyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxyethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate

(Compound 125);

2S-acetylamino-

15 N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1S-methyl-2-oxoethyl)-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 126); ¹H

NMR (CDCl₃): 7.92 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.73-7.67 (m, 1H), 7.60-7.48 (m, 2H), 5.94 (d, J=8.7Hz,

1H), 6.65 (m, 1H), 2.03 (d, J=7.2Hz, 2H), 1.64 (m, 6H), 1.56-0.92 (m, 10H); MS ESI: MH⁺

386;

tert-butyl 1R-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)cyclobutylcarbamoyl)-

20 2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (Compound 127);

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl]-

2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 128); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.89 (d,

J=7.4Hz, 1H), 7.65 (m, 1H), 7.57 (m, 1H), 7.48 (m, 1H), 7.4 (m, 5H), 6.0 (m, 1H), 5.7 (m, 1H),

4.93 (m, 1H), 4.33 (m, 3H), 3.70 (m, 5H), 3.25-3.4 (m, 7H), 2.93 (m, 3H), 2.8 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m,

25 1H); MS: m/e 653.2;

N-[1-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-

3-phenylsulfonylpropyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 129); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.52

(d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 8.98 (d, J = 8Hz, 1H), 8.88 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H), 7.64 (t, J = 8Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, J =

9Hz, 1H), 7.30 (m, 4H), 7.19 (m, 1H), 5.25 (m, 1H), 4.35 (m, 1H); 3.51 (m, 4H), 3.26 (m, 4H),

30 2.94 (t, J=8Hz, 2H), 1.9 (m, 3H), 1.7 (m, 1H), 1.31 (m, 4H), 0.86 (t, J=8Hz, 3H), 6.53 (d, J=9Hz,

1H); MS: m/e=539.24;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-

2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 131); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8.78 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 8.06-7.50 (m, 8H), 7.04 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 5.27 (m, 1H), 4.82-4.64 (m, 3H), 3.65-3.25 (m, 10H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.22 (m, 4H),), 0.84 (t, J=7Hz, 3H). MS: (M⁺+1) 639;

5 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl]ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 132); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.78 (d, J=7.2Hz, 1H), 8.56 (d, J=5.4Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=8.4Hz, 1H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.64 (t, J=12.1Hz, 1H), 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.38 (m, 1H), 7.10-7.34 (m, 8H), 5.25 (m, 1H), 4.70 (m, 3H), 3.55-3.70 (m, 4H), 3.35 (s, 4H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 2.25 (m, 1H), 2.0 (m, 1H); MS: m/e (+1) = 620.0;

10 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl]ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 133); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.83 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 8.55 (d, J=4.0Hz, 1H), 7.97 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 7.88 (m, 3H), 7.64 (t, J=7.2Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.54 (m, 4H), 7.15 (d, J=7.6Hz, 1H), 5.36 (m, 1H), 4.70 (m, 3H), 3.56 (m, 6H), 3.24 (m, 4H), 2.40 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.99 (s, 3H); MS: m/e (+1) = 622.2;

15 2-[2-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-2-morpholin-4-ylcarbonylamino)ethanesulfonylmethyl]pyridine 1-oxide (Compound 134); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.75 (d, J=6.5Hz, 1H), 8.38 (m, 2H), 7.96 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.48-7.69 (m, 6H), 7.05 (d, J=6.8Hz, 1H), 5.22 (m, 1H), 4.95 (d, J=2.7Hz, 2H), 5.85 (m, 1H), 5.53 (m, 4H), 3.30 (s, 4H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 1H), 1.30 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, J=5.4Hz, 3H);
20 MS: MW = 587.65 M+1 = 588.2;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 135); NMR 300mHz (DMSO-d₆) 8.70 (d, J=7.1Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=9.1Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=8.2Hz), 7.11 (t, J=8.2Hz), 7.4-6.8 (m, 5H), 5.28 (m, 1H), 4.76 (m, 1H),
25 4.5 (s, 2H), 3.55 (m, 4H), 3.3 (m, 6H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, J=8Hz, 3H); MS: 623.38 M+=622.19;

N-[3-phenylsulfonyl-1-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]propyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 136); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.5 (m, 2H), 8.00 (d, J = 9Hz, 1H), 7.9-7.5 (m, 8H), 6.54 (t, J = 9Hz, 1H), 4.28 (m, 1H), 3.49 (m, 4H), 3.24 (m, 6H), 1.90 (m, 3H), 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.31 (m, 4H), 0.85 (t, J=7Hz, 3H); MS: m/e=571.39;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-

- 2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 137); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8.66 (d, J=6.6Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.67-6.83 (m, 8H), 5.25 (m, 1H), 4.73 (m, 1H), 4.54 (s, 2H), 3.60-3.23 (m, 10H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.84 (t, J=6.7Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 637;
- 5 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide (Compound 138); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 9.22 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 8.87 (d, J=6Hz, 1H), 8.70 (m, 2H), 7.97-7.19 (m, 10H), 7.08 (t, J_{H,F}=74Hz, 1H), 5.30-5.09 (m, 2H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 3.73-3.59 (m, 2H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.41-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.82 (t, J=6.7Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 629;
- 10 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-
2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 139); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.6 (m, 2H), 8.05 (d, J=5.1Hz, 1H), 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.3-7.8 (m, 4H), 7.2 (m, 3H), 5.32 (m, 1H), 4.72 (m, 1H), 4.65 (d, J=3.1Hz, 2H), 3.21-3.75 (m, 8H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.45 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, J=4.5Hz, 3H); MS: m/e +1=558.2; MS: m/e (+1) = 558.2;
- 15 2-[2R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-
2-morpholin-4-ylcarbonylaminoethylsulfonylmethyl]pyridine 1-oxide (Compound 140); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.57 (m, 3H), 7.97 (m, 1H), 7.63-7.82 (m, 3H), 7.35-7.45 (m, 4H), 6.93 (m, 1H), 4.50-4.95 (m, 2H), 4.18 (m, 2H), 3.10-3.80 (m, 8H), 1.10-1.70 (m, 4H), 0.82 (t, J=5.4Hz, 3H); MS: m/e (+1) = 574.2;
- 20 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]carbamate (Compound 141); MS: (M⁺+1) 582;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonyl]ethyl]succinamic acid (Compound 142); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 12.09 (s, 1H), 8.63 (d, J=6Hz, 1H), 8.51 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 5H), 5.25 (m, 1H), 4.84 (m, 1H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.53-3.21 (m, 2H), 5.28-5.25 (m, 4H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.68 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.84 (t, J=6.2Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 558;
- 25 2R-[3,3-bis(2-methoxyethyl)ureido]-N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentyl]-
3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide (Compound 143); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 8.50 (d, J=6.6Hz, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.38-7.30 (m, 5H), 6.82 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 5.26 (m, 1H), 4.70 (m, 1H), 4.46 (s, 2H), 3.52-3.22 (m, 10H), 3.31 (s, 6H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.85 (t, J=6.6Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 617;
- 30 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

- 2-(6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethylisonicotinamide (Compound 144); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.069 (t, J=6Hz, 1H), 8.55 (d, J=9Hz, 1H), 7.91 (m, 2H), 7.51 (m, 3H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 4.11 (d, J=6Hz, 2H), 1.5 (m, 15H); MS: m/e=328.05;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]succinamic acid (Compound 145); MS (ESI) MH+ 478.2;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (Compound 146);
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-thien-3-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]isonicotinamide (Compound 147);
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (Compound 148);
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylcyclobutylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide (Compound 149);
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-pyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]pyrazine-2-carboxamide (Compound 150);
- N-[1-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-thien-3-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 151);
- N-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-thien-3-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]azetidine-3-carboxamide (Compound 152);
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-2-pyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonylethylmorpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 153); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 8.66 (d, J=6.7Hz, 1H), 8.56 (m, 3H), 8.01 (d, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J=8.1Hz, 1H), 7.79 (m, 1H), 7.65 (t, J=7.1Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=7.1Hz, 1H), 7.43 (dd, J=4.9, 7.9Hz, 2H), 6.93 (d, J=8.40Hz, 1H), 5.30 (m, J=1Hz, 1H), 4.76 (m, 1H), 4.57 (d, J=3.7Hz, 2H), 3.24-3.70 (m, 8H), 1.91 (m, 1H), 1.73 (m, 1H), 1.40 (m, 2H), 0.82 (t, J=5.4Hz, 3H); MS:m/e (+1) = 555.8;
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]piperazine-1-carboxamide (Compound 154);
- N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 155); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 300MHz) 7.8944 (d, J=7.92Hz, 1H), 7.67 (m, 1H), 7.58 (m, 1H), 4.49 (m, 2H), 7.415 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 3H), 6.5811 (t, J=73.24Hz, 1H), 5.7633 (m, 1H), 4.9199 (m, 1H), 4.4871 (dd, J=13.61, 23.75Hz, 2H), 3.7101 (m, 4H), 3.4189 (m, 4H), 3.27 (m, 2H), 2.9289 (s, 3H), 2.77 (m,

1H), 2.37 (m, 1H); MS: (M⁺) 687.3 (M⁻) 685.6;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl)-

2-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 156); ¹H NMR

(CDCl₃): 7.89 (m, 1H), 7.45-7.8 (m, 3H), 7.35 (m, 2H), 6.9-7.05 (m, 2H), 5.83-5.9 (m, 1H),

5 5.62-5.8 (m, 1H), 4.82 (m, 1H), 4.40 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.70 (m, 5H), 3.25-3.42 (m, 7H),

2.95 (s, 3H), 2.75 (m, 1H), 2.35 (m, 1H); MS: m/e 651.4;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentylcarbamoyl]-

2-benzylsulfonylethyl]piperazine-1-carboxamide (Compound 157); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 9.20-

9.11 (m, 2H), 8.73 (m, 1H), 7.98 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.88 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.63 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.52

10 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.39-7.30 (m, 5H), 5.24 (m, 1H), 4.74 (m, 1H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 3.62-3.30 (m, 6H),

3.05-2.95 (m, 4H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 1.69 (m, 1H), 1.40-1.22 (m, 4H), 0.84 (t, J=6.6Hz, 3H); MS:

(M⁺+1) 570;

N-(1S-benzooxazole-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropyl)-2R-methylsulfonylamino-

3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide (Compound 160); ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆) 7.9498 (m, 2H), 7.6577

15 (m, 1H), 7.5556 (m, 1H), 7.3870 (m, 5H), 5.4016 (m, 1H), 4.5444 (m, 3H), 3.32 (m, 2H), 2.9784

(s, 1H), 2.9326 (s, 1H), 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.20 (m, 1H); MS: (M⁺) 586.0, (M⁻) 584.0;

methyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethylcarbamate (Compound 161); MS: m/e (+1) = 564.6;

methyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl)-

20 2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate (Compound 162); ¹H NMR (DMSO): 9.03 (d, J=7.2Hz, 1H),

7.97 (d, J=7.9Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J=8.2Hz, 1H), 7.65 (td, J=7.2, 1.2Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=7.9Hz, 1H),

7.37 (m, 5H), 5.32 (m, 1H), 4.65 (m, 1H), 4.50 (m, 2H), 3.53 (m, 1H), 3.49 (s, 3H), 3.33 (s, 2H),

3.24 (m, 1H), 2.98 (s, 3H), 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.18 (m, 1H); MS: m/e 653.2;

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)pentyl)-2R-[3,3-di(2-methoxyethyl)ureido]-

25 3-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylpropionamide (Compound 163); MS:m/e +1=615.6;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-

2-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 164); ¹H NMR

(DMSO): 8.66 (d, J=6Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, J=9Hz, 1H), 7.93 (d, J=9Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, J=8Hz, 1H),

7.58 (t, J=9Hz, 1H), 7.36 (m, 2H), 7.0 (m, 3H), 5.29 (m, 1H), 4.77 (m, 1H), 4.54 (d, J=14Hz,

30 1H), 4.43 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.5-3.3 (m, 10H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.46 (m,

2H), 0.93 (t, J=8Hz, 3H); MS: m/e=587.31;

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl)-2R-(3,3-dimethylureido)-

3-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)propionamide (Compound 165); NMR 300MHz (DMSO- d_6), 8.63 (d, $J=6.9\text{H}_3$, 1H), 8.03 (d, $J=8.8\text{H}_3$, 1H), 7.92 (d, $J=9.1$, 1H), 7.70 (t, $J=8.8\text{H}_3$, 1H), 7.58 (t, $J=8.2\text{H}_3$, 1H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.08 (d, $J=9.1\text{H}_3$, 1H), 6.98 (t, $J=8.2\text{H}_3$, 1H), 6.71 (d, $J=9.1\text{H}_3$, 1H), 5.27 (m, 1H), 4.77 (m, 1H), 4.55 (d, $J=15.1\text{H}_3$, 1H), 4.43 (d, $J=15.1\text{H}_3$, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.47 (d, $J=6.9\text{H}_3$, 2H), 2.83 (s, 6H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.43 (m, 2H), 0.93 (t, $J=8\text{H}_3$, 3H);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutyl)-2-methylsulfonylamino-3-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)propionamide (Compound 166); ^1H NMR (DMSO): 9.0 (d, $J=6\text{Hz}$, 1H), 8.01 (d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.91 (d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.67 (t, $J=7\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.57 (t, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.36 (t, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 2H), 7.07 (d, $J=8\text{Hz}$, 1H), 6.97 (dt, $J=2,7\text{Hz}$, 1H), 7.85 (m, 1H); 5.33 (m, 4H), 4.5 (m, 3H), 3.8 (s, 3H), 3.35 (m, 2H), 2.92 (s, 3H), 1.93 (m, 1H), 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.44 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, $J=7\text{Hz}$, 3H); MS: $m/e=552.19$;

3-cyclohexyl-N-[2-hydroxy-2-(5-nitrobenzooxazol-2-yl)-1S-phenethylethyl]propionamide (Compound 167); MS (ESI) $m/z = 466 (M + 1)$; ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.95 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.15 (m, 2H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.15 (m, 1H), δ 4.50 (m, 1H), δ 5.08 (m, 1H), δ 5.80 (d, $J=6\text{Hz}$, 1H), δ 6.09 (m, 1H), δ 7.00 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.60 (m, 1H), δ 8.40 (m, 1H), δ 8.55 (m, 1H), ($\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{31}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);

methyl 2-[2S-(3-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]benzooxazole-6-carboxylate (Compound 168); MS (ESI) $m/z = 478 (M + 1)$; ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.84 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 7H), δ 1.90 (m, 1H), δ 2.11 (m, 2H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 3.95 (s, 3H), δ 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 4.50 (m, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 1H), δ 6.09 (m, 1H), δ 6.49 (m, 1H), δ 7.01 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.65 (m, 1H), δ 8.01 (m, 1H), δ 8.17 (m, 1H), ($\text{C}_{28}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$);

N-[2-(5-chlorobenzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl]-3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 169); MS (ESI) $m/z = 455 (M + 1)$; ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.84 (m, 2H), δ 1.12 (m, 4H), δ 1.20 (m, 2H), δ 1.51 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m, 3H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.21 (m, 1H), δ 4.50 (m, 1H), δ 5.02 (s, 1H), δ 6.44 (m, 1H), δ 7.01 - 7.47 (m, 7H), δ 7.65 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{26}\text{H}_{31}\text{ClN}_2\text{O}_3$);

benzyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylsulfamoylmethyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 170); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.20-7.40 (m, 12H), 5.9 (m, 0.5H), 5.6 (m, 0.5H), 4.80-5.20 (m, 5H), 4.1-4.3 (m, 2H), 2.7-2.9 (m, 4H), 1.7-2.0 (m, 2H), 0.90 (m, 3H), 0.79 (m, 3H), 3.30 (m, 1H);

N-[1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylsulfamoylmethyl)-

3-methylbutyl]acetamide (Compound 171);

benzyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-

1Sphenethylethylsulfamoylmethyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 172); ¹H NMR

(DMSO): 7.71 (m, 1H), 7.5 (m, 1H), 7.0-7.4 (m, 12H), 4.9-6.2 (m, 6H), 4.0-4.35 (m, 2H), 3.75

5 (m, 1H), 3.20-3.60 (m, 2H), 2.5-3.0 (m, 2H), 1.15-2.15 (m, 3H), 0.6-1.05 (m, 6H); MS: m/e
580.1;

N-[1R-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylsulfamoylmethyl)-

3-methylbutyl]acetamide (Compound 173);

2S-acetylamino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-

10 3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 174);

tert-butyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-

2-cyclohexylethyl]carbamate (Compound 175);

2-acetylamino-N-2-benzooxazol-2-yl-1,1-dimethyl-2-oxoethyl)-

3-cyclohexylpropionamide (Compound 176);

15 benzyl 1S-[2-(5-phenylbenzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxyethylcarbamoyl]-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 177);

N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-cyclopentylpropionamide

(Compound 178); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.08-7.19 (m, 8H), 5.98 (m,
1H), 5.05 (m, 2H), 4.51 (m, 1H), 2.6-2.8 (m, 4H), 2.17-2.29 (m, 1H), 1.95-2.15 (m, 2H), 1.8-

20 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.68-1.78 (m, 1H), 1.3-1.7 (m, 6H), 1.0-1.12 (m, 1H), 0.85-1.0 (m, 1H);

N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-

1S-phenylethylethyl)-2-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylacetamide (Compound 179);

N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-2-naphthalen-1-ylacetamide

(Compound 180);

25 N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-3-phenylpropionamide

(Compound 181); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.69 (m, 1H), 7.53 (m, 1H), 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.03-7.35 (m,
10H), 5.9 (m, 1H), 4.98 (m, 1H), 4.40-4.55 (m, 1H), 3.0 (m, 1H), 2.80 (t, J=7.7Hz, 2H), 2.55 (m,
2H), 2.38 (t, J=7.5Hz, 2H);

methyl 2-[2S-(3-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]-

30 4,5-dihydrooxazole-4S-carboxylate (Compound 182); MS (ESI) m/z = 431 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR
(300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.89 (m, 2H), δ 1.20 (m, 4H), δ 1.48 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m,
2H), δ 2.15 (m, 2H), δ 2.73 (t, J = 4 Hz, 2H), δ 3.76 (s, 3H), δ 4.30 - 4.65 (m, 5H), δ 6.00 (d,

$J = 6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), δ 7.13 - 7.35 (m, 5H), ($\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$);

methyl 2-[2S-(3-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-4-carboxylate (Compound 183);

N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl)-4-cyclohexylbutyramide

- 5 (Compound 184); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.62-7.73 (m, 1H), 7.46-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.05-7.43 (m, 2H), 6.22-6.38 (m, 1H), 5.11 (s, 1H), 4.50-4.69 (m, 1H), 2.58-2.82 (m, 2H), 2.14-2.24 (m, 1H), 2.0, 2.14 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.76 (m, 6H), 1.31-1.50 (m, 1H), 0.94-1.31 (m, 7H), 0.63-0.93 (m, 2H); MS: $m/e=435.1$;

methyl 2-[2S-(3-cyclohexylpropionylamino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]-

- 10 4,5-dihydrooxazole-4R-carboxylate (Compound 185); MS (ESI) $m/z = 431$ ($M + 1$); ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.89 (m, 2H), δ 1.20 (m, 4H), δ 1.48 (m, 2H), δ 1.65 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m, 2H), δ 2.15 (m, 2H), δ 2.73 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.76 (s, 3H), δ 4.35 - 4.72 (m, 5H), δ 5.75 (m, 1H), δ 7.13 - 7.35 (m, 5H), ($\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$);

3-cyclohexyl-N-[2-hydroxy-2-(5-trifluoromethylbenzooxazol-2-yl)-

- 15 1S-phenethylethyl]propionamide (Compound 186); MS (ESI) $m/z = 489$ ($M + 1$); ^1H -NMR (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.77 (m, 2H), δ 1.22 (m, 4H), δ 1.51 (m, 2H), δ 1.60 (m, 6H), δ 2.15 (m, 4H), δ 2.70 (m, 2H), δ 4.51 (m, 1H), δ 5.11 (s, 1H), δ 6.10 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.00 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.56 (s, 2H), δ 7.99 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{31}\text{F}_3\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$);

2S-acetyl-amino-N-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethyl)-

- 20 3-(2-trifluoromethylphenyl)propionamide (Compound 187);

methyl 1-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

- 2-cyclohexylethylcarbamate (Compound 188); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.89 (d, $J=7.4\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 7.62 (M, 1H), 7.54 (m, 1H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.30 (m, 1H), 6.87 (d, $J=7.9\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 5.68 (m, 1H), 5.04 (d, $J=9.6\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 4.24 (m, 1H), 3.66 (s, 3H), 2.75 (5, $J=8.3\text{ Hz}$, 2H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.19 (m, 25 1H), 2.00 (M, 1H), 1.52-1.80 (m=5H), 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.12-1.27 (m, 4H), 0.89 (m, 2H); MS: $m/e=492.04$;

N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropyl)-3-cyclohexyl-

- 2-methylsulfonylaminopropionamide (Compound 189); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): 7.87 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.46 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.28 (m, 5H), 6.79 (d, $J=7.9\text{ Hz}$, 1H), 5.71 (m, 1H), 30 4.92 (m, 1H), 4.00 (m, 1H), 2.95 (2, 3H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.48 (m, 1H), 2.21 (m, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 1.61 (m, 5H), 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.16 (m, 4H), 0.89 (m, 2H);

cyclohexylmethyl 1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate

(Compound 190); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.49 (m, 1H), 7.13-7.23 (m, 5H), 5.57 (m, 1H), 3.89 (d, J=6.5Hz, 2H), 2.79 (m, 2H), 2.42 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 1.50-1.73 (m, 6H), 1.24 (m, 6H), 0.89 (m, 2H); MS: m/e=421.0;

benzyl 1-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylsulfamoylmethyl)-

- 5 2-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 191); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): 7.88 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.55 (m, 1H), 7.47 (m, 1H), 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.19 (m, 5H), 6.35 (d, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 5.45 (m, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H), 5.0 (m, 1H), 4.43 (m, 1H), 3.06 (m, 1H), 2.87 (m, 1H), 2.45 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 1.41 (m, 1H), 1.07 (m, 1H), 0.88 (m, 6H); MS: m/e=578.1;

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

- 10 2-(6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]thiophene-3-carboxamide (Compound 192);

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-

3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-methylpyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]nicotinamide

(Compound 193);

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

- 15 2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]azetidine-3-carboxamide (Compound 194);

tert-butyl 1R-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylcyclobutylcarbamoyl)-

2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamate (Compound 195);

tert-butyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

2-(4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamate (Compound 196);

- 20 N-[1R-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylcyclobutylcarbamoyl)-

2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethylmorpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 197);

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-

2-pyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide (Compound 198);

methyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-

- 25 2-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamate (Compound 199);

N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)-

2-benzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide (Compound 200); NMR 300MHz (DMSO-d₆),

8.65 (d, J=7.1Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.2Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=7.7Hz, 1H), 7.38 (s, 5H), 7.05 (d, J=9.4Hz, 1H), 5.21 (m, 1H), 4.75 (m, 1H), 4.49 (s, 2H), 3.53

- 30 (m, 4H), 3.45 (m, 2H), 3.32 (m, 4H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.77 (m, 1H), 0.96 (t, J=8Hz, 3H);

M=543.24 M⁺=542.61;

N-(1R-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropyl)-2-(3,3-dimethylureido)-

3-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)propionamide (Compound 201); NMR 300MHz (DMSO-d₆), 8.61 (d, J=7.4Hz, 1H), 8.01 (d, J=8.5Hz, 1H), 7.90 (d, J=7.1Hz, 1H), 7.65 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.55 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, J=8.8Hz, 1H), 6.96 (t, J=8.2Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, J=9.1Hz, 1H), 5.20 (m, 1H), 4.53 (d, J=15.4Hz, 1H), 4.41 (d, J=15.4Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.45 (d, J=7.1Hz, 2H), 2.81 (s, 6H), 2.0 (m, 1H), 1.7 (m, 1H), 0.96 (t, J=8Hz, 3H); MS=651.33 M⁺=650.59;

methyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyle)-

2-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonylethyl)carbamate (Compound 202);

N-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentyl)-2R-[3,3-bis(2-methoxyethyl)ureido]-

3-pyrid-3-ylmethylsulfonylpropionamide (Compound 203);

10 N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentyl)-2R-[3,3-bis(2-methoxyethyl)ureido]-

3-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonyl)propionamide (Compound 204);

N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropyl)-3-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonyl)-

2R-methylsulfonylaminopropionamide (Compound 205); ¹H NMR: (DMSO) 9.04 (d, J=6.6Hz, 1H), 8.00-7.87 (m, 3H), 7.63 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.53 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 5.25 (m, 1H), 4.61-4.36 (m, 3H), 3.56-3.31 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.17 (s, 3H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 0.96 (t, J=7Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 527;

methyl 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyle)-

2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamate (Compound 206); ¹H NMR:

(DMSO) 8.78 (d, J=5.8Hz, 1H), 7.99 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.87 (d, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, J=8.5Hz, 1H), 7.62 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 7.52 (t, J=8Hz, 1H), 5.20 (m, 1H), 4.68 (m, 1H), 4.39 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 4.29 (d, J=14Hz, 1H), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.60-3.28 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 1H), 0.95 (t, J=7Hz, 3H); MS: (M⁺+1) 507;

N-[1R-(1-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyle)-

2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]isonicotinamide (Compound 207); NMR 1H: 9.15-9.30 (m, 1H),

25 8.4-8.9 (m, 4 H), 7.32-8.05 (m, 9H), 5.28 (m, 1H), 5.10 (m, 1H), 4.75 (m, 2H), 3.75 (m, 1H), 3.62 (m, 1H), 1.95 (m, 1H), 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.05-1.45 (m, 4H), 0.87 (m, 3H); MS: M+1 = 564.0;

and

4-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyle)-

2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethylcarbamoyl]pyridine 1-oxide (Compound 208).

30

REFERENCE 13

Benzyl 1S-(N-methoxy-N-methylcarbamoyle)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate

A solution of 2-benzoyloxycarbonylamino-4-phenylbutyric acid (5.05 g, 16.1 mmol) in methylene chloride (70 mL) was cooled to 0°C and treated with diisopropylethylamine (2.82 mL, 16.2 mmol) added dropwise and then PyBOP® (8.53 g, 16.4 mmol) added in one portion. The mixture was stirred for 5 minutes and then treated with

5 *N,O*-dimethylhydroxylamine hydrochloride (1.73 g, 17.71 mmol) was added in one portion. The mixture was neutralized with diisopropylethylamine (4.6 mL, 26.44 mmol) added dropwise, stirred for 2 hours at room temperature and then diluted with methylene chloride (70 mL). The dilution was washed with 1N aqueous hydrochloric acid (3x 40 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate (3x 40 mL) and brine (40 mL) and then concentrated. The product was purified

10 from the residue by column chromatography eluting with 2:3 ethyl acetate/hexane to provide benzyl 1*S*-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (5.48 g, 15.4 mmol) as an oil. MS(PCI) m/z = 357 ($M + 1$).

Proceeding as in Reference 13 provided *tert*-butyl 1*S*-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate; ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 1.35 (s, 9H), δ 1.64 - 1.72

15 (m, 2H), δ 2.40 - 2.54 (m, 1H), δ 2.60 - 2.77 (m, 1H), δ 3.00 (s, 3H) 3.52 (s, 3H), δ 4.23 (m, 1H), δ 7.10 - 7.37 (m, 5H).

REFERENCE 14

2*S*-Amino-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methyl-4-phenylbutyramide trifluoroacetic acid salt

20 A solution of *tert*-butyl 1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (9.32 g, 29 mmol), provided as in Reference 13, in methylene chloride (100 mL) was cooled to 0° C and then treated with anisole (5 mL, 46.5 mmol) and trifluoroacetic acid (50 mL, 296 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 30 minutes, while allowing it to warm to room temperature, and then concentrated. The residue was dissolved in toluene (100 mL) and the solution was

25 concentrated. The residue was again dissolved in toluene (100 ml) and concentrated to provide 2*S*-amino-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methyl-4-phenylbutyramide trifluoroacetic acid salt (9.74 g 29 mmol) as a crude product. MS(PCI) m/z = 223 ($M + 1$).

REFERENCE 15Benzyl 1-[1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3*S*-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-
3-methylbutylcarbamate

A solution comprised of 2*S*-amino-*N*-methoxy-*N*-methyl-4-phenylbutyramide
5 trifluoroacetic acid salt (9.74 g, 29 mmol), provided as in Reference 2, in DMF (75 mL) was
cooled to 0° C and then neutralized with diisopropylethylamine added dropwise. A solution
comprised of 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl 2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerate (10.50 g,
29 mmol) in DMF (75 mL) and an additional amount of diisopropylethylamine (10.10 mL, 58
mmol) were added to the cooled butyramide solution. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours,
10 while allowing it to warm to room temperature, and then poured into ice water (300 mL). The
mixture was let stand for 1 hour to provide a white precipitate. The precipitate was collected by
filtration and dried (P₂O₅) under vacuum to provide benzyl 1-[1-(*N*-methoxy-
N-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (12.24 g, 26.1 mmol).
¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.91 (d, J = 5.88 Hz, 6H), δ 1.45 - 1.55 (m, 1H), δ 1.45 - 1.55 (m, 2H),
15 δ 1.77 - 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.11 - 2.22 (m, 1H), δ 2.70 (m, 2H), δ 3.20 (s, 3H) 3.60 (s, 3H) 4.25
(m, 1H), δ 5.00 (m, 1H), δ 5.15 (s, 2H), δ 6.6 (d, J = 8.15 Hz, 1H), δ 7.15 - 7.45 (m, 10H).

REFERENCE 16Ethyl 3*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanimidate

A suspension comprised of lithium aluminum hydride (0.885 g, 23.3 mmol) in anhydrous
20 diethyl ether was cooled to -45° C under nitrogen and then treated with a solution of benzyl
1*S*-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (5.53 g, 15.53 mmol), provided
as in Reference 13, in ether (75 mL) and THF (25 mL) was added dropwise over a period of
30 minutes such that the temperature of the mixture was maintained at -40 to -45° C. The
mixture was allowed to warm to 5° C and then re-cooled to -35° C. A saturated solution of
25 sodium bicarbonate (7 mL, 0.5 M) was added dropwise and the mixture was allowed to warm
to 0° C. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 hour to
provide a precipitate. The precipitate was collected by filtration and washed with ether
(100 mL). The filtrate and washings were combined and washed with ice cold 1N hydrochloric
acid (2x 50 mL), saturated sodium bicarbonate (2 x 50 mL) and brine (50 mL), dried (Na₂SO₄)

and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide benzyl 1*S*-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (4.01 g, 13.5 mmol) as a colorless oil. MS (PCI) m/z = 298 ($M + 1$).

A solution of benzyl 1*S*-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (4.557 g, 15.3 mmol) in anhydrous methylene chloride (50 mL) was stirred while sequentially treating with 2-hydroxy-
5 2-methylpropionitrile (4.25 mL, 46.2 mmol) and triethylamine (1.28 mL, 9.20 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 4 hours at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo*. The residue was dissolved in ether (100 mL) and the solution was washed with water (5 x 20 mL) and brine (20 mL), dried ($MgSO_4$) and concentrated to provide benzyl
2-cyano-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamate (4.957 g, 15.3 mmol) as a yellow oil. 1H NMR
10 ($CDCl_3$): δ 1.75 - 2.01 (m, 2H), δ 2.08 - 2.24 (m, 1H), δ 2.51 - 2.80 (m, 2H), δ 3.70 - 4.02 (m, 1H), δ 5.07, δ 5.33 (m, 3H), δ 7.10 - 7.47 (m, 10H).

A comprised of chloroform (30 mL) and anhydrous ethanol (30 mL, 510 mmol) was cooled to 0° C and then treated with acetyl chloride (32.6 mL, 459 mmol) added dropwise over a period of 30 minutes. The mixture was cooled with solution of crude benzyl 2-cyano-
15 2-hydroxy-1-phenylethylcarbamate (4.957 g, 15.3 mmol) in chloroform (30 mL). The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at 0° C and then 6 hours at room temperature and concentrated *in vacuo* to provide ethyl 3*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanimidate
(6.212 g 15.3 mmol) as a crude yellow oil. MS (PCI) m/z = 371 ($M + 1$).

REFERENCE 17

20 2*S*-Amino-4-phenyl-1-(4*S*-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)butan-1-ol

A mixture comprised of ethyl 3*S*-benzyloxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-
5-phenylpentanimidate (0.78 g, 1.92 mmol), provided as in Reference 16, diisopropylethylamine (0.218 μ L, 1.26 mmol) and 2*S*-amino-2-phenylethanol (0.260 g, 1.9 mmol) in chloroform (25 mL) was heated at reflux for 3 hours and then was stirred for approximately 12 hours, while allowing
25 to cool to room temperature. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL). The solution was washed with 0.5N sodium hydroxide (40 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried ($MgSO_4$) and then concentrated. Product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 1:3 hexanes/ethyl acetate to provide benzyl 2-hydroxy-
2-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-1*S*-phenylethylcarbamate (0.475 g, 1.1 mmol) as an
30 oily mixture of diastereomers. MS (PCI) m/z = 445 ($M + 1$). ($C_{27}H_{28}N_2O_4$).

A solution comprised of benzyl 2-hydroxy-2-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-1*S*-phenylethylethylcarbamate (100 mg, 0.22 mmol) in methanol (10 mL) was placed under a nitrogen atmosphere and stirred while Pearlman's catalyst (20 mg) was added. The mixture was stirred vigorously under a hydrogen atmosphere until the reaction was complete and then
5 filtered. The filter was washed with methanol (2 x 25 mL). The combined filtrates were concentrated to provide 2*S*-amino-4-phenyl-1-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-yl)butan-1-ol (51 mg, 0.16 mmol) as a clear oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 311(M + 1)$. ($C_{19}H_{22}N_2O_2$).

REFERENCE 18

2*S*-Amino-1-oxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol

10 A solution comprised of oxazole (0.25 g, 3.62 mmol) in THF (20 mL) was treated with borane tetrahydrofuran complex (3.62 mL, 3.62 mmol) under nitrogen and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes and then cooled to -78°C . A solution comprised of *sec*-butyl lithium (2.78 mL, 3.62 mmol) in cyclohexane was added dropwise and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. A solution comprised of *tert*-butyl (*S*)-1-formyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamate (0.476 g, 1.81 mmol)
15 in THF (25 mL) was added and the mixture was stirred and allowed to warm while the reaction proceeded to completion. The mixture then was cooled to -78°C , quenched by slowly adding 5% acetic acid in ethanol (20 mL), allowed to warm to ambient temperature and stirred for 18 hours. The mixture was concentrated to dryness and the residue was extracted with ether (2x25 mL). The combined extracts were washed with brine, dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated
20 to dryness to provide *tert*-butyl 2-hydroxy-2-oxazol-2-yl-1*S*-phenylethylethylcarbamate (0.125 g, 0.376 mmol) as a yellow oil.
MS (PCI) $m/z = 333 (M + 1)$.

A mixture comprised of *tert*-butyl 2-hydroxy-2-oxazol-2-yl-1*S*-phenylethylethylcarbamate (0.125 g, 0.376 mmol), anisole (0.2 mL) and trifluoroacetic acid (0.6 mL) in methylene chloride
25 (20 mL) was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and then concentrated to provide 2*S*-amino-1-oxazol-2-yl-4-phenylbutan-1-ol trifluoroacetic acid salt (0.08 g, 0.229 mmol) as a yellow oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 233 (M + 1)$.

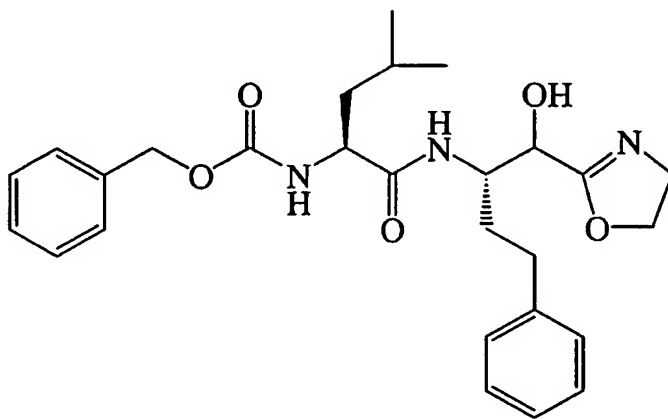
REFERENCE 19Methyl 2-(2S-amino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate

A solution comprised of methyl 2-(2S-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate (0.100 g, 0.235 mmol) in methylene chloride (3 mL) was cooled to 0° C and then treated with DBU (39 mL, 0.26 mmol) and bromotrichloromethane (26 mL, 0.26 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 6 hours at 0° C, washed with ammonium chloride (10 mL) and concentrated. The residue was dried (MgSO₄) to provide methyl 2-(2S-benzyloxycarbonylamino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate. MS(PCI) m/z = 425 (M + 1).

Deprotecting provided methyl 2-(2S-amino-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl)oxazole-4-carboxylate.

EXAMPLE 19

Benzyl 1S-[2-(4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 210)



A mixture comprised of ethyl 3-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-2-hydroxy-5-phenylpentanimidate (0.327 g, 0.63 mmol), diisopropylethylamine (0.218 mL, 1.26 mmol) and ethanolamine (38.4 mg, 0.63 mmol) in chloroform (20 mL) was heated (reflux temperature) for 3 hours and then stirred at room temperature for approximately 12 hours. The mixture was concentrated and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL). The solution was washed with 0.5 M sodium hydroxide (40 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and

concentrated *in vacuo*. Product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 3:1 ethyl acetate/hexanes to provide benzyl 1S-[2-(4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (38 mg, 0.079 mmol) as a white solid. MS (PCI) $m/z = 482$ ($M + 1$). ($C_{27}H_{35}N_3O_5$).

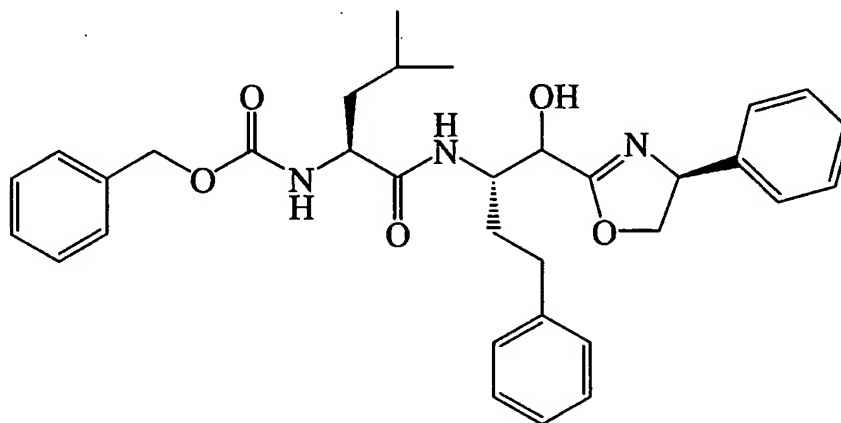
- 5 Proceeding as in Example 19 provided benzyl 1S-[2-(1H-benzoimidazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 211);

EXAMPLE 20

Benzy 1S-[2-(4,5-dihydro-4S-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate

10

(Compound 212)



- A solution comprised of 2S-amino-4-phenyl-1-(4S-phenyl-4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl)butan-1-ol (51 mg, 0.165 mmol), provided as in Example 18, in DMF (2 mL) was cooled to 0° C and a second solution comprised of 2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl 2S-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerate (0.063 g, 0.174 mmol) and diisopropylethylamine (30.3 μ L, 0.174 mmol) in DMF (3 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours, while allowing to warm to room temperature, and then concentrated. Product was purified from the residue by column chromatography eluting with ethyl 1:1 acetate/hexane to provide benzyl 1S-[2-(4,5-dihydro-4S-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenylethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (34 mg, 0.061 mmol) as a clear oil. MS (PCI) $m/z = 558$ ($M + 1$). ($C_{33}H_{39}N_3O_5$).
- 15
- 20

Proceeding as in Example 20 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

benzyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 213); MS (ESI) $m/z = 530 (M + 1)$; $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.65 - 0.7 (dd, 6H), δ 0.98 (d, $J = 6$ Hz 2H), δ 1.10 - 1.55 (m, 3H), δ 1.65 - 1.85 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), δ 2.70 (m, 2H), δ 3.99 - 4.13 (m, 1H), δ 4.50 (m, 1H), δ 4.90 - 5.21 (m, 3H), δ 6.40 - 6.70 (dd, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.35 (m, 10H), δ 7.47 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 7.51 (d, $J = 2$ Hz, 2H), ($\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);

benzyl 1-[2-(4,5-dihydro-5-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-
3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 214);

10 benzyl 1-[2-(4,5-dihydro-4S-methyl-5S-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-
1-phenylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 215);

benzyl 3-methyl-1-(2-hydroxy-2-naphtho[2,3-d]oxazol-2-yl)-
1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 216); MS (ESI) $m/z = 580 (M + 1)$;
 $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.65 - 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 3H), δ 1.54 (m, 3H), δ 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.82 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.00 - 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 4.35 - 4.55 (m, 1H), δ 4.90 - 5.09 (m, 3H), δ 6.60 (m, 1H), δ 7.23 (m, 10H), δ 7.56 (m, 2H), δ 7.96 (m, 3H), δ 8.18 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{35}\text{H}_{37}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);

benzyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
2-methylpropylcarbamate (Compound 217);

benzyl 1S-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-
3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 218);

benzyl 1S-[2-(4,5-dihydro-4,4-dimethyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-
1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 219), MS(PCI) $m/z = 510$
 $(M + 1)$; $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 0.99 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), 1.11 - 1.35 (m, 6H), δ 1.4 - 1.78 (m, 3H), δ 1.82 - 2.01 (m, 2H), δ 2.55 - 2.72 (m, 2H), δ 3.95 (m, 1H), δ 4.0 - 4.25 (m, 3H), δ 4.30
 25 (s, 1H), δ 5.10 (s, 2H), δ 5.35 (s, 1H), δ 6.58 (m, 1H) 7.1 - 7.37 (m, 10H); ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{39}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);

methyl 2-[2-(2-benzoyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvaleryl-amino)-1-hydroxy-
4-phenylbutyl]-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate (Compound 220), MS(PCI) $m/z = 540 (M + 1)$;
 $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 0.99 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), 1.25 (m, 1H), δ 1.47 (m, 1H) 1.65 (m, 2H),
 δ 1.99 (m, 2H), δ 2.15 (s, 1H), δ 2.65 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.70 (s, 3H) 4.18 (m, 1H),
 30 δ 4.25 - 4.50 (m, 3H), δ 4.51 - 4.64 (m, 2H), δ 5.17 (m, 2H), δ 5.35 (d, $J = 5$ Hz, 1H) 6.65 (d,
 $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.17 - 7.45 (m, 10H); ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{37}\text{N}_3\text{O}_7$);

- methyl 2-[2-(2,2-dimethylpropionylamino)-4-phenylbutyryl]oxazole-4-carboxylate
(Compound 221); MS (ESI) m/z = 373 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 1.25 (s, 9H), δ 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.46 (m, 1H), δ 2.77 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.99 (s, 3H), δ 5.55 (m, 1H), δ 6.41 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.20 - 7.38 (m, 5H), δ 8.41 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$);
- 5 *tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-(5-*tert*-butylbenzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
(Compound 222);
- tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethyl-2-(5-sulfamoylbenzooxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 223);
- 10 *tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-hydroxy-2-naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl)-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 224);
- tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-hydroxy-2-naphtho[2,1-*d*]oxazol-2-yl)-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 225);
- 15 *tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethyl-2-(5-phenylbenzooxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate
(Compound 226);
- tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 227); MS (ESI) m/z = 607 ($M +$
- 20 1); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.50 - 0.61 (m, 1H), δ 0.75 - 0.98 (m, 6H), δ 1.22 (m, 1H), δ 1.41 (s, 9H), δ 1.81 - 1.85 (m, 1H), δ 1.99 - 2.06 (m, 1H), δ 2.70 (m, 2H), δ 4.24 (d, $J = 2$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.50 - 4.70 (m, 1H), δ 4.99 - 5.14 (m, 2H), δ 6.96 - 7.81 (m, 15H), ($\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{46}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);
- tert*-butyl 3-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-methylbutylcarbamoyl]benzylcarbamate (Compound 228);
- 25 *tert*-butyl 4-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl)-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 229);
- benzyl 3-methyl-1*S*-(2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethyl-2-(5-phenyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl)butylcarbamate (Compound 230); MS (ESI) m/z = 556 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.75 - 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.25 - 1.80 (m, 5H), δ 2.00 (m, 2H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 4.15 (m, 1H), δ 4.55 (m, 1H), δ 4.85 - 5.20 (m, 2H), δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.80 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.12 - 7.48 (m, 14H), δ 7.62 (d, $J = 2$ Hz, 2H), ($\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{37}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);
- 30 pyrid-3-yl 3-methyl-1*S*-(2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethyl-

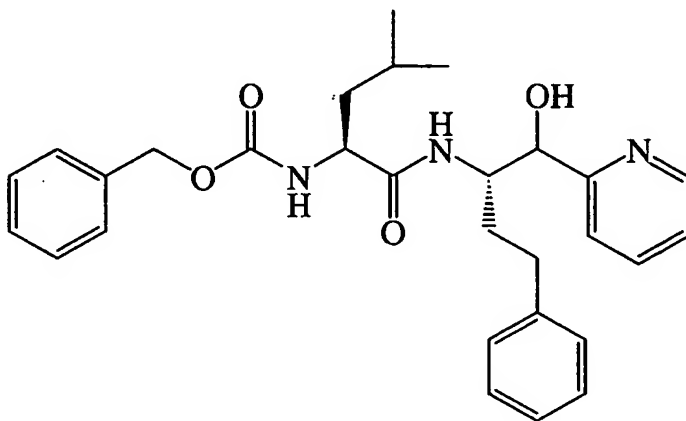
2-(5-phenyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 231); MS (ESI) m/z = 527 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.75 - 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.45 - 1.75 (m, 5H), δ 2.00 (m, 2H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 4.40 - 5.10 (m, 3H), δ 5.60(s, 1H), δ 7.00 - 7.47 (m, 10H), δ 7.62 (m, 2H), δ 8.15 (m, 1H), δ 8.65 (m, 1H), δ 9.15 (m, 1H), ($\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{34}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4$); and

- 5 benzyl 1*S*-[2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethyl-
2-(5-phenyloxazol-2-yl)ethylsulfamoylmethyl]-2*R*-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 232); MS (ESI) m/z = 606 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.75 - 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.30 - 1.50 (m, 5H), δ 1.98 (m, 2H), δ 2.77 (m, 3H), δ 3.55 (m, 2H), δ 4.09 (m, 1H), δ 4.90 - 5.10 (m, 3H), δ 5.60 (m, 1H), δ 7.02 - 7.47 (m, 14H), δ 7.62 (m, 2H), ($\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{39}\text{N}_3\text{O}_6\text{S}$).

10

EXAMPLE 21

Benzyl 3-methyl-1*S*-(1*S*-pyrid-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)butylcarbamate
(Compound 233)



- A solution comprised of 2-bromopyridine (0.291 mL, 3.06 mmol) in dry THF (2 mL)
15 was cooled to -78°C and then a solution of *n*-butyllithium (1.6 mL, 2.72 mmol) in pentane was
added dropwise over 2 minutes. The mixture was stirred at -78°C for 10 minutes and then a
solution of benzyl 1-[1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-
3-methylbutylcarbamate (0.3 g, 0.64 mmol) in THF (2 mL) was added slowly. The mixture was
stirred, while allowing to slowly warm to room temperature, and then poured into a solution
20 comprising acetic acid (0.163 mL) in diethyl ether (50 mL). The organic phase was washed
with brine (40 mL), dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated *in vacuo*. Product was purified from the
residue by flash chromatography on silica gel eluting with 1:2 ethyl acetate/hexanes to provide

benzyl 3-methyl-1-(1-pyrid-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)butylcarbamate (82 mg, 0.17 mmol) as a white solid. MS (ESI) m/z = 488 ($M + 1$); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), 1.5 (m, 1H), δ 1.6 - 1.78 (t, 2H), δ 1.99 - 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.6 - 2.9 (m, 1H), δ 2.55 - 2.85 (m, 2H), δ 4.25 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.25 (m, 1H), δ 6.00 (m, 1H),
5 δ 6.85 - 6.95 (d, $J = 10$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.1 - 7.4 (m, 10H) 7.50 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.85 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H) 8.01 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.69 (m, 1H). Anal ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$).

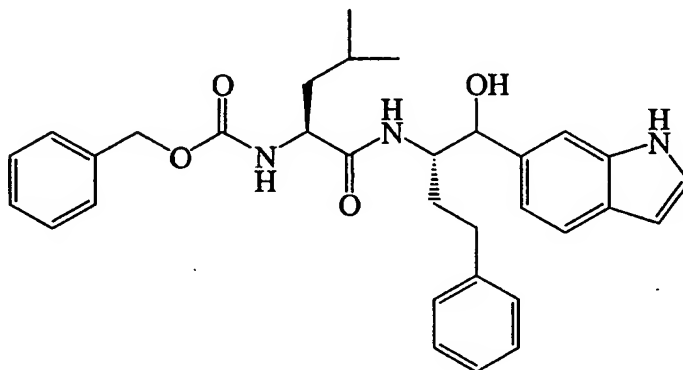
Proceeding as in Example 21 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

benzyl 1-[1-(pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate
(Compound 234), MS(PCI) m/z = 488 ($M + 1$); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H)
10 , 1.5 (m, 1H), δ 1.6 - 1.78 (t, 2H), δ 1.80 - 2.01 (m, 2H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H) 2.6 - 2.9 (t, $J = 3$ Hz, 1H), δ 2.55 - 2.85 (m, 2H), δ 4.30 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.35 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 5.55 (m, 1H), δ 7.02 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.1 - 7.4 (m, 10H) 8.05 (d, $J = 5$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.78 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 9.10 (s, 1H); ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$); and

benzyl 1-[1-(quinol-3-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate
15 (Compound 235), MS(PCI) m/z = 538 ($M + 1$); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), 1.5 (m, 1H), δ 1.6 - 1.78 (m, 2H), δ 1.99 - 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.6 - 2.9 (m, 1H), δ 2.55 - 2.85 (m, 2H), δ 4.35 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 - 5.25 (m, 3H), δ 5.70 (m, 1H), δ 6.75 - 6.85 (d, $J = 10$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.20 - 7.45 (m, 10H), δ 7.65 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.77 - 7.90 (m, 2H), δ 8.22 (d, $J = 7$, 1H), δ 8.46 (s, 1H), δ 9.4 (s, 1H); ($\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{O}_4$).

EXAMPLE 22Benzyl 1-[1-(1*H*-indol-5-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate

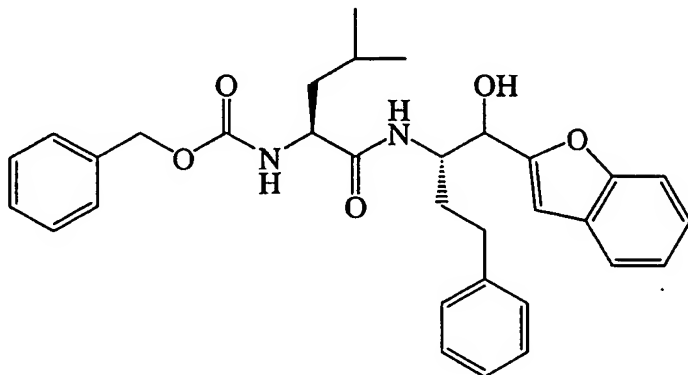
(Compound 236)



- 5 A mixture comprised of potassium hydride (0.29 g, 2.56 mmol, 67% in mineral oil) in anhydrous ether (5 mL) was cooled to 0° C and then a solution comprised of 5-bromo-1*H*-indole (0.5 g, 2.56 mmol) in anhydrous ether (5 mL) was added. The mixture was stirred for 15 minutes and then cooled to -78° C under nitrogen. A solution comprised of *tert*-butyllithium (3 mL in pentane, 5.08 mmol) in anhydrous ether (5 mL) was cooled to -78° C and added to the
- 10 indole mixture over 2 minutes. The mixture was stirred for 10 minutes and then a solution comprised of benzyl 1-[1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (0.3 g, 0.64 mM) in ether (10 mL) was added. The mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and then poured into a cold solution at 0° C of phosphoric acid (25 mL, 1 M in water). The aqueous layer was separated and extracted with ethyl acetate
- 15 (25 mL). The organic layers were combined and washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate (25 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated. The product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography on silica gel eluting with 1:2 ethyl acetate/hexanes to provide benzyl 1-[1-(1*H*-indol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (112 mg, 0.21 mmol) as a white solid. MS (ESI) *m/z* = 526(*M* + 1); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, *J* = 4 Hz, 6H), 1.5 (s, 1H), δ 1.5 - 1.78 (m, 3H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.4 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.35 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.25 (d, *J* = 6 Hz 1H), δ 5.75 (m, 1H), δ 6.55 (s, 1H) 7.05 (d, *J* = 4Hz, 1H), δ 7.1 - 7.45 (m, 10H) 7.7 (d, *J* = 4Hz, 1H), δ 8.15 (d, *J* = 4Hz, 1H) 8.78 (m, 1H). (C₃₂H₃₅N₃O₄).
- 20

EXAMPLE 23

benzyl 1-[1-(benzofur-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate
(Compound 237)



- 5 A solution comprised of benzofuran (0.302 g, 2.56 mmol) in anhydrous ether (5 mL) was cooled to -15° C under a nitrogen atmosphere and then a solution of *n*-butyllithium (1.6 mL in hexanes) was added dropwise over 2 minutes. The mixture was stirred for 1 hour and then a solution comprised of benzyl 1-[1-(*N*-methoxy-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (0.3 g, 0.64 mmol) in diethyl ether was added. The mixture was stirred
- 10 at -15° C until the reaction was complete. The mixture was quenched with a solution of acetic acid (0.153 mL) in diethyl ether (50 mL). The organic phase was washed with brine (40 mL), dried (MgSO₄) and concentrated *in vacuo*. The product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 2:3 ethyl acetate/hexanes to provide benzyl 1-[1-(benzofur-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (70 mg,
- 15 0.13 mmol) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.8 - 0.99 (d, J = 4 Hz, 6H), 1.5 (m, 1H), δ 1.6 - 1.72 (m, 2H), δ 1.99 - 2.18 (m, 1H), δ 2.22 - 2.41 (m, 1H), δ 2.6 - 2.75 (m, 2H), δ 4.21 (m, 1H), δ 5.01 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.75 - 6.81 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H), δ 7.10 - 7.37 (m, 11H) 7.4 - 7.59 (m, 3H), δ 7.64 (d, J = 7 Hz, 1H). (C₃₂H₃₄N₂O₅).

Proceeding as in Example 23 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

- 20 benzyl 1-[1-(benzothiazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 238), ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.91 (d, J = 5.88 Hz, 6H), δ 1.39 - 1.54 (m, 1H), δ 1.60 - 1.72 (m, 2H), δ 2.11 - 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 - 2.54 (m, 1H), δ 2.72

(m, 2H), δ 4.21 (m, 1H), δ 5.10 (s, 3H), δ 5.84 (m, 1H), δ 6.87 (d, J = 8.15 Hz, 1H),
 δ 7.10 - 7.40 (m, 10H), δ 7.54 (dt, J = 1.62, 8.10 Hz, 1H), δ 7.58 (dt, J = 1.46, 7.80 Hz, 1H),
 δ 7.97 (dd, J = 1.80, 8.15 Hz, 1H), δ 8.17 (dd, J = 1.66, 7.67 Hz, 1H);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-thiazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butylcarbamate

5 (Compound 239);

N-[3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-thiazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butyl]-

4-methylpiperazine-1-carboxamide (Compound 240);

tert-butyl 4-[3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-

1S-thiazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butylcarbamoyl]piperazine-1-carboxylate

10 (Compound 241);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-thien-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butylcarbamate

(Compound 242);

benzyl 1S-[1S-(1-methyl-1H-imidazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 243);

15 benzyl 1S-(1S-thiazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-methylpropylcarbamate
 (Compound 244);

N-[3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-thiazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butyl]piperazine-

1-carboxamide (Compound 245);

benzyl 1S-[1S-(4-methylthiazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

20 3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 246);

benzyl 1S-(1S-furyl-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate

(Compound 247), ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.91 (d, J = 6.18 Hz, 6H), δ 1.42 - 1.70 (m, 3H),

δ 1.98 - 2.13 (m, 1H), δ 2.19 - 2.37 (m, 1H), δ 2.69 (t, J = 7.60 Hz, 2H), δ 4.22 (m, 1H), δ 5.10

(d, J = 7.76 Hz, 1H), δ 5.12 (s, 2H), δ 5.54 (m, 1H), δ 6.76 (d, J = 8.15 Hz, 1H), δ 7.16 - 7.36

25 (m, 10H), δ 7.39 (dt, J = 1.82, 7.86 Hz, 1H), δ 7.47 (dt, J = 1.63, 7.79 Hz, 1H), δ 7.69 (s, 1H),

δ 7.80 (d, J = 7.15 Hz, 1H), δ 7.85 (d, J = 8.18 Hz, 1H);

benzyl 1S-[1S-(1-benzyl-1H-imidazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 248);

benzyl 3-phenyl-1-(4,5-dihydro-4S-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propyl]carbamate

30 (Compound 249);

benzyl 3-phenyl-1-(4,5-dihydro-5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropyl]carbamate

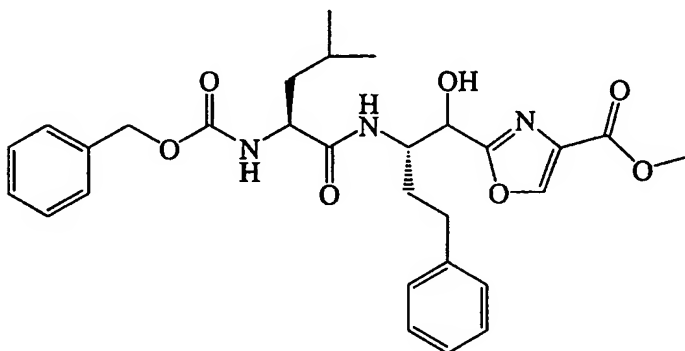
(Compound 250);

benzyl [1-(4,5-dihydro-4S-methyl-5S-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-
3-phenylpropyl]carbamate (Compound 251); and
ethyl 2-[2-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-
4-phenylbutyryl]thiazole-4-carboxylate (Compound 252).

5

EXAMPLE 24

Methyl 2-[2-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-1-hydroxy-
4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-4-carboxylate
 (Compound 253)

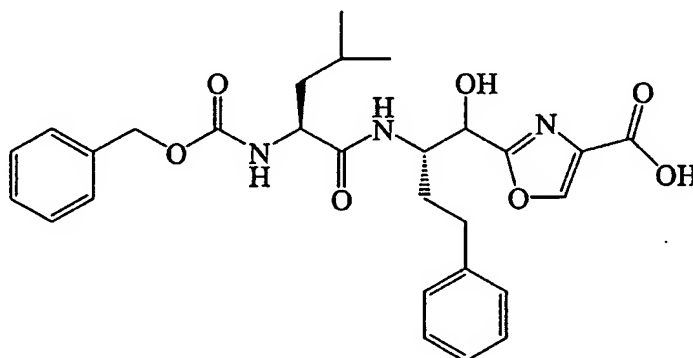


- 10 A solution comprised of methyl 2-[2-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]-4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate (0.036 g, 0.067 mmol) in methylene chloride (3 mL) was cooled to 0° C and then DBU (11.2 mg, 72.7 μ mol) and bromotrichloromethane (14.6 mg, 73.7 μ mol) were added. The mixture was stirred for 6 hours at room temperature and concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (20 mL) and
- 15 the solution was dried (MgSO_4) and concentrated. The product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 1:3 hexanes/ethyl acetate to provide methyl 2-[2-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-4-carboxylate (12 mg, 0.022 mmol) as a white solid. MS(PCI) m/z = 538 ($M+1$) ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, J = 4 Hz, 6H), δ 1.55 - 1.70 (m, 3H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 (m, 1H),
- 20 δ 2.69 (m, 2H), δ 3.99 (m, 3H) 4.45 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.78 (m, 1H), δ 7.01 (d, J = 4Hz 1H), δ 7.14 - 7.47 (m, 10H) 7.72 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H), δ 8.40 (s, 1H). ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{O}_7$).

EXAMPLE 25

2-[2-(2-Benzoyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvaleryl-amino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-
4-carboxylic acid
(Compound 254)

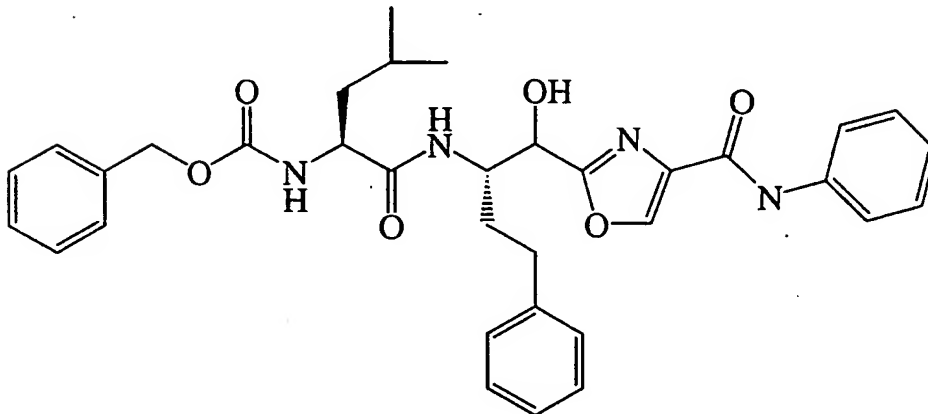
5



A mixture comprised of methyl 2-[2-(2-benzoyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvaleryl-amino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-4-carboxylate (2.16 g, 4.02 mmol), provided as in Example 18, and sodium hydroxide (0.815 mL, 1.63 M in water) in methanol (10 mL) was stirred for approximately 12 hours at room temperature, acidified with 1 M hydrochloric acid and
10 concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL) and the solution dried (MgSO₄). The product was recrystallized from methanol and ether to provide 2-[2-(2-benzoyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvaleryl-amino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-4-carboxylic acid (1.77 g, 3.38 mmol) as an off white solid.

EXAMPLE 26

**Benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-
2-(4-phenylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate**
(Compound 255)



A solution comprised of 2-[2-(2-benzylloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvaleryl-amino)-1-hydroxy-4-phenylbutyl]oxazole-4-carboxylic acid (0.05 g, 0.096 mmol), provided as in Example 7, in DMF (5 mL) was stirred while PyBOP® (0.05 g, 0.096 mmol) and aniline (9 mg, 0.096 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred for an additional 2 minutes and

10 diisopropylethylamine (12.4 mg, 0.096 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred for 2 hours at room temperature, poured into cold water 0° C at and extracted with ethyl acetate (4 x 30mL). The extracts were combined, dried (MgSO₄) and then concentrated. The product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 1:2 hexanes/ethyl acetate to provide benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-

15 2-(4-phenylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (30 mg, 0.05 mmol) as a white solid. MS (ESI)) m/z = 599 (M + 1); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, J = 4 Hz, 6H) , 1.35 (m, 1H), δ 1.55 (m, 1H), δ 2.00 - 2.15 (m, 2H), δ 2.62 (m, 2H), δ 2.80 (m, 2H), δ 3.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.11 (m, 1H), δ 4.30 (m, 1H), δ 4.45 (m, 1H), δ 4.95 (s, 1H) 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.2 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H), δ 6.70 (d, J = 5Hz 1H), δ 7.1 - 7.45 (m, 15H) 7.7 (d, J = 4Hz, 1H), δ 8.19 (s, 1H), δ 8.99

20 (s, 1H). (C₃₄H₃₈N₄O₆).

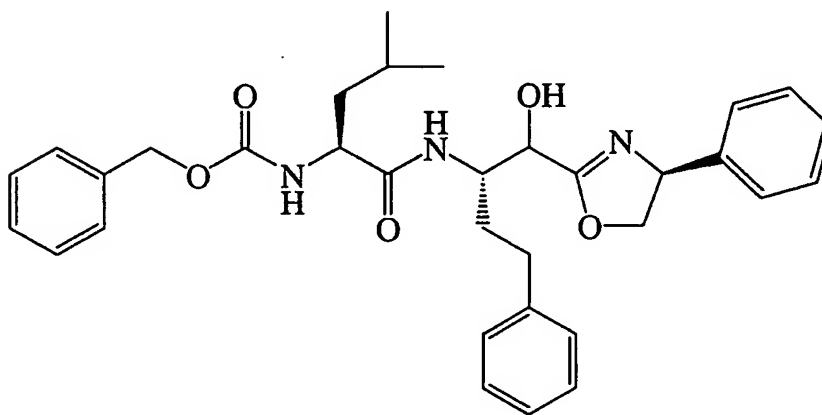
Proceeding as in Example 26 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

benzyl 1-[2-(4-benzylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 256), MS (ESI) $m/z = 613 (M + 1)$; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.25 - 1.75 (m, 3H), δ 2.00 - 2.20 (m, 2H), δ 2.69 (m, 2H), δ 3.85 (m, 1H), δ 3.95 (m, 1H), δ 4.25 (m, 1H), δ 4.60 (m, 2H), δ 4.80 (s, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.59 (m, 1H), δ 6.59 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.47 (m, 15H), δ 8.20 (s, 1H); ($\text{C}_{35}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$); and

benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-2-(4-phenylethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 257), MS (ESI) $m/z = 627 (M + 1)$; ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.25 - 1.75 (m, 4H), δ 2.00 (m, 2H), δ 2.59 (m, 2H), δ 2.88 (m, 2H), δ 3.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.02 (m, 1H), δ 4.25 (m, 1H), δ 4.80 (s, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 6.59 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.00 - 7.42 (m, 15H), δ 8.20 (s, 1H); ($\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{42}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$).

EXAMPLE 27

benzyl 1-[1-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate
(Compound 258)



A solution comprised of benzyl 1*S*-[2-(4,5-dihydro-4*S*-phenyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-1*S*-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (0.038 g, 0.078 mmol), provided as in Example 14, and Dess-Martin Periodinane (0.031 g, 0.072 mmol) in methylene chloride (5 mL) was stirred while a mixture of 0.001:1 methylene chloride/water (2 mL) was slowly added. The mixture was stirred until the reaction was complete and then concentrated. The residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (50 mL) and the solution was washed with saturated sodium

bicarbonate (40 mL), sodium thiosulfate (40 mL, 10% wt/wt), water (40 mL) and brine (40 mL), dried (MgSO_4) and then concentrated. Product was purified from the residue by flash chromatography eluting with 3:1 ethyl acetate/hexanes to provide benzyl 1-[1-(4,5-dihydro-4S-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (0.014g, 5 37.5%) as a white solid. MS (PCI) m/z = 556 ($M+1$) ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.4 - 1.78 (m, 3H), δ 1.87 - 2.12 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (t, J = 4Hz, 2H), δ 4.25 (t, J = 3Hz, 2H), δ 4.75 (t, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 5.10 (s, 2H), δ 5.40 (d J = 3Hz, 1H), δ 5.50 (t, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 6.97 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H) 7.1 - 7.49 (m, 15H). ($\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{37}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$).

Proceeding as in Example 27 provided the following compounds of Formula I:

- 10 benzyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 259);
- benzyl 1S-[1S-(4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 260), MS (PCI) m/z = 480 ($M+1$) ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.4 - 1.78 (m, 3H), δ 1.82 - 2.01 (m, 2H), δ 2.65 (t, J = 5 Hz 2H), δ 2.99 (t, J = 4Hz, 1H), δ 3.75 (d, J = 3Hz, 1H), δ 4.10 - 4.35 (m, 3H), δ 4.50 (m, 1H), 15 δ 5.17 (s, 3H), δ 6.85 (s, 1H), δ 7.1 - 7.49 (m, 10H), ($\text{C}_{27}\text{H}_{33}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);
- N-[3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 261), ^1H NMR ($\text{DMSO}-d_6$): δ 0.83 (d, J = 6.91 Hz, 6H), δ 1.34 - 1.87 (m, 7H), δ 1.92 - 2.07 (m, 1H), 20 δ 2.20 - 2.33 (m, 1H), δ 2.41 - 2.54 (m, 1H), δ 2.62 - 2.92 (m, 4H), δ 3.26 (bd, J = 12.12 2H), δ 4.39 (m, 1H), δ 5.18 (m, 1H), δ 7.16 - 7.33 (m, 5H), δ 7.54 (t, J = 7.64 Hz, 1H), δ 7.64 (t, 7.82 Hz, 1H), δ 7.87 (d, J = 8.40 Hz, 1H), δ 7.96 (d, J = 7.67 Hz, 1H), δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.15 Hz, 1H), δ 8.29 (bs, 1H), δ 8.60 (bs, 1H), δ 8.76 (d, J = 6.45 Hz, 1H);
- benzyl 1-[1-(4,5-dihydro-5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 262); 25 benzyl 1-[1-(4,5-dihydro-5S-phenyl-4S-methyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 263);
- benzyl 1S-(1S-phenethyl-2-benzimidazol-2-yl-1-oxoethylcarbamoyl)-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 264), ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.82 - 0.96 (m, 6H), 30 δ 1.44 - 1.75 (m, 3H), δ 2.17 - 2.32 (m, 1H), δ 2.43 - 2.56 (m, 1H), δ 2.61 - 2.80 (m, 2H), δ 4.55

(m, 1H), δ 5.13 (m, 2H), δ 5.35 (d, J = 8.67 Hz, 1H), δ 5.70 - 5.88 (m, 1H), δ 7.00 - 7.42 (m, 14H), δ 7.50 - 7.83 (m, 2H);

benzyl 1-[1-(naphtho[2,3-*d*]oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 265);

5 methyl 2-[2-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-4-phenylbutyryl]-
4,5-dihydrooxazole-4-carboxylate (Compound 266), MS(PCI) m/z = 538 ($M + 1$); ^1H NMR
 (CDCl_3): δ 0.8 - 0.99 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), 1.25 (m, 1H), δ 1.47 (m, 1H), 1.65 (m, 3H), δ 1.99 (m,
 1H), δ 2.35 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 3.70 (m, 3H), 4.18 (m, 2H), δ 4.55 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s,
 2H), δ 5.35 (m, 1H), 6.75 (m, 1H), δ 7.17 - 7.45 (m, 10H), ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{O}_7$);

10 benzyl 1S-[1S-(4,5-dihydro-4,4-dimethyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-
3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 267), MS(PCI) m/z = 508 ($M + 1$); ^1H NMR (CDCl_3):
 δ 0.8 - 0.99 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.36 (s, 6H), δ 1.5 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.82 - 2.01 (m, 1H),
 δ 2.35 (m, 1H), δ 2.6 (t, J = 6 Hz, 2H), δ 4.05 (s, 2H), δ 4.25 (m, 2H), δ 5.10 (s, 2H), δ 5.4 (m,
 1H), δ 6.75 (d, J = 8 Hz, 1H), 7.1 - 7.38 (m, 10H); ($\text{C}_{29}\text{H}_{37}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);

15 benzyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-methylpropylcarbamate (Compound 268), ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (d, J = 6.91 Hz, 3H),
 δ 0.97 (d, J = 6.94 Hz, 3H), δ 2.06 - 2.25 (m, 2H), δ 2.38 - 2.55 (m, 1H), δ 2.74 (m, 2H), δ 4.03
 (dd, J = 1.73, 6.45 Hz, 1H), δ 5.10 (s, 2H), δ 5.29 (d, J = 8.67 Hz, 1H), δ 5.73 (m, 1H), δ 6.66 (d,
 J = 7.42 Hz, 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.40 (m, 10H), δ 7.46 (dt, J = 1.62, 8.10 Hz, 1H), δ 7.55 (dt, J = 1.83,
 20 7.76 Hz, 1H), δ 7.64 (d, J = 8.06 Hz, 1H), δ 7.89 (d, J = 7.46 Hz, 1H);

benzyl 1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-

2-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 269), ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.88 (t, J = 7.43 Hz, 3H), δ 0.91
 (d, J = 6.67 Hz, 3H), δ 1.04 - 1.21 (m, 1H), δ 1.40 - 1.55 (m, 1H), δ 1.78 - 1.93 (m, 1H),
 δ 2.10 - 2.24 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 - 2.54 (m, 1H), δ 2.74 (t, J = 7.60 Hz, 2H), δ 4.06 (t, J = 6.21 Hz,
 25 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.29 (d, J = 8.67 Hz, 1H), δ 5.72 (m, 1H), δ 6.66 (d, J = 8.00 Hz, 1H),
 δ 7.09 - 7.39 (m, 10H), δ 7.46 (dt, J = 1.68, 7.80 Hz, 1H), δ 7.55 (dt, J = 1.44, 7.56 Hz, 1H),
 δ 7.63 (d, J = 8.04 Hz, 1H), δ 7.89 (d, J = 7.82 Hz, 1H);

benzyl 1S-[1S-(5-chlorobenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 270), ^1H NMR (CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (m, 6H), δ 1.39 - 1.53 (m,
 30 1H), δ 1.59 - 1.70 (m, 2H), δ 2.07 - 2.21 (m, 1H), δ 2.37 - 2.52 (m, 1H), δ 2.73 (t, J = 7.91 Hz,
 2H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 5.06 (d, J = 7.91 Hz, 1H), δ 5.10 (s, 2H), δ 5.64 (m, 1H), δ 6.77 (d,
 J = 7.67 Hz, 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.37 (m, 10H), δ 7.53 (dq, J = 1.86, 8.91 Hz, 2H), δ 7.89 (d, J = 1.73

Hz, 1H);

N-[3-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-(5-chlorobenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl]butyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide
(Compound 271);

- 5 N-[2-cyclohexyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl]ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 272);
MS (ESI) m/z = 545 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3 , CD_3OD): δ 0.85 (m, 2H),
 δ 1.02 - 1.58 (m, 4H), δ 1.40 - 1.71 (m, 7H), δ 1.75 - 2.21 (m, 5H), δ 2.38 (m, 1H), δ 2.51 (m,
1H), δ 2.69 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.32 (m, 2H), δ 4.39 (q, $J = 6$ Hz 1H), δ 5.53 (q, $J = 3$ Hz 1H),
10 δ 7.11 - 7.21 (m, 5H), δ 7.24 (s, 1H), δ 7.38 - 7.61 (m, 3H), δ 7.73 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.82(d,
 $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), ($\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4$);

methyl 2-(2-benzoyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-4-phenylbutyryloxazole-4-carboxylate (Compound 273);

- benzyl 1-[1-(4-phenylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 274), MS (ESI) m/z = 597 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3):
15 δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.55 (m, 1H), δ 1.70 (s, 2H), δ 2.00 - 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 (m,
1H), δ 2.69 (m, 2H), δ 2.97 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.70(q, $J = 3$ Hz, 2H) 4.25 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s,
2H), δ 5.59 (m, 1H), δ 6.99 (d, $J = 4\text{Hz}$ 1H), δ 7.14 - 7.47 (m, 15H) 7.72(d, $J = 4\text{Hz}$, 1H),
 δ 8.47 (s, 1H), δ 8.65 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{34}\text{H}_{36}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

- 20 benzyl 1-[1-(4-benzylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 275), MS (ESI) m/z = 611 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3):
 δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.45 - 1.70 (m, 4H), δ 2.00 - 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 (m, 1H),
 δ 2.69 (m, 2H), δ 4.25 (m, 1H), δ 4.67 (t, $J = 3$ Hz, 2H), δ 5.17 (m, 3H), δ 5.59 (m, 1H), δ 6.85
(d, $J = 4\text{Hz}$ 1H), δ 7.10 - 7.47 (m, 15H), δ 8.47 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{35}\text{H}_{38}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

- 25 tert-butyl 4-[1S-[1S-(5-tert-butylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 276), $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3):
 δ 0.86 - 0.97 (m, 6H), δ 1.34 - 1.85 (m, 7H), δ 1.38 (s, 9H), δ 1.43 (s, 9H), δ 2.09 - 2.30 (m,
2H), δ 2.37 - 2.52 (m, 1H), δ 2.72 (m, 4H), δ 4.11 (bd, $J = 12.85$, 2H), δ 4.49 (m, 1H), δ 5.66 (m,
1H), δ 5.97 (d, $J = 7.91$ Hz, 1H), δ 6.89 (d, $J = 7.67$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.11 - 7.27 (m, 5H), δ 7.50 - 7.64
30 (m, 2H), δ 7.86 (d, $J = 1.56$ Hz, 1H);

tert-butyl 4-[1S-[1S-(5-sulfamoylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 277), $^1\text{H NMR}$ (CDCl_3):

δ 0.85 - 0.96 (m, 6H), δ 1.37 - 1.82 (m, 7H), δ 1.42 (s, 9H), δ 2.08 - 2.46 (m, 3H), δ 2.71 (m, 4H), δ 4.02 (bs, 2H), δ 4.56 (m, 1H), δ 5.38 (bs, 1H), δ 5.78 (bs, 2H), δ 6.38 (d, J = 8.42 Hz, 1H), δ 7.07 - 7.25 (m, 5H), δ 7.70 (dd, J = 3.48, 8.64 Hz, 1H), δ 8.08 (dd, J = 1.73, 8.67 Hz, 1H), δ 8.41 (dd, J = 1.49, 3.96 Hz, 1H);

5 N-[3-methyl-1S-[3-phenyl-

1S-(5-tert-butylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl]butyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide

(Compound 278), ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0.82 (t, J = 6.18 Hz, 6H), δ 1.36 (s, 9H), δ 1.33 - 1.88 (m, 7H), δ 1.91 - 2.06 (m, 1H), δ 2.19 - 2.34 (m, 1H), δ 2.42 - 2.54 (m, 1H), δ 2.61 - 2.92 (m, 4H), δ 3.27 (bd, J = 12.02 Hz, 2H), δ 4.39 (m, 1H), δ 5.19 (m, 1H), δ 7.15 - 7.33 (m, 5H), δ 7.74 (dq, J = 1.97, 7.91 Hz, 2H), δ 7.90 (d, J = 1.83 Hz, 1H), δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.15 Hz, 1H), δ 8.27 (bs, 1H), δ 8.56 (bs, 1H), δ 8.72 (d, J = 6.43 Hz, 1H);

N-[3-methyl-1S-[3-phenyl-

1S-(5-sulfamoylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl]butyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide

(Compound 279), ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0.80 - 0.88 (m, 6H), δ 1.31 - 1.86 (m, 7H), δ 1.92 - 2.05 (m, 1H), δ 2.22 - 2.33 (m, 1H), δ 2.41 - 2.52 (m, 1H), δ 2.63 - 2.89 (m, 4H), δ 3.26 (bd, J = 11.88 Hz, 2H), δ 4.40 (m, 1H), δ 5.13 (m, 1H), δ 7.16 - 7.31 (m, 5H), δ 7.57 (s, 2H), δ 8.05 (m, 3H), δ 8.25 (bs, 1H), δ 8.32 (s, 1H), δ 8.55 (bs, 1H), δ 8.82 (d, J = 6.18 Hz, 1H), δ 8.88 (d, J = 6.84 Hz, 1H);

tert-butyl 4-[1S-(1S-naphtho[1,2-d]oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

20 3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 280), ¹H NMR (CDCl₃):

δ 0.87 - 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.39 - 1.85 (m, 7H), δ 1.44 (s, 9H), δ 2.13 - 2.32 (m, 2H), δ 2.45 - 2.60 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 - 2.81 (m, 4H), δ 4.12 (m, 2H), δ 4.53 (m, 1H), δ 5.79 (m, 1H), δ 6.00 (d, J = 7.94 Hz, 1H), δ 6.90 (d, J = 7.67 Hz, 1H), δ 7.12 - 7.26 (m, 5H), δ 7.56 - 7.80 (m, 3H), δ 7.93 - 8.00 (m, 2H), δ 8.52 (dd, J = 1.97, 8.00 Hz, 1H);

25 tert-butyl 4-[1S-(1S-naphtho[2,1-d]oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 281), ¹H NMR (CDCl₃):

δ 0.88 - 0.97 (m, 6H), δ 1.38 - 1.86 (m, 7H), δ 1.43 (s, 9H), δ 2.15 - 2.31 (m, 2H), δ 2.43 - 2.57 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 - 2.79 (m, 4H), δ 4.11 (m, 2H), δ 4.52 (m, 1H), δ 5.73 (m, 1H), δ 5.96 (d, J = 7.94 Hz, 1H), δ 6.90 (d, J = 7.91 Hz, 1H), δ 7.12 - 7.26 (m, 5H), δ 7.66 (m, 2H), δ 7.85 (s, 1H), δ 7.99 (dd, J = 1.85, 7.80 Hz, 1H), δ 8.33 (dd, J = 1.97, 7.94 Hz, 1H);

tert-butyl 4-[1S-[1S-(5-phenylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

3-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 282); MS (ESI) m/z = 681 (M +

1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.85 - 0.98 (m, 6H), δ 1.43 (s, 9H), δ 1.60 - 1.85 (m, 5H), δ 2.14 - 2.30 (m, 2H), δ 2.56 (m, 1H), δ 2.75 (m, 4H), δ 4.12 (m, 2H), δ 4.52 (m, 1H), δ 5.69 (m, 1H), δ 5.92 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 6.85 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.13 - 7.26 (m, 7H), δ 7.36 - 7.80 (m, 7H), δ 8.05 (s, 1H), (C₄₀H₄₈N₄O₆);

5 N-{3-methyl-1S-[3-phenyl]-

1S-(naphtho[1,2-d]oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl}butyl}piperidine-4-carboxamide

(Compound 283), ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0.81 (m, 6H), δ 1.35 - 1.86 (m, 7H), δ 1.96 - 2.11 (m, 1H), δ 2.26 - 2.53 (m, 2H), δ 2.64 - 2.91 (m, 4H), δ 3.26 (bd, J = 11.63 2H), δ 4.42 (m, 1H), δ 5.27 (m, 1H), δ 7.19 - 7.36 (m, 5H), δ 7.70 (t, J = 7.91 Hz, 1H), δ 7.83 (t, J = 7.43 Hz, 1H),
10 δ 8.01 (d, J = 8.91 Hz, 1H), δ 8.08 (m, 1H), δ 8.18 (d, J = 8.91 Hz, 2H), δ 8.27 (bs, 1H), δ 8.39 (d, J = 7.91 Hz, 1H), δ 8.56 (bs, 1H), δ 8.75 (d, J = 6.45 Hz, 1H);

N-{3-methyl-1S-[3-phenyl]-

1S-(naphtho[2,1-d]benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl}butyl}piperidine-4-carboxamide

(Compound 284), ¹H NMR (DMSO-d₆): δ 0.81 (t, J = 6.43 Hz, 6H), δ 1.34 - 1.87 (m, 7H),
15 δ 1.97 - 2.12 (m, 1H), δ 2.24 - 2.38 (m, 1H), δ 2.42 - 2.53 (m, 1H), δ 2.66 - 2.93 (m, 4H), δ 3.26 (bd, J = 10.12 2H), δ 4.41 (m, 1H), δ 5.26 (m, 1H), δ 7.16 - 7.34 (m, 5H), δ 7.77 (m, 2H), δ 7.97 (d, J = 8.91 Hz, 1H), δ 8.05 (d, J = 8.86 Hz, 1H), δ 8.07 (d, J = 8.64 Hz, 1H), δ 8.19 (d, J = 7.91 Hz, 1H), δ 8.26 (bs, 1H), δ 8.28 (d, J = 7.67 Hz, 1H), δ 8.56 (bs, 1H), δ 8.78 (d, J = 6.43 Hz, 1H);

20 N-{3-methyl-1-[3-phenyl]-

1-(5-phenylbenzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)propylcarbamoyl}butyl}piperidine-4-carboxamide

(Compound 285);

benzyl 1-[1-(4-phenylethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-

3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 286), MS (ESI) m/z = 625 (M + 1); ¹H NMR (CDCl₃):

25 δ 0.8 - 1.05 (d, J = 4 Hz, 6H), δ 1.50 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 3H), δ 2.00 - 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.35 (m, 1H), δ 2.60 (m, 2H), δ 2.99 (t, J = 4Hz, 2H), δ 3.67(q, J = 3 Hz, 2H), 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 5.17 (s, 2H), δ 5.59 (m, 1H), δ 6.85 - 6.98 (m, 2H), δ 7.10 - 7.47 (m, 15H), δ 8.43 (s, 1H);
(C₃₆H₄₀N₄O₆);

benzyl 1-[1-[4-(3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-

30 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 287); MS (ESI) m/z = 639 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.50 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 3H), δ 2.00 (m, 4H), δ 2.35 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 4H), δ 3.49 (m, 2H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H),

- δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.85 (m, 1H), δ 7.23(m, 15H), δ 8.35 (s, 1H), δ ($C_{37}H_{42}N_4O_6$);
tert-butyl 4-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-methylbutylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 288);
tert-butyl 3-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
5 2-methylbutylcarbamoyl]benzylcarbamate (Compound 289);
N-[2-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-
1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide (Compound 290);
N-[2-methyl-1S-(3-phenyl-1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpropylcarbamoyl)butyl]-
3-aminomethylbenzamide (Compound 291);
10 benzyl 1-[1-[4-(2-indol-3-ylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-
3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 292); MS (ESI) m/z = 664 ($M +$
1); 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.94 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.40 - 1.70 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m,
1H), δ 2.25(m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 3.09 (m, 2H), δ 3.52 - 3.85 (m, 2H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H),
 δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.80 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 6.99 - 7.41(m, 14H), δ 7.65 (d, J = 6
15 Hz, 1H), δ 8.35 (s, 1H), δ 8.39 (s, 1H), ($C_{38}H_{41}N_5O_6$);
benzyl 1-[1-(4-methylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-
3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 293); MS (ESI) m/z = 535 ($M + 1$); 1H -NMR (300 MHz,
 $CDCl_3$): δ 0.95 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.33 - 1.70 (m, 5H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.28 (m, 1H), δ 2.67
(m, 2H), δ 2.99 (d, J = 2 Hz, 3H), δ 4.15 (m, 1H), δ 5.09 (m, 2H), δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.88 (m,
20 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.38 (m, 10H), δ 8.35 (s, 1H), ($C_{29}H_{34}N_4O_6$);
benzyl 2-[2-[2-(2-benzyloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-
4-phenylbutyryl]oxazol-2-ylcarbonylamino]valerate (Compound 294);
benzyl 1S-[1S-[4-(4-benzylpiperidin-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-
3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 295); MS (ESI) m/z = 679 ($M +$
25 1); 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.92 (m, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 1H), δ 1.48 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H),
 δ 1.52 - 1.85 (m, 6H), δ 2.09(m, 1H), δ 2.36 (m, 1H), δ 2.53 - 2.77 (m, 3H), δ 3.03 (t, J = 8 Hz,
4H), δ 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 4.65 (m, 1H), δ 5.02 - 5.13 (m, 3H), δ 5.53 (m, 1H), δ 6.68 (d, J = 6 Hz,
1H), δ 7.08 - 7.39 (m, 15H), δ 8.28 (s, 1H), ($C_{40}H_{46}N_4O_6$);
benzyl 1S-[1S-(4-fur-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-
30 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 296); MS (ESI) m/z = 601 ($M +$
1); 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz 6H), δ 1.58 (q, J = 6 Hz 1H), 1.62 (m,
4H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.27 (m, 1H), δ 2.76 (m, 2H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 4.70 (d, J = 4 Hz, 2H),

δ 4.98 - 5.18 (m, 2H), δ 5.56 (m, 1H), δ 6.82 (m, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.42 (m, 13H), δ 8.32 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), ($C_{33}H_{36}N_4O_7$);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-(4-pyrid-2-ylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-

3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 297); MS (ESI) m/z = 612 (M + 1);

- 5 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.4 - 2.15 (m, 5H), δ 2.32 (m, 1H), δ 2.71 (m, 2H), δ 4.21 (m, 1H), δ 4.75 (d, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.09 (m, 2H), δ 5.15 - 5.5 (m, 1H), δ 7.10 - 7.38 (m, 13H), δ 7.7 (t, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 7.95 (m, 1H), δ 8.32 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 8.59 (s, 1H), ($C_{34}H_{37}N_5O_6$);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-(4-pyrid-3-ylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-

- 10 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 298); MS (ESI) m/z = 612 (M + 1);

1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.5 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 2H), δ 1.95 (m, 3H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.68 (m, 2H), δ 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 4.72 (d, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.41 (m, 1H), δ 6.90 (t, J = 2 Hz, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.35 (m, 10H), δ 7.46 (m, 1H), δ 7.72 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 8.31 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 8.62 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 8.73 (s, 1H),

- 15 ($C_{34}H_{37}N_5O_6$);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-(4-pyrid-4-ylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-

3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 299); MS (ESI) m/z = 612 (M + 1);

- 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.5 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 2H), δ 1.95 (m, 3H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.68 (m, 2H), δ 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 4.72 (t, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.11 (d, J = 4 Hz, 2H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.92 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.35 (m, 11H), δ 7.46 (m, 1H), δ 8.33 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 8.58 (m, 2H), ($C_{34}H_{37}N_5O_6$);

benzyl 1S-[1S-[4-(2-chlorobenzylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-

3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 300); MS (ESI) m/z = 646 (M + 1); 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.5 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 1.62 (m,

- 25 4H), δ 1.95 (m, 1H), δ 2.30 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 4.70 (d, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.09 (m, 2H), δ 5.47 (m, 1H), δ 6.82 (m, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 14H), δ 8.33 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), ($C_{35}H_{37}ClN_4O_6$);

benzyl 1S-[1S-[4-(3-chlorobenzylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-

3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 301); MS (ESI) m/z = 646

- 30 (M + 1); 1H -NMR (300 MHz, $CDCl_3$): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.5 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 1.62 (m, 4H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 4.68 (d, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.09 (m, 2H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.85 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 14H), δ 8.33

(d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), (C₃₅H₃₇ClN₄O₆);

benzyl 1S-[1S-[4-(4-chlorobenzylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 302); MS (ESI) m/z = 646 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.5 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 1.62 (m, 4H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 4.68 (d, J = 2 Hz, 2H), δ 5.09 (m, 2H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.85 (m, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 14H), δ 8.33 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), (C₃₅H₃₇ClN₄O₆);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-[4-(2S-phenylcycloprop-1S-ylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 303); MS (ESI) m/z = 637 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.92 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.46 - 1.78 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m, 3H), δ 2.31 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 2.99 - 3.22 (m, 1H), δ 4.20 (m, 1H), δ 5.04 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 5.11 (s, 2H), δ 5.54 (m, 1H), δ 6.87 (m, 1H), δ 7.08 - 7.47 (m, 15H), δ 8.30 (d, J = 2 Hz, 1H), (C₃₇H₄₀N₄O₆);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-[4-(diphenylmethylmethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 304); MS (ESI) m/z = 687 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.98 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.48 (q, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 1.62 (m, 2H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.30 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 4.18 (m, 1H), δ 5.09 (m, 3H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.42 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 6.80 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.02 - 7.72 (m, 20H), δ 7.79 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 8.33 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), (C₄₁H₄₂N₄O₆);

benzyl 1S-[1S-[4-(adamantan-1-ylmethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 305); MS (ESI) m/z = 670 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.92 (m, 8H), δ 1.18 - 1.78 (m, 16H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.31 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 2.99 - 3.09 (m, 2H), δ 4.21 (m, 1H), δ 5.11 (m, 3H), δ 5.51 (m, 1H), δ 6.87 (m, 1H), δ 7.02 (m, 1H), δ 7.08 - 7.47 (m, 10H), δ 8.31 (d, J = 2 Hz, 1H), (C₃₉H₄₈N₄O₆);

benzyl 1-[1-[4-(1-methylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 306);

benzyl 1-[1-[4-(1S-phenylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 307); MS (ESI) m/z = 625 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.92 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.54 - 1.65 (m, 7H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.15 (m, 1H), δ 4.99 (d, J = 2 Hz, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.32 (m, 1H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.79 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 15H), δ 8.31 (s, 1H), (C₃₆H₄₀N₄O₆);

benzyl 1-{1-[4-(1*R*-phenylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 308); MS (ESI) m/z = 625 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.92 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.45 - 1.68 (m, 7H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 4.15 (m, 1H), δ 4.99 (d, $J = 2$ Hz, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H),
 5 δ 5.32 (m, 1H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.79 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, δ 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 15H), δ 8.31 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

benzyl 1-{1-[4-(*N*-benzyl-*N*-methylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 309); MS (ESI) m/z = 625 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.27 - 1.68 (m, 4H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.25 (m, 1H), δ 2.65 (m, 2H), δ 3.10 (s, 1H), δ 4.19 (m, 1H), δ 4.71 (s, 2H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.22 (m, 1H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.99 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 15H), δ 7.60 (m, 1H), δ 8.31 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{36}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

benzyl 1-[1-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylcarbonyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 310); MS (ESI) m/z = 575 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.93 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.45 - 1.73 (m, 3H), δ 1.85 - 2.12 (m, 5H), δ 2.34 (m, 1H), δ 2.64 (m, 2H), δ 3.62 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.82 (m, 2H), δ 4.21 (m, 1H), δ 4.99 - 5.11 (m, 2H), δ 5.55 (m, 1H), δ 5.43 (m, 1H), δ 6.79 (m, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 10H), δ 8.31 (d, $J = 2$ Hz, 1H), ($\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{38}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

benzyl 1-[1-(4-piperidin-1-ylcarbonyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 311); MS (ESI) m/z = 589 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 2H), δ 1.49 - 1.66 (m, 6H), δ 2.12 (m, 1H), δ 2.34 (m, 1H), δ 2.64 (m, 2H), δ 3.65 (m, 2H), δ 3.85 (m, 2H), δ 4.17 (m, 1H), δ 4.99 - 5.11 (m, 3H), δ 5.55 (m, 1H), δ 6.67 (m, 1H), δ 7.08 - 7.39 (m, 11H), δ 8.27 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

benzyl 1-{1-[4-(2,3-dihydroindol-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 312);

benzyl 1-{1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-1*H*-isoquinol-2-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 313); MS (ESI) m/z = 637 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 2H), δ 1.45 - 1.79 (m, 4H), δ 2.11 (m, 1H), δ 2.40 (m, 1H), δ 2.68 (m, 2H), δ 2.95 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.96 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 4.15 (m, 2H), δ 4.86 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 4.99 - 5.11 (m, 3H), δ 5.59 (m, 1H), δ 6.70 (m, 1H), δ 7.05 - 7.45 (m, 12H), δ 8.35 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);

benzyl 1-{1-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2*H*-quinol-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate

- 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 314); MS (ESI) $m/z = 637$ ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 2H), δ 1.40 - 1.69 (m, 3H), δ 2.05 (m, 2H), δ 2.52 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 2H), δ 2.82 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 3.80 - 4.21 (m, 4H), δ 4.86 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.21 (m, 1H), δ 6.62 (m, 1H), δ 6.85 - 7.31 (m, 11H),
- 5 δ 7.51 (m, 1H), δ 7.67 (m, 1H), δ 8.31 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{37}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);
- benzyl 1-[1-(4-naphth-1-ylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 315); MS (ESI) $m/z = 661$ ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.90 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 2H), δ 1.54 (m, 3H), δ 2.05 (m, 1H), δ 2.59 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 2.82 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.12 (m, 1H), δ 4.90 - 5.09
- 10 (m, 4H), δ 5.34 (m, 1H), δ 6.71 (m, 1H), δ 6.95 - 7.12 (m, 3H), δ 7.27 (m, 10H), δ 7.51 (m, 2H), δ 7.88 (t, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.06 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.35 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{39}\text{H}_{40}\text{N}_4\text{O}_6$);
- tert-butyl 4-[1S-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]-2-cyclohexylethylcarbamoyl]piperidine-1-carboxylate (Compound 316);
- 1S-[1S-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2H-quinol-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-ylcarbonyl]-ethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 317);
- 15 benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-(5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 318); MS (ESI) $m/z = 554$ ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.97 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 6H), δ 1.50 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 1.65 - 1.82 (m, 3H), δ 2.20 (m, 1H), δ 2.48 (m, 1H), δ 2.75 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.27 (m, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H),
- 20 δ 5.65 (m, 1H), δ 6.85 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.12 - 7.62 (m, 14H), δ 7.77 (d, $J = 2$ Hz, 2H), ($\text{C}_{33}\text{H}_{35}\text{N}_3\text{O}_5$);
- pyrid-3-yl 3-methyl-1S-[1S-(5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 319); MS (ESI) $m/z = 525$ ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.80 - 1.05 (m, 6H), δ 1.27 (m, 3H), δ 1.72 (m, 3H), δ 2.15 (m,
- 25 1H), δ 2.46 (m, 1H), δ 2.77 (t, $J = 4$ Hz, 2H), δ 4.75 (m, 1H), δ 5.65 (m, 1H), δ 6.95 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.02 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.35 (m, 5H), δ 7.37 - 7.62 (m, 3H), δ 7.80 (d, $J = 4$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.15 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 8.75 (m, 1H), δ 9.09 (s, 1H), ($\text{C}_{31}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_4\text{O}_4$);
- benzyl 1S-[1S-(5-phenyloxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylsulfamoylmethyl]-2R-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 320); MS (ESI) $m/z =$
- 30 604 ($M + 1$); $^1\text{H-NMR}$ (300 MHz, CDCl_3): δ 0.95 (m, 6H), δ 1.25 (m, 1H), δ 1.49 (m, 1H), δ 1.65 (m, 1H), δ 2.15 (m, 1H), δ 2.48 (m, 1H), δ 2.85 (m, 2H), δ 3.12 (m, 2H), δ 4.46 (m, 1H), δ 4.99 (d, $J = 8$ Hz, 1H), δ 5.12 (m, 3H), δ 6.32 (d, $J = 6$ Hz, 1H), δ 7.19 - 7.55 (m, 14H), δ 7.76

(m, 2H), (C₃₃H₃₇N₃O₆S);

benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-
2-[4-(3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 321);

- 5 benzyl 1-[2-hydroxy-2-[4-(2-indol-3-ylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]-
1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 322); MS (ESI) m/z = 666 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.90 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.40 - 1.80 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 3.09 (m, 2H), δ 3.52 - 3.85 (m, 2H), δ 3.99 - 4.20 (m, 2H), δ 4.26 - 4.44 (m, 1H), δ 4.81 (s, 1H), δ 5.09 (s, 2H), δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.72 (d, J = 6 Hz, 1H), δ 6.99 - 7.41 (m, 14H), δ 8.18 (s, 1H), δ 8.39 (s, 1H), (C₃₈H₄₃N₅O₆);

- 10 benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-2-(4-methylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)-
1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 323); MS (ESI) m/z = 537 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.90 (d, J = 6 Hz, 6H), δ 1.33 - 1.80 (m, 6H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), 2.89 (m, 3H), δ 4.10 (m, 1H), δ 4.25 (m, 1H), δ 4.81 (s, 1H), δ 5.09 (m, 3H), δ 6.68 (d, J = 4 Hz, 1H), δ 7.09 - 7.38 (m, 10H), δ 8.18 (s, 1H), (C₂₉H₃₆N₄O₆);

- 15 benzyl 2-[2-[2-(2-benzylloxycarbonylamino-4-methylvalerylamino)-1-hydroxy-
4-phenylbutyl]oxazol-2-yl]carbonylamino]valerate (Compound 324); MS (ESI) m/z = 727 (M + 1); ¹H-NMR (300 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 0.95 (m, 12H), δ 1.45 - 1.80 (m, 9H), δ 2.00 (m, 1H), δ 2.67 (m, 2H), δ 3.99 - 4.15 (m, 2H), δ 4.85 (m, 2H), δ 5.09 (m, 4H), δ 5.50 (m, 1H), δ 6.88 (m, 1H), δ 7.12 - 7.45 (m, 15H), δ 8.18 (s, 1H), (C₄₁H₅₀N₄O₈);

- 20 benzyl 1S-[2-[4-(4-benzylpiperidin-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-
1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 325);

benzyl 1S-[2-(4-fur-2-yl)methylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-
1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 326);

- 25 benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl-
2-(4-pyrid-2-yl)methylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 327);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl-
2-(4-pyrid-3-yl)methylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 328);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl-
2-(4-pyrid-4-yl)methylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 329);

- 30 benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[2-[4-(2-chlorobenzylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-
1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 330);

benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[2-[4-(3-chlorobenzylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-

- 1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 331);
benzyl 3-methyl-1S-{2-[4-(4-chlorobenzylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 332);
benzyl 3-methyl-1S-{2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl-2-[4-(2R-phenylcycloprop-1S-ylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 333);
benzyl 1S-[2-(4-adamantan-1-ylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)-2-hydroxy-methyl]-1S-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 334);
benzyl 3-methyl-1S-[2-hydroxy-1S-phenethyl-2-(4-diphenylmethylcarbamoyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 335);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-hydroxy-2-[4-(1-methylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 336);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-2-[4-(1S-phenylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 337);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-2-[4-(1R-phenylethylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]ethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 338);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-[4-(N-benzyl-N-methylcarbamoyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 339);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-2-(4-pyrrolidin-1-ylcarbonyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 340);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-1-phenethyl-2-(4-piperidin-1-ylcarbonyloxazol-2-yl)ethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 341);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-[4-(2,3-dihydroindol-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 342);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-[4-(3,4-dihydro-1H-isoquinol-2-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 343);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-{2-[4-(3,4-dihydro-1H-quinol-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl}butylcarbamate (Compound 344);
benzyl 3-methyl-1-[2-hydroxy-2-(4-naphth-1-ylmethylcarbonyloxazol-2-yl)-1-phenethylethylcarbamoyl]butylcarbamate (Compound 345); and
benzyl 1S-{2-[4-(3,4-dihydro-2H-quinol-1-ylcarbonyl)oxazol-2-yl]-2-hydroxy-1S-methylethylcarbamoyl}-3-methylbutylcarbamate (Compound 346).


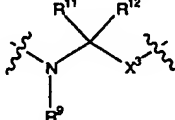
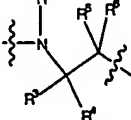
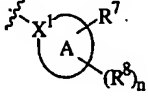
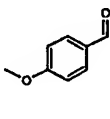
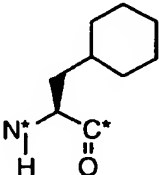
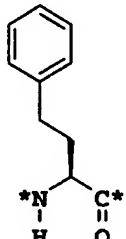
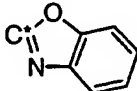
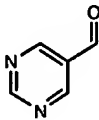
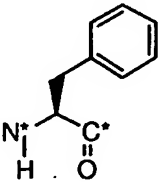
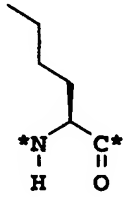

Proceeding by methods analogous to those described above provided the following compounds of Formula I:

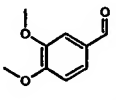
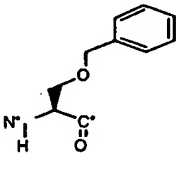
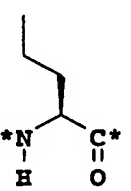

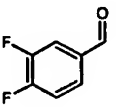
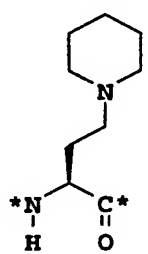
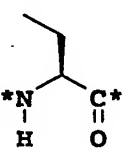

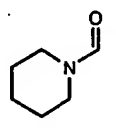
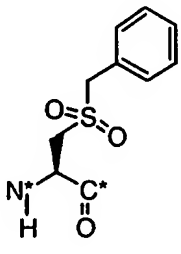
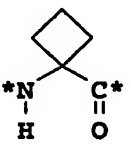

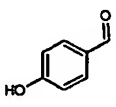
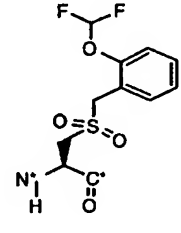
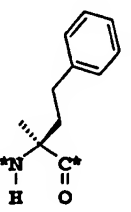

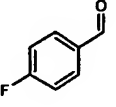
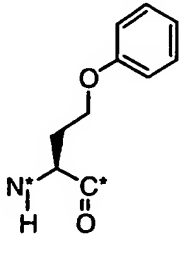
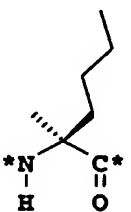

- N*-[3-methyl-1*S*-(1*S*-thiazol-2-ylcarbonyl)ethylcarbamoyl]butyl]-4-morpholin-4-ylbenzamide (Compound 347); and
- 5 *N*-[1*S*-(2-benzooxazol-2-yl)-1,1-dimethyl-2-oxoethylcarbamoyl]-3-methylbutyl]-4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)benzamide (Compound 348).

Proceeding by methods analogous to those set forth in this Application compounds of Formula I are provided which are comprised by the elements A, B, C and D listed in the following Table 1.

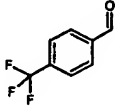
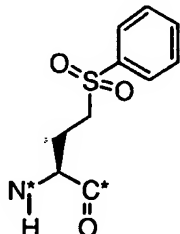
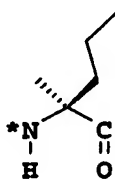

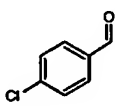
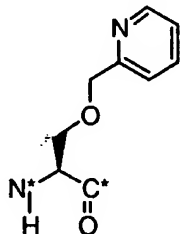
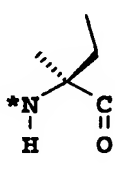

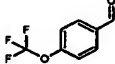
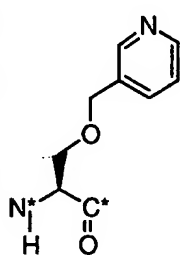
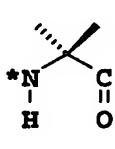


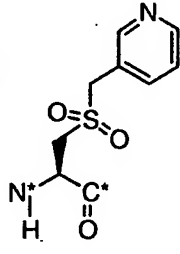
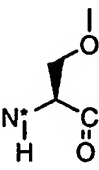

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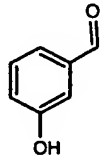
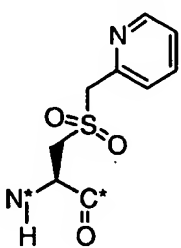
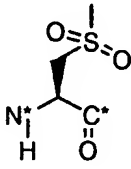

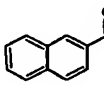
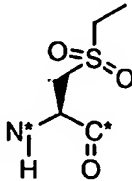
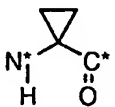

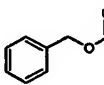
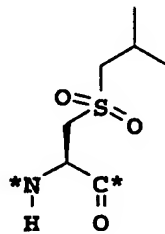
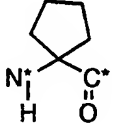

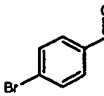
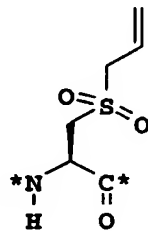
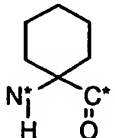

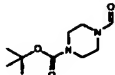
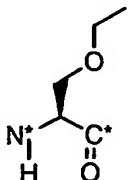
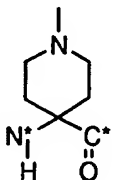

TABLE 1

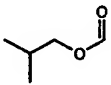
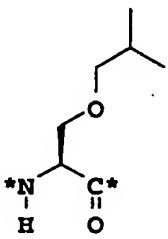
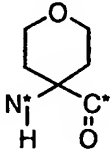

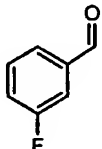
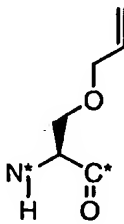
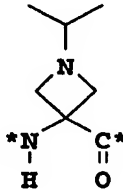

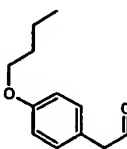
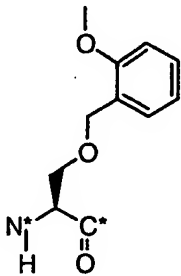
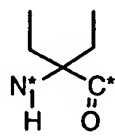

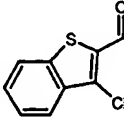
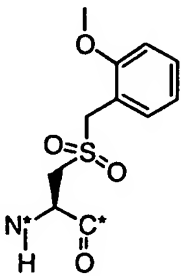
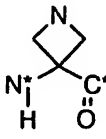

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
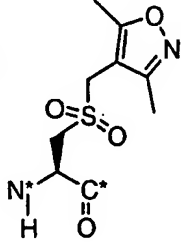
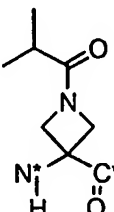

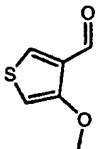
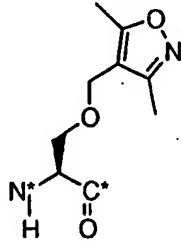
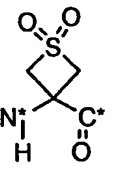


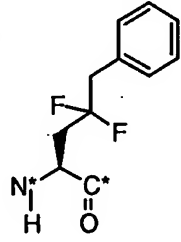
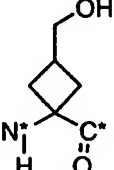

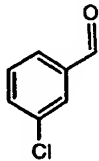
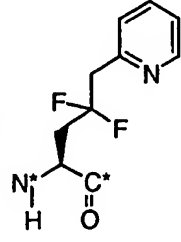
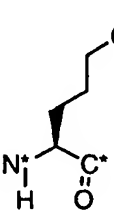

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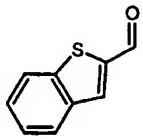
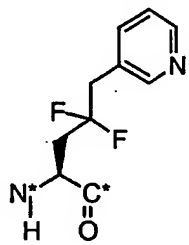
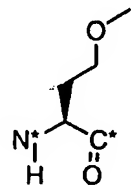

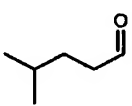
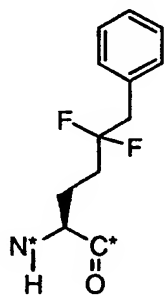
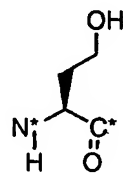

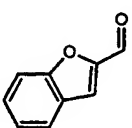
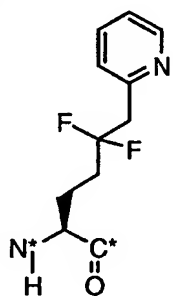
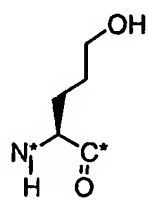

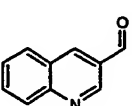
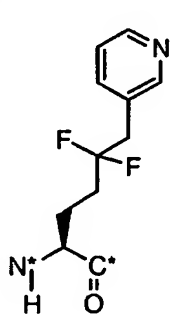
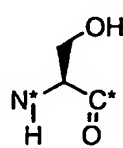

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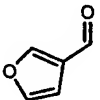
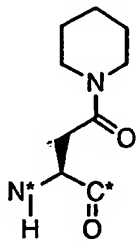
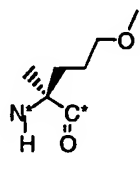

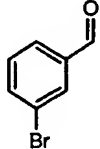
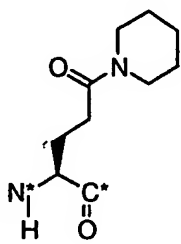
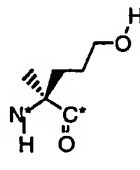

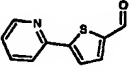
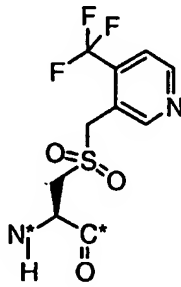
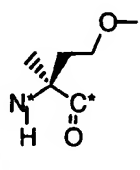

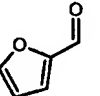
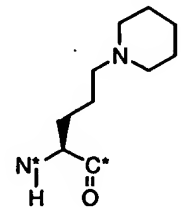
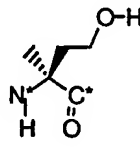

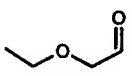
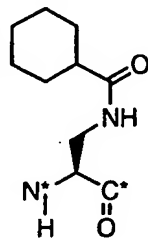
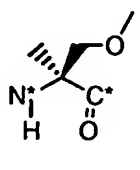

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A12		B12		C12		D12	
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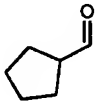
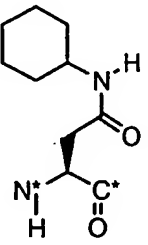
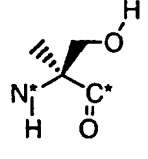
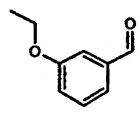
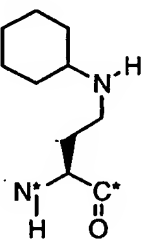
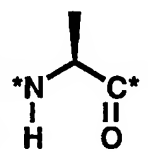
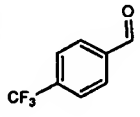
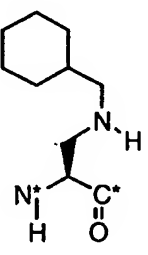
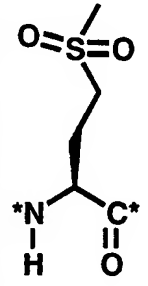
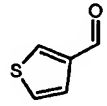
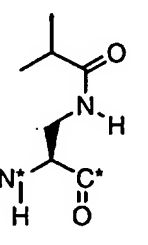
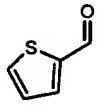
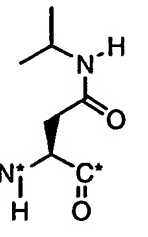
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A21		B21		C21		D21	
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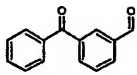
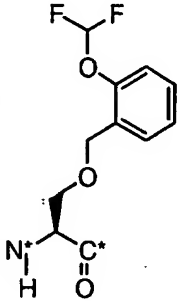
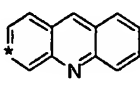
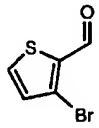
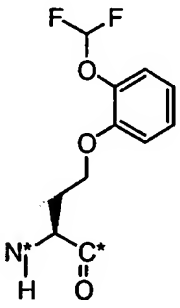
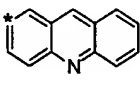
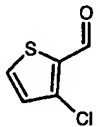
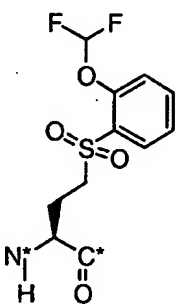
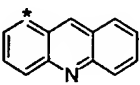
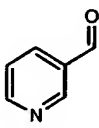
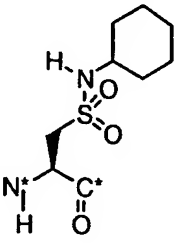
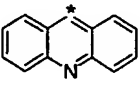
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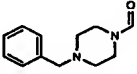
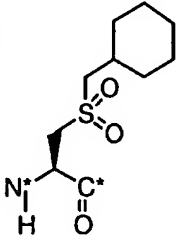
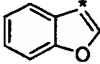
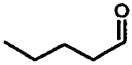
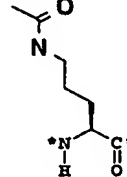
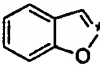
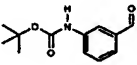
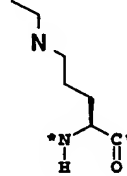

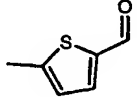
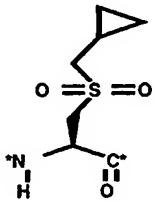
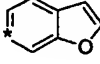
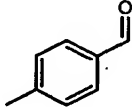
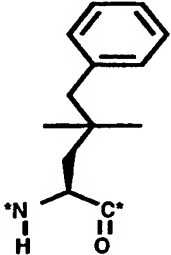

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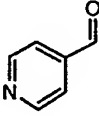
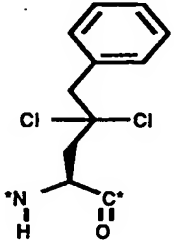

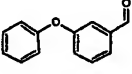
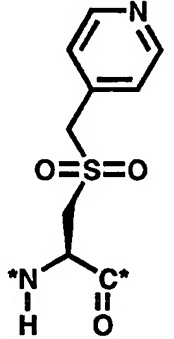
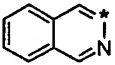
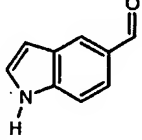
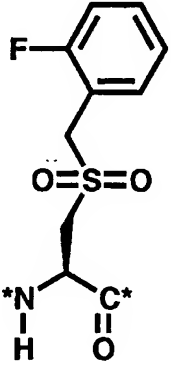
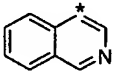
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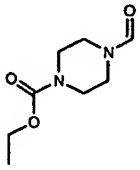
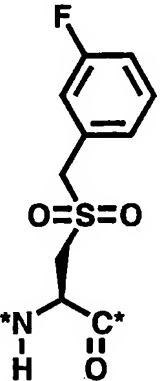
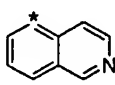
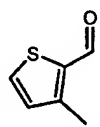
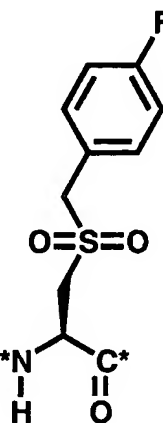
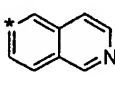
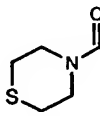
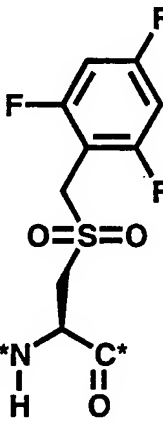
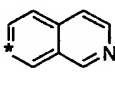
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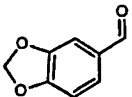
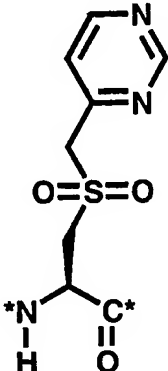
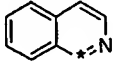
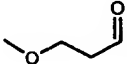
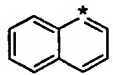
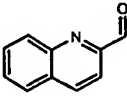
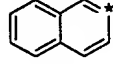
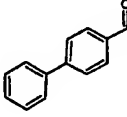
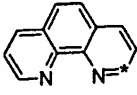
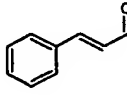
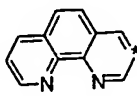
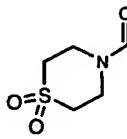
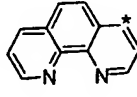
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A42		B42				D42	

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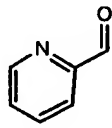
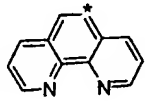
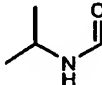
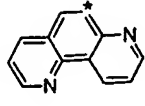
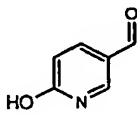
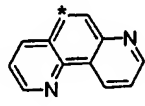
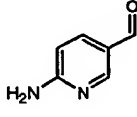
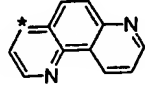
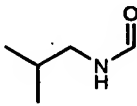
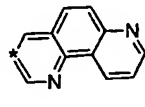
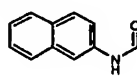
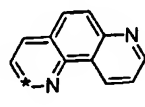
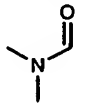
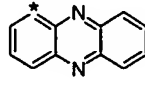
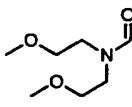
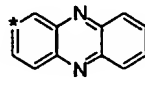
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
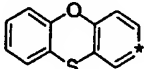
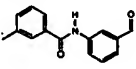
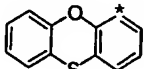
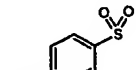
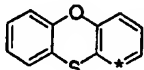
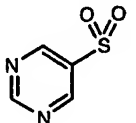
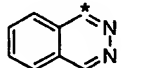
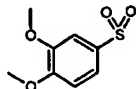
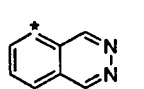
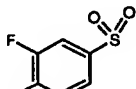
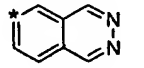
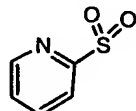
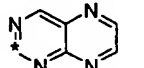

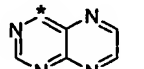
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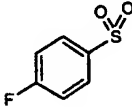
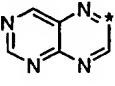
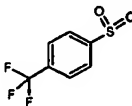
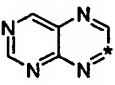
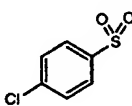
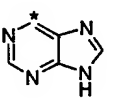
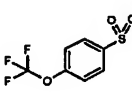
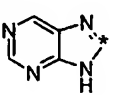
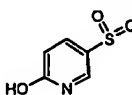
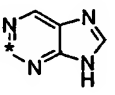
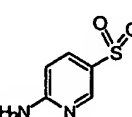
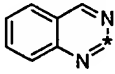
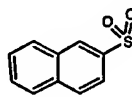
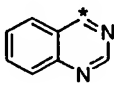
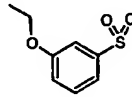
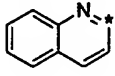
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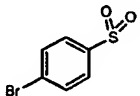
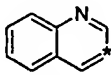
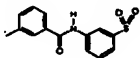
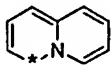
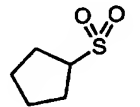
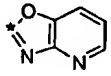
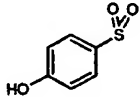
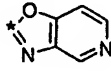
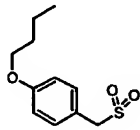
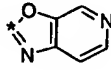
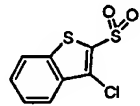
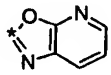
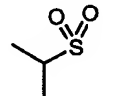
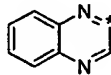
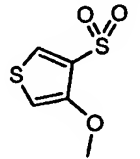
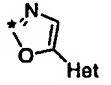
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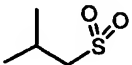
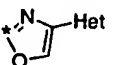
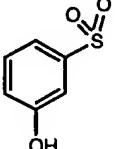
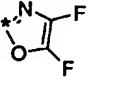
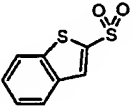
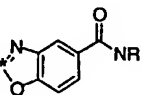
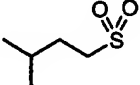
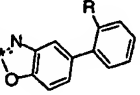
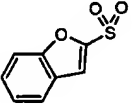
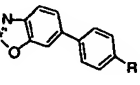
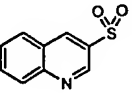
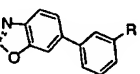
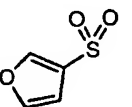
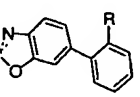
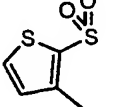
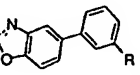
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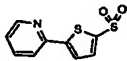
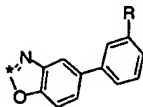
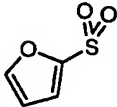
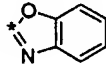
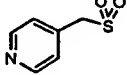
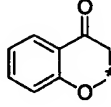
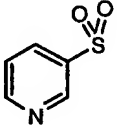
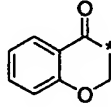
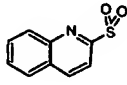
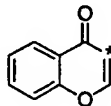
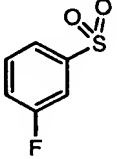
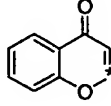
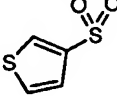
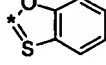
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A83						D83	

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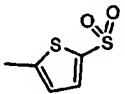
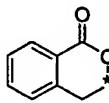
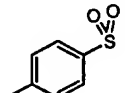
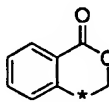
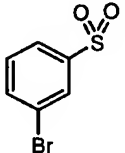
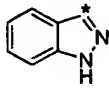
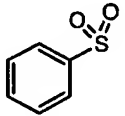
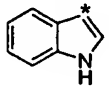
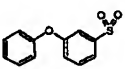
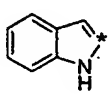
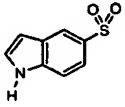
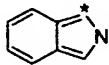
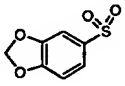
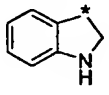
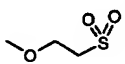
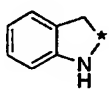
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A91						D91	

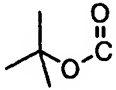
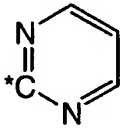
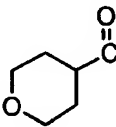

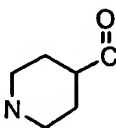
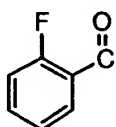
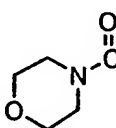
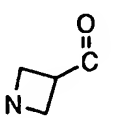
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5 A96						D96	
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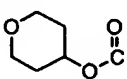
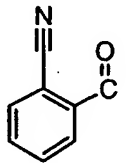
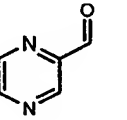

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	A104						D104	
	A105						D105	
	A106						D106	

A107						D107	
A108						D108	
A109						D109	
A110						D110	
5 A111						D111	
A112						D112	
A113						D113	
A114						D114	

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A115						D115	
A116						D116	
A117						D117	
A118						D118	
A119						D119	
A120						D120	
A121						D121	
A122						D122	

A123						D123	
A124							
A125							
A126							
5 A127							
A128							
A129							

A130							
A131							
A132							
A133							

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While any combination of the elements A, B and C may comprise the compounds of the Invention, certain combinations are preferred. For example, the following combinations

	A11-B5-C4-D1	A17-B5-C4-D1	A66-B5-C4-D1	A75-B5-C4-D1
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	A66-B8-C4-D1	A75-B8-C4-D1	A128-B8-C4-D1	A11-B12-C4-D1
	A17-B12-C4-D1	A66-B12-C4-D1	A75-B12-C4-D1	A128-B12-C4-D1
	A11-B11-C4-D1	A17-B11-C4-D1	A66-B11-C4-D1	A75-B11-C4-D1
	A128-B11-C4-D1	A11-B14-C4-D1	A17-B14-C4-D1	A66-B14-C4-D1
15	A75-B14-C4-D1	A128-B14-C4-D1	A11-B5-C4-D2	A17-B5-C4-D2
	A66-B5-C4-D2	A75-B5-C4-D2	A128-B5-C4-D2	A11-B6-C4-D2
	A17-B6-C4-D2	A66-B6-C4-D2	A75-B6-C4-D2	A128-B6-C4-D2
	A11-B8-C4-D2	A17-B8-C4-D2	A66-B8-C4-D2	A75-B8-C4-D2

	A128-B8-C4-D2	A11-B12-C4-D2	A17-B12-C4-D2	A66-B12-C4-D2
	A75-B12-C4-D2	A128-B12-C4-D2	A11-B11-C4-D2	A17-B11-C4-D2
	A66-B11-C4-D2	A75-B11-C4-D2	A128-B11-C4-D2	A11-B14-C4-D2
	A17-B14-C4-D2	A66-B14-C4-D2	A75-B14-C4-D2	A128-B14-C4-D2
5	A61-B5-C4-D1	A64-B5-C4-D1	A37-B5-C4-D1	A38-B5-C4-D1
	A90-B5-C4-D1	A92-B5-C4-D1	A133-B5-C4-D1	A61-B6-C4-D1
	A64-B6-C4-D1	A37-B6-C4-D1	A38-B6-C4-D1	A90-B6-C4-D1
	A92-B6-C4-D1	A133-B6-C4-D1	A61-B12-C4-D1	A64-B12-C4-D1
	A37-B12-C4-D1	A38-B12-C4-D1	A90-B12-C4-D1	A92-B12-C4-D1
10	A133-B12-C4-D1			
	A11-B31-C4-D1	A75-B31-C4-D1	A128-B31-C4-D1	A11-B13-C4-D1
	A75-B13-C4-D1	A128-B13-C4-D1	A11-B21-C4-D1	A75-B21-C4-D1
	A128-B21-C4-D1	A11-B46-C4-D1	A75-B46-C4-D1	A128-B46-C4-D1
	A11-B49-C4-D1	A75-B49-C4-D1	A128-B49-C4-D1	A11-B50-C4-D1
15	A75-B50-C4-D1	A128-B50-C4-D1	A11-B51-C4-D1	A75-B51-C4-D1
	A128-B51-C4-D1	A11-B52-C4-D1	A75-B52-C4-D1	A128-B52-C4-D1
	A11-B53-C4-D1	A75-B53-C4-D1	A128-B53-C4-D1	
	A11-B5-C36-D1	A75-B5-C36-D1	A128-B5-C36-D1	A11-B6-C36-D1
	A75-B6-C36-D1	A128-B6-C36-D1	A11-B12-C36-D1	A75-B12-C36-D1
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	A11-B6-C11-D1	A75-B6-C11-D1	A128-B6-C11-D1	A11-B12-C11-D1
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	A128-B6-C35-D1	A11-B12-C35-D1	A75-B12-C35-D1	A128-B12-C35-D1
	A11-B5-C4-D33	A75-B5-C4-D33	A128-B5-C4-D33	A11-B6-C4-D33
	A75-B6-C4-D33	A128-B6-C4-D33	A11-B12-C4-D33	A75-B12-C4-D33
	A128-B12-C4-D33	A11-B5-C4-D83	A75-B5-C4-D83	A128-B5-C4-D83
30	A11-B6-C4-D83	A75-B6-C4-D83	A128-B6-C4-D83	A11-B12-C4-D83
	A75-B12-C4-D83	A128-B12-C4-D83	A11-B5-C4-D86	A75-B5-C4-D86
	A128-B5-C4-D86	A11-B6-C4-D86	A75-B6-C4-D86	A128-B6-C4-D86

A11-B12-C4-D86	A75-B12-C4-D86	A128-B12-C4-D86	A11-B5-C4-D123
A75-B5-C4-D123	A128-B5-C4-D123	A11-B6-C4-D123	A75-B6-C4-D123
A128-B6-C4-D123	A11-B12-C4-D123	A75-B12-C4-D123	A128-B12-C4-D123

EXAMPLE 28

Cathepsin B Assay

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Solutions of test compounds in varying concentrations were prepared in 10 μ L of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) and then diluted into assay buffer (40 μ L, comprising: *N,N*-bis(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-aminoethanesulfonic acid (BES), 50 mM (pH 6); polyoxyethylenesorbitan monolaurate, 0.05%; and dithiothreitol (DTT), 2.5 mM). Human

10 cathepsin B (0.025 pMoles in 25 μ L of assay buffer) was added to the dilutions. The assay solutions were mixed for 5-10 seconds on a shaker plate, covered and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. Z-FR-AMC (20 nMoles in 25 μ L of assay buffer) was added to the assay solutions and hydrolysis was followed spectrophotometrically at (λ 460 nm) for 5 minutes. Apparent inhibition constants (K_i) were calculated from the enzyme progress curves using

15 standard mathematical models.

Compounds of the invention were tested by the above-described assay and observed to exhibit cathepsin B inhibitory activity with a K_i of less than or equal to 10 μ M.

EXAMPLE 29

Cathepsin K Assay

20 Solutions of test compounds in varying concentrations were prepared in 10 μ L of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) and then diluted into assay buffer (40 μ L, comprising: MES, 50 mM (pH 5.5); EDTA, 2.5 mM; and DTT, 2.5 mM). Human cathepsin K (0.0906 pMoles in 25 μ L of assay buffer) was added to the dilutions. The assay solutions were mixed for 5-10 seconds on a shaker plate, covered and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. Z-Phe-Arg-AMC (4

25 nMoles in 25 μ L of assay buffer) was added to the assay solutions and hydrolysis was followed spectrophotometrically at (λ 460 nm) for 5 minutes. Apparent inhibition constants (K_i) were calculated from the enzyme progress curves using standard mathematical models.

Compounds of the invention were tested by the above-described assay and observed to

exhibit cathepsin K inhibitory activity with a K_i of less than or equal to 10 μM .

EXAMPLE 30

Cathepsin L Assay

Solutions of test compounds in varying concentrations were prepared in 10 μL of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) and then diluted into assay buffer (40 μL , comprising: MES, 50 mM (pH 5.5); EDTA, 2.5 mM; and DTT, 2.5 mM). Human cathepsin L (0.05 pMoles in 25 μL of assay buffer) was added to the dilutions. The assay solutions were mixed for 5-10 seconds on a shaker plate, covered and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. Z-Phe-Arg-AMC (1 nMoles in 25 μL of assay buffer) was added to the assay solutions and hydrolysis was followed spectrophotometrically at (λ 460 nm) for 5 minutes. Apparent inhibition constants (K_i) were calculated from the enzyme progress curves using standard mathematical models.

Compounds of the invention were tested by the above-described assay and observed to exhibit cathepsin L inhibitory activity with a K_i of less than or equal to 10 μM .

EXAMPLE 31

Cathepsin S Assay

Solutions of test compounds in varying concentrations were prepared in 10 μL of dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) and then diluted into assay buffer (40 μL , comprising: MES, 50 mM (pH 6.5); EDTA, 2.5 mM; and NaCl, 100 mM). Human cathepsin S (0.158 pMoles in 25 μL of assay buffer) was added to the dilutions. The assay solutions were mixed for 5-10 seconds on a shaker plate, covered and incubated for 30 minutes at room temperature. Z-Val-Val-Arg-AMC (9 nMoles in 25 μL of assay buffer) was added to the assay solutions and hydrolysis was followed spectrophotometrically at (λ 460 nm) for 5 minutes. Apparent inhibition constants (K_i) were calculated from the enzyme progress curves using standard mathematical models.

Compounds of the invention were tested by the above-described assay and observed to exhibit cathepsin S inhibitory activity with a K_i of less than or equal to 10 μM .

EXAMPLE 32

Ovalbumin Challenge Mouse

C57 mice (female) were sensitised with ovalbumin (10 μ g, i.p.) administered together with aluminium hydroxide adjuvant (20 mg, i.p.) on days 0 and 12. Mice are challenged on either day 22, 23 or 24 by exposure for 60 minutes to an aerosol of ovalbumin (10 g / l) twice, 4 hours apart. Mice are dosed p.o. with either vehicle 5 ml/kg (0.5%MC/0.2 % Tween 80 in H₂O) or test compound at 0, 8, 23.5 29, 33, 48 and 56 hours.

Mice were euthanized with pentobarbitone i.p. after 86 hours (72 hours after the first challenge). The lungs were insufflated for histological examination as soon as possible after euthanization. Lungs were insufflated with 10% neutral buffered formalin (NBF), at 30 cm water pressure. The lungs were removed and placed in pots of 10% NBF. After fixation in 10% NBF for a minimum of 24 hours the lungs were processed through graded alcohols to wax. The lungs were blocked longitudinally and one 2 μ m section for each animal was cut at the level of the main bronchi. Sections then were stained with haematoxylin and eosin. Pathological assessment of sections is performed and a grading is assigned.

Histopathological evaluation of the lung tissue demonstrate a dose dependant anti-inflammatory effect on vascular and mucosal beds after treatment with compounds of the invention between 0.03 and 30 mg/kg.

EXAMPLE 32

Representative Pharmaceutical Formulations Containing a Compound of Formula I

ORAL FORMULATION

5	Compound of Formula I	10-100 mg
	Citric Acid Monohydrate	105 mg
	Sodium Hydroxide	18 mg
	Flavoring	
	Water	q.s. to 100 mL

INTRAVENOUS FORMULATION

10	Compound of Formula I	0.1-10 mg
	Dextrose Monohydrate	q.s. to make isotonic
	Citric Acid Monohydrate	1.05 mg
	Sodium Hydroxide	0.18 mg
	Water for Injection	q.s. to 1.0 mL

15

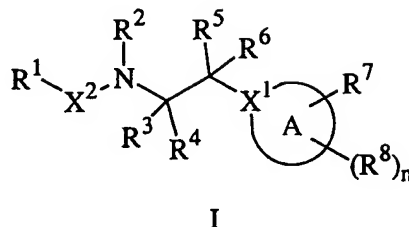
TABLET FORMULATION

20	Compound of Formula I	1%
	Microcrystalline Cellulose	73%
	Stearic Acid	25%
	Colloidal Silica	1%.

The resulting tablets are useful for administration in accordance with the methods of this invention for treating or preventing a cathepsin mediated disease state, such as osteoporosis, juvenile onset diabetes, multiple sclerosis, pemphigus vulgaris, Graves' disease, myasthenia gravis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, asthma, organ transplant or tissue graft rejections, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, bronchiolitis, excessive airway elastolysis in asthma and bronchitis, pneumonitis, plaque rupture, atheroma and systemic amyloidosis.

WE CLAIM:

1. A compound of Formula I:



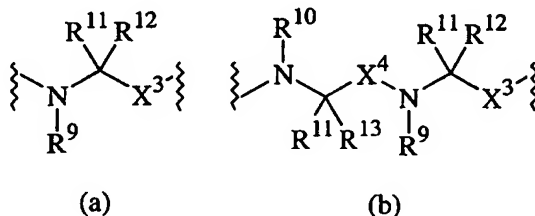
in which:

- 5 A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member
- 10 atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



- 15 wherein:

X³ and X⁴ independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

R¹¹ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- 20 R¹² and R¹³ independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶,

$-S(O)R^{16}$, $-S(O)_2R^{16}$, $-C(O)R^{16}$, $-C(O)OR^{16}$, $-OC(O)R^{16}$, $-NR^{16}R^{17}$, $-NR^{17}C(O)R^{16}$,
 $-NR^{17}C(O)OR^{16}$, $-C(O)NR^{16}R^{17}$, $-S(O)_2NR^{16}R^{17}$, $-NR^{17}C(O)NR^{16}R^{17}$ or
 $-NR^{17}C(NR^{17})NR^{16}R^{17}$, wherein R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen,
 (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl, R^{15} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted
5 (C_{1-3}) alkyl, halo, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or R^{16} is (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{17} is
hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and wherein within R^{16} said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl,
heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group
10 selected from $-R^{18}$, $-X^5OR^{18}$, $-X^5SR^{18}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{18}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{18}$, $-X^5C(O)R^{18}$,
 $-X^5C(O)OR^{18}$, $-X^5OC(O)R^{18}$, $-X^5NR^{18}R^{19}$, $-X^5NR^{19}C(O)R^{18}$, $-X^5NR^{19}C(O)OR^{18}$,
 $-X^5C(O)NR^{18}R^{19}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{18}R^{19}$, $-X^5NR^{19}C(O)NR^{18}R^{19}$ or
 $-X^5NR^{19}C(NR^{19})NR^{18}R^{19}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{18} is hydrogen or
 (C_{1-6}) alkyl and R^{19} is (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
15 (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from
 (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and
hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl,
20 heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group
selected from $-R^{18}$, $-X^5OR^{18}$, $-X^5SR^{18}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{18}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{18}$, $-X^5C(O)R^{18}$,
 $-X^5C(O)OR^{18}$, $-X^5OC(O)R^{18}$, $-X^5NR^{18}R^{19}$, $-X^5NR^{19}C(O)R^{18}$, $-X^5NR^{19}C(O)OR^{18}$,
 $-X^5C(O)NR^{18}R^{19}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{18}R^{19}$, $-X^5NR^{19}C(O)NR^{18}R^{19}$ or
 $-X^5NR^{19}C(NR^{19})NR^{18}R^{19}$, wherein X^5 , R^{18} and R^{19} are as defined above; wherein
25 within R^{12} and/or R^{13} any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted
further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene,
cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
30 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15}
are as defined above; or

R^{12} together with R^9 and/or R^{13} together with R^{10} form trimethylene,

- tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, oxo, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and
- R¹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)-, -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²², -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³, -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²², -NR²³C(O)OR²², -NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³, wherein R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or (iii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl is substituted by -R²⁴, -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵SR²⁴, -X⁵S(O)R²⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁴ is (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein

X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above; or when X^2 is a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then R^1 may also represent hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or carbamoyl;

R^2 is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl;

- R^3 is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, $-SR^{26}$, $-C(O)OR^{26}$, $-C(O)NR^{26}R^{26}$, $-P(O)(OR^{26})OR^{26}$, $-OP(O)(OR^{26})OR^{26}$, $-S(O)R^{27}$, $-S(O)_2R^{27}$ or $-C(O)R^{27}$,
 5 wherein R^{26} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{27} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl, or (ii) (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{2-3}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{2-3}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{2-3}) alkyl or hetero (C_{3-6}) aryl (C_{2-3}) alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5
 10 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above, provided that when R^3 is unsubstituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^4
 15 is hydrogen or unsubstituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl, then X^2 may not represent (i) a bond when R^1 is $-C(O)R^{20}$, $-C(O)_2R^{20}$ or $-S(O)_2R^{20}$ in which R^{20} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{1-4}) alkyl, phenyl, (C_{3-7}) cycloalkyl, camphan-10-yl, naphth-1-yl, naphth-2-yl, phenyl substituted by one or more of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, perfluoro (C_{1-4}) alkyl, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, (C_{1-4}) alkylamino, (C_{1-4}) dialkylamino, carboxy or (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl, or naphth-1-yl or
 20 naphth-2-yl substituted by one or more of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, perfluoro (C_{1-4}) alkyl, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, carboxy or (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl or (ii) a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) in which the moiety R^{12} is methyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl, *tert*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, benzyl, naphth-1-ylmethyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, thien-2-ylmethyl, thien-3-ylmethyl, or wherein R^9 and R^{12} form ethylene, trimethylene, hydroxy-substituted trimethylene, tetramethylene or
 25 phenylene-1,2-dimethylene; or

- R^3 and R^4 taken together with the carbon atom to which both R^3 and R^4 are attached form (C_{3-8}) cycloalkylene or (C_{3-8}) heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$,
 30 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as

defined above;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X⁵NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹,

- 5 -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵OR²⁹, -X⁵SR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁹,
 -X⁵C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X⁵OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹,
 -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)₂R³¹ and -X⁵C(O)R³¹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above,
 R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R³¹, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R³¹ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 10 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may
 be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene,
 cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 15 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 defined above; and

R⁸ at each occurrence independently is selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene,

cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,

-X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,

- 20 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual
 isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; but
 excluding compounds selected from the group consisting of
 25 ((S)-1-[(S)-1-[(S)-1-(1-benzooxazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-
 butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester, {1-[1-(1-*H*-imidazol-2-yl-
 methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester,
 [(S)-3-methyl-1-[(S)-3-methyl-1-{1-[1-(2-trimethylsilanyl-ethoxymethyl)-1-*H*-imidazol-2-yl]-
 methanoyl]-butylcarbamoyl]-butyl]-carbamic acid benzyl ester;
 30 {(S)-1-[(S)-1-(1-*H*-imidazol-2-yl-methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-
 carbamic acid benzyl ester, ((S)-1-[(S)-1-[1-(1-benzyl-1-*H*-imidazol-2-yl)-methanoyl]-3-methyl-
 butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl)-carbamic acid benzyl ester, {(S)-1-[(S)-1-(1-*H*-imidazol-2-yl-

methanoyl)-3-methyl-butylcarbamoyl]-3-methyl-butyl}-carbamic acid *tert*-butyl ester,
 3-[[1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-4-pyridin-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 4-furan-2-yl-4-oxo-3-[[1-(4-trifluoromethyl-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 3-(2-methyl-propanoylamino)-4-oxo-4-thiophen-2-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester, 4-oxo-
 5 4-thiophen-2-yl-3-[(1-*p*-tolyl-methanoyl)-amino]-butyric acid ethyl ester, 4-(5-bromo-
 thiophen-2-yl)-3-[[1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 3-[[1-(4-chloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-(5-methyl-thiophen-2-yl)-4-oxo-butyric acid ethyl
 ester, 4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-3-[(1-*p*-tolyl-methanoyl)-amino]-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 3-[[1-(4-methoxy-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 10 3-[[1-(3,4-dichloro-phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester,
 4-fluoro-*N*-[1-(1-thiophen-3-yl-methanoyl)-propyl]-benzamide, 4-[[1-(4-fluoro-phenyl)-
 methanoyl]-amino]-5-oxo-5-thiophen-3-yl-pentanoic acid ethyl ester and 3-[[1-(4-fluoro-
 phenyl)-methanoyl]-amino]-2-methyl-4-oxo-4-thiophen-3-yl-butyric acid ethyl ester.

2. The compound of Claim 1 in which X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula
 15 (a).

3. The compound of Claim 2 in which:

A is selected from 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzooxazol-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl and
 oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, wherein
 R⁷ is hydrogen, halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or phenyl, R⁸ at each occurrence
 20 independently is halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

X¹ is =C-;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a), wherein within Formula (a) R⁹ is
 hydrogen, R¹¹ is hydrogen or methyl and R¹² is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl substituted with -SR¹⁴, -S(O)R¹⁴ or
 -S(O)₂R¹⁴, wherein R¹⁴ is (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 25 (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹² any alicyclic or
 aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently
 selected from (C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 30 -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein

X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{15} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl;

- R^1 is $-X^6X^7R^{20}$, wherein X^6 is $-C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$, X^7 is a bond, $-O-$ or $-NR^{21}-$, wherein R^{21} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and R^{20} is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted by $-C(O)OR^{14}$ or
- 5 (ii) (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or (iii) (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl is substituted by $-X^5OR^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^5NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$ or
- 10 $-X^5NR^{25}C(NR^{25})NR^{24}R^{25}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{24} is (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{25} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl; wherein within R^1 any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, $-OR^{14}$ and $-C(O)OR^{14}$ wherein R^{14}
- 15 is as defined above, or when X^2 is a divalent group of formula (a) then R^1 may be, but is not limited to, hydrogen or oxalo;

R^2 is hydrogen;

- R^3 is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl (optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, $-SR^{24}$, $-C(O)OR^{24}$, $-C(O)NR^{24}R^{24}$, $-P(O)(OR^{24})OR^{24}$, $-OP(O)(OR^{24})OR^{24}$, $-S(O)R^{25}$, $-S(O)_2R^{25}$ or
- 20 $-C(O)R^{25}$, wherein R^{24} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{25} is halo, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl) or (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{2-3}) alkyl, wherein said aryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$,
- 25 $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene and R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above, or R^3 and R^4 or R^3 and R^4 taken together with the carbon atom to which both R^3 and R^4 are attached form cyclopropylene, cyclobutylene, cyclopentylene or cyclohexylene;

- 30 R^4 is hydrogen or as defined above; and

R^5 and R^6 together form oxo; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable

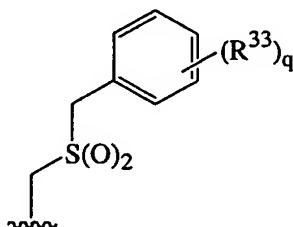
salts thereof.

4. The compound of Claim 3 in which:

A is benzoxazol-2-yl substituted by R^7 , wherein R^7 is hydrogen, halo, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl or nitro and R^8 at each occurrence independently is halo, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy,

5 (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

X^2 is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a), wherein within Formula (a) X^3 is $-C(O)-$, R^{11} is hydrogen and R^{12} is a group having the following formula:



in which q is 0, 1, 2, 4 or 5 and R^{33} at each occurrence independently is selected from a group
 10 consisting of (C_{1-4}) alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein
 X^5 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-3}) alkyl or
 halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{15} is (C_{1-3}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl;

R^1 is selected from a group consisting of acetyl, azetidin-3-ylcarbonyl,
 15 benzyloxycarbonyl, 1-benzyloxycarbonylpiperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, benzylsulfonyl,
 bicyclo[2.2.2]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl,
 carboxyacetyl, 2-carboxypropionyl, 3-carboxypropionyl, 2-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-cyclohexylbutyryl,
 2-cyclohexylethylsulfonyl, cyclohexylmethoxycarbonyl, 3-cyclohexylpropionyl,
 2-cyclopentylethylsulfonyl, 3-cyclopentylpropionyl, di(2-methoxyethyl)carbamoyl,
 20 dimethylcarbamoyl, 6-hydroxypyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, 1*H*-imidazol-4-ylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl,
 methylsulfonyl, 4-methylvaleryl, morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl, 2-morpholin-4-ylethylcarbonyl,
 naphth-1-ylacetyl, naphth-1-ylmethylcarbonyl, oxalo, 3-phenylpropionyl, piperazin-1-ylcarbonyl,
 piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrazin-2-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl,
 pyrid-3-ylaminocarbonyl, tetrahydropyran-4-ylcarbonyl and tetrahydropyran-4-yloxycarbonyl;

25 R^3 is selected from hydrogen, (C_{1-4}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{2-3}) alkyl or
 (C_{1-4}) alkylsulfonyl (C_{2-4}) alkyl or R^3 and R^4 taken together with the carbon atom to which both R^3

and R⁴ are attached form (C_{3,6})cycloalkylene;

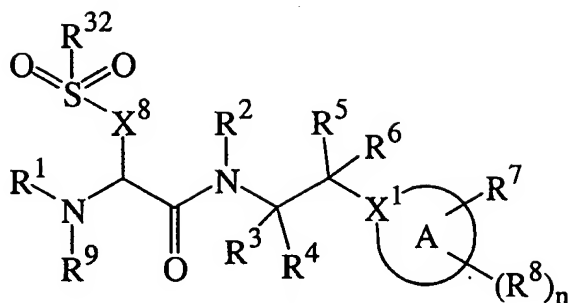
R⁴ is hydrogen or as defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

5 5. The compound of Claim 4 in which q is 0, 1 or 2, R¹ is morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrazin-2-ylcarbonyl pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl, tetrahydropyran-4-ylcarbonyl or tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy carbonyl, R³ is methyl, ethyl, *n*-propyl, *n*-butyl, 2-methylsulfonyl ethyl or phenylethyl or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are
10 attached form cyclobutylene and R³³ at each occurrence independently is (C_{1,4})alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1,4})alkyl, nitro, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴ or -C(O)OR¹⁴, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1,3})alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1,3})alkyl; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

15 6. The compound of Claim 5 in which R³³ at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C_{1,4})alkyl, bromo, carboxy, chloro, cyano, difluoromethoxy, fluoro, iodo, methoxy, nitro, trifluoromethoxy, trifluoromethyl and trifluorosulfonyl; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

20 7. The compound of Claim 6 in which within Formula (a) R¹² is benzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-chlorobenzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-cyanobenzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl, 3,5-dimethylisooxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-methoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl, 6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-nitrobenzylsulfonylmethyl, pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, *o*-tolylmethylsulfonylmethyl or
25 2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonylmethyl; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

8. A compound of Formula II:



II

in which:

A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains
 5 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

10 X⁸ is (C₁₋₂)alkylene;

R¹ is hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo, carbamoyl or -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)-, -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 15 -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²², -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³, -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²², -NR²³C(O)OR²², -NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 20 (iii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 25

- hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl substituted by -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵SR²⁴, -X⁵S(O)R²⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁴,
 -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴,
 -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond
 or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R²⁴ is (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 5 phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each occurrence independently is
 hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be
 substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene,
 cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 10 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 defined above;
- R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;
- R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 15 -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵,
 -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶,
 -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷,
 -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently
 20 is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted
 (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁶ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁷ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein within R¹⁶
 said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring
 25 optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸,
 -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸,
 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or
 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and
 R¹⁹ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 30 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

(C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸,
 5 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴,
 10 -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, or

R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene or (C₃₋₈)heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or
 15 heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 20 defined above;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X⁵NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵OR²⁹, -X⁵SR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁹,
 25 -X⁵C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X⁵OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)₂R³¹ and -X⁵C(O)R³¹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R³¹, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R³¹ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may
 30 be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,

$-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as
 defined above; and

- R^8 at each occurrence independently is selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene,
 5 cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as
 defined above;
- 10 R^9 is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl; and
- R^{32} is (C_{1-8}) alkyl, (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
 hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, wherein within R^{30} any alicyclic or aromatic ring system
 present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl,
 15 (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as
 defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual
 20 isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

9. The compound of Claim 8 in which:

- A is selected from 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzooxazol-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl and
 oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R^7 and optionally substituted with a group R^8 , wherein
 R^7 is hydrogen, halo, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or phenyl, R^8 at each occurrence
 25 independently is halo, (C_{1-4}) alkoxy, (C_{1-4}) alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

X^1 is =C-

X^8 is methylene or ethylene;

- R^1 is $-X^6X^7R^{20}$, wherein X^6 is -C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X^7 is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein
 R^{21} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and R^{20} is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted by -C(O)OR¹⁴ or
 30 (ii) (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
 hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or (iii) (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,

- phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl is substituted by -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁴ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R²⁴ is
- 5 (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 substituents independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, -OR¹⁴ and -C(O)OR¹⁴ wherein R¹⁴ is as defined above, or when X² is a divalent group of formula (a) then R¹ may be, but is not
- 10 limited to, hydrogen or oxalo;
- R² and R⁹ each are hydrogen;
- R³ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl (optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁴, -C(O)OR²⁴, -C(O)NR²⁴R²⁴, -P(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -OP(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -S(O)R²⁵, -S(O)₂R²⁵ or -C(O)R²⁵, wherein R²⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or
- 15 halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl) or (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein said aryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
- 20 -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form cyclopropylene, cyclobutylene, cyclopentylene or cyclohexylene;
- R⁴ is hydrogen or as defined above;
- 25 R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo; and
- R³² is -X⁹R³⁴, wherein X⁹ is methylene when X⁸ is methylene or is a bond when X⁸ is ethylene, R³⁴ is -CR³⁵CHR³⁶ or -CR³⁷NR³⁸, wherein R³⁵ and R³⁶ together with the atoms to which R³⁵ and R³⁶ are attached form (C₂₋₆)alkenyl, (C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkenyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkenyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl, hetero(C₆₋₁₂)aryl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl or
- 30 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl and R³⁷ and R³⁸ together with the atoms to which R³⁷ and R³⁸ are attached form hetero(C₅₋₁₂)cycloalkenyl, hetero(C₆₋₁₂)aryl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl, wherein within R³⁴ said cycloalkenyl, heterocycloalkenyl, aryl, heteroaryl, bicycloaryl or heterobicycloaryl

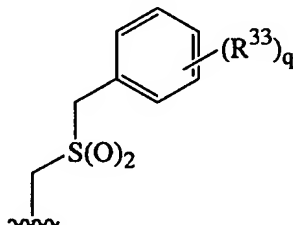
may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 5 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

10 10. The compound of Claim 9 in which:

A is benzooxazol-2-yl, wherein R⁷ is hydrogen, halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl or nitro and R⁸ at each occurrence independently is halo, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or trifluoromethyl;

-X⁸S(O)₂R³² is a group having the following formula:

15



in which q is 0, 1, 2, 4 or 5 and R³³ at each occurrence independently is selected from a group consisting of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₂)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₃)alkyl or
 20 halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₃)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl;

R¹ is selected from a group consisting of acetyl, azetidin-3-ylcarbonyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, 1-benzyloxycarbonylpiperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, benzylsulfonyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, carboxyacetyl, 2-carboxypropionyl, 3-carboxypropionyl, 2-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-cyclohexylbutyryl,
 25 2-cyclohexylethylsulfonyl, cyclohexylmethoxycarbonyl, 3-cyclohexylpropionyl, 2-cyclopentylethylsulfonyl, 3-cyclopentylpropionyl, di(2-methoxyethyl)carbamoyl,

dimethylcarbamoyl, 6-hydroxypyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, 1*H*-imidazol-4-ylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, 4-methylvaleryl, morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl, 2-morpholin-4-ylethylcarbonyl, naphth-1-ylacetyl, naphth-1-ylmethylcarbonyl, oxalo, 3-phenylpropionyl, piperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrazin-2-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl,
 5 pyrid-3-ylaminocarbonyl, tetrahydropyran-4-ylcarbonyl and tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy carbonyl;

R³ is selected from hydrogen, (C₁₋₄)alkyl, phenyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or (C₁₋₄)alkylsulfonyl(C₂₋₄)alkyl or R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₆)cycloalkylene;

R⁴ is hydrogen or as defined above; and

10 R³⁴ is (C₆₋₁₂)aryl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl, each optionally substituted by 1 to 5 radicals selected from a group consisting of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the
 15 pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

11. The compound of Claim 10 in which q is 0, 1 or 2, R¹ is morpholin-4-ylcarbonyl, methoxycarbonyl, methylsulfonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, pyrazin-2-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-4-ylcarbonyl, tetrahydropyran-4-ylcarbonyl or tetrahydropyran-4-yloxy carbonyl, R³ is ethyl, butyl, 2-methylsulfonyl ethyl, phenethyl or propyl
 20 and -X¹¹S(O)₂R³² is benzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-chlorobenzylsulfonylmethyl, 2-cyanobenzylsulfonylmethyl, cyclohexylmethyl, 2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl, 3,5-dimethylisooxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-methoxybenzylsulfonylmethyl, 6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, 2-nitrobenzylsulfonylmethyl, pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylmethyl, *o*-tolylmethylsulfonylmethyl or
 25 2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonylmethyl; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

12. The compound of Claim 11 selected from a group consisting of:

N-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)butylcarbamoyl]-2-benzylsulfonyl ethyl]morpholine-
 30 4-carboxamide;

methyl

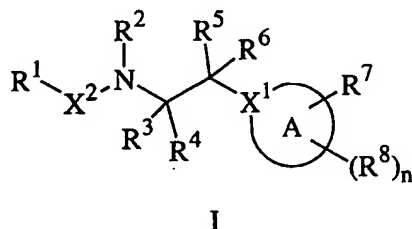
- 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate;
N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutyl)-
2R-methylsulfonylamino-3-benzylsulfonylpropionamide;
5 N-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-2R-(3,3-dimethylureido)-
3-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)propionamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylbutylcarbamoyl)-
10 2-(2-methoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
15 1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethylcarbamate;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
20 2-(3,5-dimethylisoxazol-4-ylmethylsulfonylethyl)isonicotinamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-pyridin-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
25 N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-*o*-tolylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-
2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
30 2-benzylsulfonylethyl]nicotinamide;
N-[1R-(1S-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-
2-benzylsulfonylethyl]pyrazine-2-carboxamide;

- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-chlorobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide;
- 5 *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-methylsulfonylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonylpentylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-difluoromethoxybenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide;
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl)-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
- 10 *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(6-methylpyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonyl)ethyl]isonicotinamide;
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-nitrobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
- 15 *N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-pyrid-2-ylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-*o*-tolylmethylsulfonylethyl]morpholine-4-carboxamide;
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-trifluoromethylbenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]tetrahydropyran-4-carboxamide;
- 20 tetrahydropyran-4-yl 1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-benzylsulfonylethylcarbamate; and
- N*-[1*R*-(1*S*-benzooxazol-2-ylcarbonyl-3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl)-2-(2-cyanobenzylsulfonyl)ethyl]piperidine-4-carboxamide; and the
- 25 *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Claim 1, or a *N*-oxide derivative, prodrug derivative, individual isomer, mixture of isomers, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof in admixture with one or more suitable excipients.

- 30 14. A method of treating a disease in an animal in which cysteine protease activity

contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease, which method comprises administering to the animal a therapeutically effective amount of compound of Formula I:



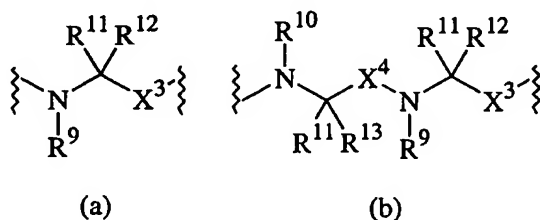
in which:

- 5 A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member
- 10 atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



- 15 wherein:

X³ and X⁴ independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

R¹¹ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- 20 R¹² and R¹³ independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶,

$-\text{NR}^{17}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{16}$, $-\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{16}\text{R}^{17}$, $-\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{16}\text{R}^{17}$, $-\text{NR}^{17}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{16}\text{R}^{17}$ or
 $-\text{NR}^{17}\text{C}(\text{NR}^{17})\text{NR}^{16}\text{R}^{17}$, wherein R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen,
 (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl, R^{15} is (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted
 (C_{1-3}) alkyl, R^{16} is (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
5 (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{17} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and wherein
within R^{16} said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or
heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from $-\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{OR}^{18}$,
 $-\text{X}^5\text{SR}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$,
10 $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$,
 $-\text{X}^5\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$ or $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{NR}^{19})\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, wherein X^5 is a
bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{18} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl and R^{19} is
 (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
15 hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from
 (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and
hetero (C_{8-12}) polycycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl,
heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group
20 selected from $-\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{OR}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{SR}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$,
 $-\text{X}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{OC}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{18}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{18}$,
 $-\text{X}^5\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$ or
 $-\text{X}^5\text{NR}^{19}\text{C}(\text{NR}^{19})\text{NR}^{18}\text{R}^{19}$, wherein X^5 , R^{18} and R^{19} are as defined above; wherein
within R^{12} and/or R^{13} any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted
25 further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene,
cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-\text{X}^6\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{NR}^{14}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{14}$,
 $-\text{X}^6\text{NR}^{14}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{NR}^{14}\text{C}(\text{NR}^{14})\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{OR}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{SR}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{OR}^{14}$,
 $-\text{X}^6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{NR}^{14}\text{R}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{P}(\text{O})(\text{OR}^{14})\text{OR}^{14}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{OP}(\text{O})(\text{OR}^{14})\text{OR}^{14}$,
 $-\text{X}^6\text{NR}^{14}\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{15}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{S}(\text{O})\text{R}^{15}$, $-\text{X}^6\text{S}(\text{O})_2\text{R}^{15}$ and $-\text{X}^6\text{C}(\text{O})\text{R}^{15}$, wherein X^6 is a bond or
30 (C_{1-6}) alkylene and R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above; or

R^{12} together with R^9 and/or R^{13} together with R^{10} form trimethylene,
tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with hydroxy or

oxo; and

- R^1 is $-X^7X^8R^{20}$, wherein X^7 is $-C(O)-$, $-C(O)C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$, X^8 is a bond, $-O-$ or $-NR^{21}-$, wherein R^{21} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and R^{20} is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, $-NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$,
 5 $-OR^{14}$, $-SR^{14}$, $-C(O)OR^{14}$, $-C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-S(O)R^{15}$, $-S(O)_2R^{15}$, $-C(O)R^{15}$, $-OR^{22}$, $-SR^{22}$, $-S(O)R^{22}$,
 $-S(O)_2R^{22}$, $-C(O)R^{22}$, $-C(O)OR^{22}$, $-C(O)NR^{22}R^{23}$, $-NR^{22}R^{23}$, $-NR^{23}C(O)R^{22}$,
 $-NR^{23}C(O)OR^{22}$, $-NR^{23}C(O)NR^{22}R^{23}$ or $-NR^{23}C(NR^{23})NR^{22}R^{23}$, wherein R^{14} and R^{15} are as
 defined above, R^{22} is (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 10 (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
 hetero (C_{8-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{23} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or
 (C_{1-6}) alkyl, or (ii) (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
 hetero (C_{8-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or (iii) (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 15 hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, wherein said
 cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl is substituted by $-X^9OR^{24}$, $-X^9SR^{24}$,
 $-X^9S(O)R^{24}$, $-X^9S(O)_2R^{24}$, $-X^9C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^9C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^9C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^9NR^{24}R^{25}$,
 $-X^9NR^{25}C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^9NR^{25}C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^9NR^{25}C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$ or $-X^9NR^{25}C(NR^{25})NR^{24}R^{25}$,
 wherein X^9 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{24} is (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 20 hetero (C_{3-6}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, phenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{25} at each
 occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl; wherein within R^1 any alicyclic or aromatic
 ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from
 (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^6NR^{14}R^{14}$,
 $-X^6NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6OR^{14}$, $-X^6SR^{14}$,
 25 $-X^6C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^6C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-X^6OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^6S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^6S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^6C(O)R^{15}$, wherein
 X^6 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above; or when X^2 is a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then
 R^1 may also represent hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or carbamoyl;

R^2 is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl;

- 30 R^3 is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, $-SR^{26}$, $-C(O)OR^{26}$,
 $-C(O)NR^{26}R^{26}$, $-P(O)(OR^{26})OR^{26}$, $-OP(O)(OR^{26})OR^{26}$, $-S(O)R^{27}$, $-S(O)_2R^{27}$ or $-C(O)R^{27}$,
 wherein R^{26} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted

- (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁷ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or (ii) (C₅₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted
- 5 (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, provided that when R³ is unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R⁴ is hydrogen or unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, then X² may not represent (i) a bond when R¹ is
- 10 -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)₂R²⁰ or -S(O)₂R²⁰ in which R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₁₋₄)alkyl, phenyl, (C₃₋₇)cycloalkyl, camphan-10-yl, naphth-1-yl, naphth-2-yl, phenyl substituted by one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, (C₁₋₄)alkylamino, (C₁₋₄)dialkylamino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, or naphth-1-yl or naphth-2-yl substituted by one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy,
- 15 halo, amido, nitro, amino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl or (ii) a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) in which the moiety R¹² is methyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl, *tert*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, benzyl, naphth-1-ylmethyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, thien-2-ylmethyl, thien-3-ylmethyl, or wherein R⁹ and R¹² form ethylene, trimethylene, hydroxy-substituted trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene; or
- 20 R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene or (C₃₋₈)heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
- 25 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above;
- R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;
- R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;
- 30 R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X¹⁰NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰OR²⁹, -X¹⁰SR²⁹, -X¹⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹,

- X¹⁰NR³⁰C(O)R³¹, -X¹⁰S(O)R³¹, -X¹⁰S(O)₂R³¹ and -X¹⁰C(O)R³¹, wherein X¹⁰ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R³¹, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R³¹ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and
- R⁸ at each occurrence independently is selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or a *N*-oxide derivative, prodrug derivative, protected derivative, individual isomer or mixture of isomers; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

15. The method of Claim 14 in which the cysteine protease is cathepsin S.
16. The method of Claim 15 in which the disease is an autoimmune disorder, allergic disorder, allogeneic immune response, a disorder involving excessive elastolysis, cardiovascular disorders or a disorder involving fibril formation.
17. The method of Claim 16 in which the disorder is selected from juvenile onset diabetes, multiple sclerosis, pemphigus vulgaris, Graves' disease, myasthenia gravis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, asthma, organ transplant or tissue graft rejections, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, bronchiolitis, excessive airway elastolysis in asthma and bronchitis, pneumonitis, plaque rupture, atheroma and systemic amyloidosis.
18. A method for treating a disease in an animal in which cysteine protease activity

contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease, which method comprises administering to the animal a therapeutically effective amount of compound of Claim 8; or a *N*-oxide derivative, prodrug derivative, protected derivative, individual isomer or mixture of isomers; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

5 19. The method of Claim 18 in which the cysteine protease is cathepsin S.

 20. The method of Claim 19 in which the disease is an autoimmune disorder, allergic disorder, allogeneic immune response, a disorder involving excessive elastolysis, cardiovascular disorders or a disorder involving fibril formation.

 21. The method of Claim 19 in which the disorder is selected from juvenile onset
10 diabetes, multiple sclerosis, pemphigus vulgaris, Graves' disease, myasthenia gravis, systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis, Hashimoto's thyroiditis, asthma, organ transplant or tissue graft rejections, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, bronchiolitis, excessive airway elastolysis in asthma and bronchitis, pneumonitis, plaque rupture, atheroma and systemic amyloidosis.

15 22. A compound according to any one of Claims 1-8 in which R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo.

 23. A compound according to Claim 1 or Claim 22 in which ring A is selected from 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzoxazol-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl and oxazol-2-yl.

 24. A compound according to Claim 23 in which ring A is benzoxazol-2-yl or
20 oxazol-2-yl.

 25. A compound according to Claim 23 or 24 in which ring A is substituted by R⁷ wherein R⁷ is hydrogen, halo, (C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, nitro or phenyl.

26. A compound according to any one of Claims 1-8 or 22-25 in which R^3 is (C_{1-4}) alkyl optionally substituted by phenyl or (C_{1-4}) alkylsulfonyl and R^4 is hydrogen or methyl or R^3 and R^4 taken together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form straight, saturated (C_{2-5}) alkylene, wherein within said alkylene any one or two carbon atoms
5 optionally is replaced by a heteroatom selected from -O-, -S- or -NR²⁸ - where R^{28} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl.

27. A compound according to Claim 26 in which R^3 is (C_{1-4}) alkyl and R^4 is hydrogen or methyl.

28. A compound according to any one of Claims 9-11 or 26 in which R^3 is (C_{1-4}) alkyl and R^4 is hydrogen.
10

29. A compound according to Claim 28 in which R^3 is n-propyl.

30. A compound according to any preceding claim for use in therapy.

31. A compound or pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim for use in treating a disease in an animal in which cysteine protease activity contributes to
15 the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease.

32. A compound or pharmaceutical composition for use according to claim 31 in which the cysteine protease is cathepsin S.

33. A compound or pharmaceutical composition for use according to claim 32 to treat asthma.

20 34. Use of a compound according to any preceding claim for the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a disease in an animal in which cysteine protease activity

contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease.

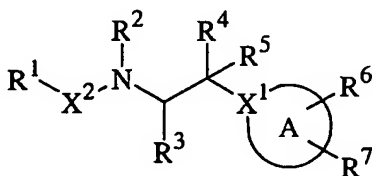
35. Use according to Claim 34 for the treatment of a disease in an animal in which cathepsin S activity contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease.

36. Use according to Claim 35 for the treatment of asthma.

5 37. A compound or pharmaceutical composition according to any preceding claim and an anti-inflammatory agent as a combined preparation for simultaneous, separate or sequential use in the treatment of asthma.

38. A compound, pharmaceutical composition or use thereof substantially as herein described with reference to the Examples.

10 39. A compound of Formula I:



I

in which:

A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains
 15 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member

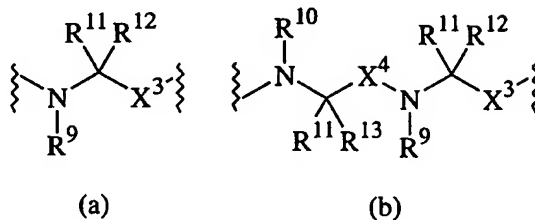
atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):

5



wherein:

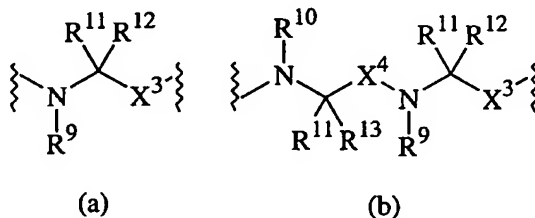
A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X¹ is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other

10 than X¹ is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

15 X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



wherein:

X³ and X⁴ independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-;

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

20

R¹¹ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R¹² and R¹³ independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁶ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁷ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein within R¹⁶ said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁹ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,

$-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15}
 are as defined above; or

R^{12} together with R^9 and/or R^{13} together with R^{10} form trimethylene,
 5 tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, , optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals
 independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted
 (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, oxo, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$,
 $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$,
 $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$,
 10 $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined
 above; and

R^1 is $-X^6X^7R^{20}$, wherein X^6 is $-C(O)-$, $-C(O)C(O)-$ or $-S(O)_2-$, X^7 is a bond, $-O-$ or
 $-NR^{21}-$, wherein R^{21} is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, and R^{20} is (i) (C_{1-6}) alkyl optionally substituted by
 cyano, halo, nitro, $-NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$,
 15 $-OR^{14}$, $-SR^{14}$, $-C(O)OR^{14}$, $-C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$,
 $-OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-S(O)R^{15}$, $-S(O)_2R^{15}$, $-C(O)R^{15}$, $-OR^{22}$, $-SR^{22}$, $-S(O)R^{22}$,
 $-S(O)_2R^{22}$, $-C(O)R^{22}$, $-C(O)OR^{22}$, $-C(O)NR^{22}R^{23}$, $-NR^{22}R^{23}$, $-NR^{23}C(O)R^{22}$, $-NR^{23}C(O)OR^{22}$,
 $-NR^{23}C(O)NR^{22}R^{23}$ or $-NR^{23}C(NR^{23})NR^{22}R^{23}$, wherein R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above, R^{22}
 is (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 20 hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{8-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl
 and R^{23} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C_{1-6}) alkyl, or
 (ii) (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 diphenyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, dihetero (C_{5-6}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 (C_{9-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or hetero (C_{8-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl wherein said cycloalkyl,
 25 heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl may be substituted by $-R^{24}$, $-X^5OR^{24}$, $-X^5SR^{24}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{24}$,
 $-X^5S(O)_2R^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)R^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^5C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^5NR^{24}R^{25}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)R^{24}$,
 $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)OR^{24}$, $-X^5NR^{25}C(O)NR^{24}R^{25}$ or $-X^5NR^{25}C(NR^{25})NR^{24}R^{25}$, wherein X^5 is as
 defined above, R^{24} is (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{3-12}) cycloalkyl (C_{0-6}) alkyl,
 (C_{6-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, hetero (C_{5-12}) aryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl, (C_{9-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl or
 30 hetero (C_{8-12}) bicycloaryl (C_{0-6}) alkyl and R^{25} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or
 (C_{1-6}) alkyl; wherein within R^1 any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted
 further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo,

- halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵,
 -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or when X² is a
 5 divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then R¹ may also represent hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or
 carbamoyl;
 R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;
 R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁴, -C(O)OR²⁴,
 -C(O)NR²⁴R²⁴, -P(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -OP(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -S(O)R²⁵, -S(O)₂R²⁵ or -C(O)R²⁵,
 10 wherein R²⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted
 (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or (ii) (C₅₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl,
 hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein
 said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5
 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted
 15 (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein
 X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, provided that when R³ is unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R⁴
 is hydrogen or unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, then X² may not represent (i) a bond when R¹ is
 20 -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)₂R²⁰ or -S(O)₂R²⁰ in which R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₁₋₄)alkyl, phenyl, (C₃.
 7)cycloalkyl, camphan-10-yl, naphth-1-yl, naphth-2-yl, phenyl substituted by one or more of (C₁.
 4)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, (C₁₋₄)alkylamino,
 (C₁₋₄)dialkylamino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, or naphth-1-yl or naphth-2-yl substituted by
 one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino,
 25 carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl or (ii) a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) in which the moiety
 R¹² is methyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl, *tert*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, benzyl, naphth-1-ylmethyl,
 naphth-2-ylmethyl, thien-2-ylmethyl, thien-3-ylmethyl, or wherein R⁹ and R¹² form ethylene,
 trimethylene, hydroxy-substituted trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene; or
 R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached
 30 form (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene or (C₃₋₈)heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or
 heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from
 (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,

-X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 defined above;

5 R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X⁵NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹,
 -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵OR²⁹, -X⁵SR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁹,
 -X⁵C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X⁵OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹,

10 -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R²⁰, -X⁵S(O)R²⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁰, -X⁵C(O)R²⁰ and -C(O)NR⁴²CHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹,
 wherein X⁵ and R²⁰ are as defined as above, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R²⁰, wherein R²⁰ is defined as
 above, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, R⁴² is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or together
 with R⁴³ forms trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted
 with hydroxy or oxo, and R⁴³ is as defined above or is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with

15 cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶,
 -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶,
 -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or (ii) a group

20 selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl,
 polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸,
 -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸,

25 -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹,
 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹
 are as defined above; wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be
 substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene,
 cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,

30 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as

defined above; and

R⁸ at each occurrence independently is selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴,
 5 -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of
 10 isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

40. The compound of Claim 39 in which:

A is selected from thien-2-yl, oxazol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, fur-2-yl, 1*H*-indol-5-yl, pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl, thiazol-2-yl, 1-methyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl, 1-benzyl-1*H*-imidazol-2-yl, benzooxazol-2-yl, benzofur-2-yl, benzothiazol-2-yl, 1*H*-benzoimidazol-2-yl,
 15 1,1-dioxo-1*H*-1λ⁶-benzo[*b*]thien-2-yl, quinol-3-yl, [1,3]dioxolan-2-yl, naphtho[2,3-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl and naphtho[2,1-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, wherein R⁷ is halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -OR²⁹, -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)OR²⁹, -S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰ or -C(O)NHCHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹, wherein R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 20 diphenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R²⁰, wherein R²⁰ is defined as above, wherein said heterocycloalkyl may be substituted with (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₃)alkyl, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R⁴³ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R⁸ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl; wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may
 25 be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵ is a bond or
 30 (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b), wherein within Formula (a) X³ is -C(O)-, R⁹ is hydrogen, R¹¹ is hydrogen or methyl, and R¹² is (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R¹ is hydrogen or -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond or -O- and R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

- 5 (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴ and -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R¹⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl;

- 10 R² is hydrogen;

R³ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or (C₆₋₁₀)aryl(C₁₋₃)alkyl or R³ and R⁴ taken together form straight, saturated (C₂₋₅)alkylene;

R⁴ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above; and

- R⁵ and R⁶ preferably together form oxo; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug
15 derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

41. The compound of Claim 40 in which:

- A oxazol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzoxazol-2-yl, naphtho[2,3-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl or naphtho[2,1-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and
20 optionally substituted with a group R⁸, wherein R⁷ is halo, -R²⁹, -C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)OR²⁹, -C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰ or -S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, wherein R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl;

X² is a divalent group of Formula (a), wherein within Formula (a) X³ is -C(O)-, R⁹ and R¹¹ each are hydrogen and R¹² is isobutyl, *sec*-butyl or isopropyl;

- 25 R¹ is select from acetyl, benzoyl, benzyloxycarbonyl, benzylsulfonyl, bicyclo[2.2.2]hept-2-ylcarbonyl, *tert*-butoxycarbonyl, *tert*-butyryl, 4-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, 1-*tert*-butoxycarbonylpiperidin-4-ylcarbonyl, 2-cyclohexylacetyl, 4-cyclohexylbutyryl, 2-cyclohexylethylsulfonyl, 3-cyclohexylpropionyl, 2-cyclopentylethylsulfonyl, hydrogen, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, methylsulfonyl,
30 4-methylvaleryl, 3-morpholin-4-ylpropionyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, 3-phenylpropionyl, piperazin-1-ylcarbonyl, piperidin-4-ylcarbonyl and pyrid-3-ylcarbonyl, wherein within R¹ any

alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from 3-aminomethyl and 3-*tert*-butoxycarbonylaminomethyl;

R³ is phenethyl or R³ and R⁴ taken together form ethylene; and

R⁴ is hydrogen or methyl or as defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

42. The compound of Claim 41 in which

A is selected from oxazol-2-yl, 4,5-dihydrooxazol-2-yl, benzoxazol-2-yl or naphtho[1,2-*d*]oxazol-2-yl, each substituted by a group R⁷ and optionally substituted with a group R⁸, particularly wherein R⁷ is adamantan-1-ylmethylcarbamoyl, benzyl, benzylcarbamoyl, benzyl(methyl)carbamoyl, 1-benzylloxycarbonyl-3-methylbutylcarbamoyl, 4-benzylpiperidin-1-carbonyl, *tert*-butyl, chloro, 2,3-dihydroindol-1-ylcarbonyl, 3,4-dihydro-1*H*-isoquinol-2-ylcarbonyl, 3,4-dihydro-1*H*-quinol-1-ylcarbonyl, diphenylmethylcarbamoyl, fur-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl, hydrogen, 2-(1*H*-indol-3-yl)ethylcarbamoyl, methoxy, methoxycarbonyl, methyl, 3-methylbutylcarbamoyl, methylcarbamoyl, 1-methylethylcarbamoyl, naphth-1-ylmethylcarbonyl, nitro, phenyl, phenylcarbamoyl, 2-phenylcyclopropylcarbamoyl, 1-phenylethylcarbamoyl, sulfamoyl, trifluoromethyl, phenethylcarbamoyl, 3-phenylpropylcarbamoyl, piperid-1-ylcarbonyl, pyrid-2-ylmethylcarbamoyl, pyrid-3-ylmethylcarbamoyl, pyrid-4-ylmethylcarbamoyl and pyrrolidin-1-ylcarbonyl and R⁸ is methyl

X² is a divalent group of Formula (a), wherein within Formula R¹² is isopropyl;

R³ is phenethyl; and

R⁴ is hydrogen; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

43. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 39 in combination with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipient(s).

44. The composition of Claim 43 which further comprises one or more active ingredient(s) selected from the group consisting of (i) a therapeutically effective amount of a

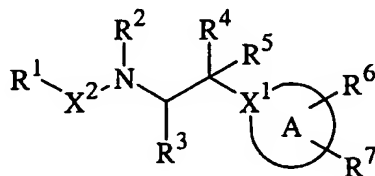
bisphosphonic acid or acid ester thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof and (ii) a therapeutically effective amount of an estrogen receptor agonist or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

45. The composition of Claim 44 wherein the bisphosphonic acid is selected from the group consisting of 1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-3-pyrrolidin-1-ylpropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxyethylidene-1,1-diphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-3-(*N*-methyl-*N*-pentylamino)propylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 6-amino-1-hydroxyhexylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 3-(dimethylamino)-1-hydroxypropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 3-amino-1-hydroxypropylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 2-pyrid-2-ylethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 1-hydroxy-2-pyrid-3-ylethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid, 4-chlorophenylthiomethylenebisphosphonic acid and 1-hydroxy-2-(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)ethylidene-1,1-bisphosphonic acid or acid ester thereof or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

46. The composition of Claim 45 wherein the bisphosphonic acid is 1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonic acid or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

47. The composition of Claim 46 which comprises 1,1-dichloromethylene-1,1-diphosphonate monosodium trihydrate.

48. A method of treating a disease in an animal in which cysteine protease activity contributes to the pathology and/or symptomatology of the disease, which method comprises
20 administering to the animal a therapeutically effective amount of compound of Formula I:



I

in which:

A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused

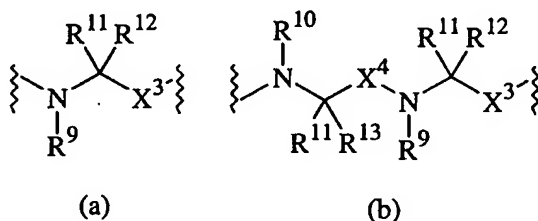
heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X^1 is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X^1 is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member

5 atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X^1 is =C- or -CH-;

X^2 is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



10 wherein:

X^3 and X^4 independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-

R^9 and R^{10} independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

R^{11} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R^{12} and R^{13} independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or

15 -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R^{15} (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R^{16} is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R^{17} is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein

20 within R^{16} said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸,

25

- X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹,
 -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is a
 bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁹ is
 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 5 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from
 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
 hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and
 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl,
 10 heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group
 selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸,
 -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸,
 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or
 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein
 15 within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted
 further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene,
 cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴,
 -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 20 -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶ is a bond or
 (C₁₋₆)alkylene and R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or
 R¹² together with R⁹ and/or R¹³ together with R¹⁰ form trimethylene,
 tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with hydroxy or
 oxo; and
 25 R¹ is -X⁷X⁸R²⁰, wherein X⁷ is -C(O)-, -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁸ is a bond, -O- or
 -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by
 cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
 -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴,
 -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²²,
 30 -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³, -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²²,
 -NR²³C(O)OR²², -NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³, wherein R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as
 defined above, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

- (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, diphenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
- 5 dihetero(C₃₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl may be substituted by -X⁹OR²⁴, -X⁹SR²⁴, -X⁹S(O)R²⁴, -X⁹S(O)₂R²⁴, -X⁹C(O)R²⁴, -X⁹C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁹C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁹NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁹NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁹NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁹NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁹NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵, wherein X⁹ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R²⁴ is
- 10 (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted
- 15 (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene and R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or when X² is a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then R¹ may also represent
- 20 hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or carbamoyl;
R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;
R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁴, -C(O)OR²⁴, -C(O)NR²⁴R²⁴, -P(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -OP(O)(OR²⁴)OR²⁴, -S(O)R²⁵, -S(O)₂R²⁵ or -C(O)R²⁵, wherein R²⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted
- 25 (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁵ (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or hetero(C₃₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
- 30 -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, or

R³ and R⁴ taken together form straight, saturated (C_{2.5})alkylene, wherein within said alkylene any one to two carbon atoms optionally is replaced by a heteroatom selected from -O-, -S- or -NR²⁸- wherein R²⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

5 R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X¹⁰NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰OR²⁹, -X¹⁰SR²⁹, -X¹⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X¹⁰P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹, -X¹⁰NR³⁰C(O)R²⁰, -X¹⁰S(O)R²⁰, -X¹⁰S(O)₂R²⁰, -X¹⁰C(O)R²⁰ and -C(O)NR⁴²CHR⁴³C(O)OR²⁹,

10 wherein X¹⁰ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, wherein R²⁰ is defined as above, R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R²⁰, wherein R²⁰ is defined as above, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, R⁴² is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or together with R⁴³ forms trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with hydroxy or oxo, and R⁴³ is as defined above or is (i)

(C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
15 -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
-S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵,
-C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷,
-NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or
-NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or (ii) a group selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

20 hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,
(C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl,
heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is
substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸,

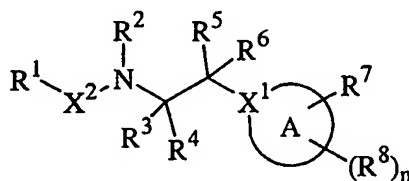
-X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸,
25 -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹,

wherein X⁵, R¹⁴, R¹⁵, R¹⁶, R¹⁷, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein within R⁷ any
alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals
independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted

(C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁶NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
30 -X⁶NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶OR¹⁴, -X⁶SR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁶C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
-X⁶S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁶P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁶NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁶S(O)R¹⁵,
-X⁶S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁶C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁶, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and

- R^8 at each occurrence independently is selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^6NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6OR^{14}$, $-X^6SR^{14}$, $-X^6C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^6C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^6P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^6OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^6NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^6S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^6S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^6C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^6 is a bond or (C_{1-6}) alkylene, R^{14} at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl and R^{15} (C_{1-6}) alkyl or halo-substituted (C_{1-3}) alkyl; or an *N*-oxide derivative, prodrug derivative, protected derivative, individual isomer or mixture of isomer; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

49. The method of Claim 48 wherein the disease is osteoporosis.
50. The method of Claim 49 wherein the animal is a human.
51. The method of Claim 50 wherein the human is a post-menopausal woman.
52. The method of Claim 51 wherein the cysteine protease is cathepsin K.
53. A process for making a compound of Formula I:



I

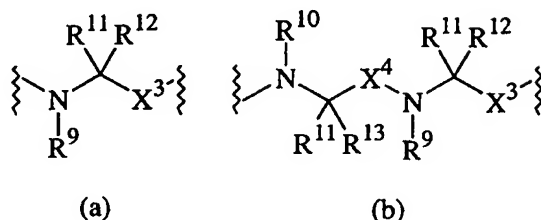
in which:

- A comprises a heteromonocyclic ring containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused heteropolycyclic ring system containing 8 to 14 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms, X^1 is a ring member carbon atom and each ring member atom other than X^1 is a carbon atom or a heteroatom, with the proviso that (i) at least one ring member atom is a heteroatom and (ii) when A is a heteromonocyclic radical containing 5 ring member atoms, no more than two of the ring member atoms comprising A are heteroatoms;

n is 0, 1, 2 or 3;

X¹ is =C- or -CH-;

X² is a bond or a divalent group of Formula (a) or (b):



5 wherein:

X³ and X⁴ independently are -C(O)- or -CH₂S(O)₂-

R⁹ and R¹⁰ independently are hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined below;

R¹¹ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;

- 10 R¹² and R¹³ independently are (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR¹⁶, -SR¹⁶, -S(O)R¹⁶, -S(O)₂R¹⁶, -C(O)R¹⁶, -C(O)OR¹⁶, -OC(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)R¹⁶, -NR¹⁷C(O)OR¹⁶, -C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -S(O)₂NR¹⁶R¹⁷, -NR¹⁷C(O)NR¹⁶R¹⁷ or
- 15 -NR¹⁷C(NR¹⁷)NR¹⁶R¹⁷, wherein R¹⁴ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, R¹⁵ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, halo, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or R¹⁶ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁷ is
- 20 hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and wherein within R¹⁶ said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or
- 25 -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵ is a bond or (C₁₋₆)alkylene, R¹⁸ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R¹⁹ is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or

hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) a group selected from (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and hetero(C₈₋₁₂)polycycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, polycycloaryl or heteropolycycloaryl ring optionally is substituted by a group selected from -R¹⁸, -X⁵OR¹⁸, -X⁵SR¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵OC(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)R¹⁸, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)OR¹⁸, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁸R¹⁹, -X⁵NR¹⁹C(O)NR¹⁸R¹⁹ or -X⁵NR¹⁹C(NR¹⁹)NR¹⁸R¹⁹, wherein X⁵, R¹⁸ and R¹⁹ are as defined above; wherein within R¹² and/or R¹³ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or

R¹² together with R⁹ and/or R¹³ together with R¹⁰ form trimethylene, tetramethylene or phenylene-1,2-dimethylene, optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, oxo, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; and

R¹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰, wherein X⁶ is -C(O)-, -C(O)C(O)- or -S(O)₂-, X⁷ is a bond, -O- or -NR²¹-, wherein R²¹ is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, and R²⁰ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted by cyano, halo, nitro, -NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -OR¹⁴, -SR¹⁴, -C(O)OR¹⁴, -C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)R¹⁵, -S(O)₂R¹⁵, -C(O)R¹⁵, -OR²², -SR²², -S(O)R²², -S(O)₂R²², -C(O)R²², -C(O)OR²², -C(O)NR²²R²³, -NR²²R²³, -NR²³C(O)R²², -NR²³C(O)OR²², -NR²³C(O)NR²²R²³ or -NR²³C(NR²³)NR²²R²³, wherein R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, R²² is (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl,

- (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²³ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl, or (ii) (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₉₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or
- 5 hetero(C₈₋₁₂)bicycloaryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or (iii) (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, phenyl or heteroaryl is substituted by -R²⁴, -X⁵OR²⁴, -X⁵SR²⁴, -X⁵S(O)R²⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁴R²⁵, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)R²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)OR²⁴, -X⁵NR²⁵C(O)NR²⁴R²⁵ or -X⁵NR²⁵C(NR²⁵)NR²⁴R²⁵,
- 10 wherein X⁵ is as defined above, R²⁴ is (C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl and R²⁵ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl; wherein within R¹ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
- 15 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above; or when X² is a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) then R¹ may also represent hydrogen, carboxy, oxalo or carbamoyl;
- 20 R² is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl;
- R³ is (i) (C₁₋₆)alkyl optionally substituted with cyano, halo, nitro, -SR²⁶, -C(O)OR²⁶, -C(O)NR²⁶R²⁶, -P(O)(OR²⁶)OR²⁶, -OP(O)(OR²⁶)OR²⁶, -S(O)R²⁷, -S(O)₂R²⁷ or -C(O)R²⁷, wherein R²⁶ at each occurrence independently is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R²⁷ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl or halo-substituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, or (ii) (C₅₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl,
- 25 hetero(C₃₋₆)cycloalkyl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₆)aryl(C₂₋₃)alkyl, wherein said cycloalkyl, heterocycloalkyl, aryl or heteroaryl optionally is substituted further with 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴,
- 30 -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above, provided that when R³ is unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl and R⁴ is hydrogen or unsubstituted (C₁₋₃)alkyl, then X² may not represent (i) a bond when R¹ is

-C(O)R²⁰, -C(O)₂R²⁰ or -S(O)₂R²⁰ in which R²⁰ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, phenyl(C₁₋₄)alkyl, phenyl, (C₃₋₇)cycloalkyl, camphan-10-yl, naphth-1-yl, naphth-2-yl, phenyl substituted by one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, (C₁₋₄)alkylamino, (C₁₋₄)dialkylamino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl, or naphth-1-yl or
 5 naphth-2-yl substituted by one or more of (C₁₋₄)alkyl, perfluoro(C₁₋₄)alkyl, (C₁₋₄)alkoxy, hydroxy, halo, amido, nitro, amino, carboxy or (C₁₋₄)alkoxycarbonyl or (ii) a divalent group of formula (a) or (b) in which the moiety R¹² is methyl, isopropyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl, *tert*-butyl, 1-methylpropyl, benzyl, naphth-1-ylmethyl, naphth-2-ylmethyl, thien-2-ylmethyl, thien-3-ylmethyl, or wherein R⁹ and R¹² form ethylene, trimethylene, hydroxy-substituted trimethylene, tetramethylene or
 10 phenylene-1,2-dimethylene; or

R³ and R⁴ taken together with the carbon atom to which both R³ and R⁴ are attached form (C₃₋₈)cycloalkylene or (C₃₋₈)heterocycloalkylene, wherein said cycloalkylene or heterocycloalkylene is optionally substituted with 1 to 3 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 15 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as defined above;

R⁴ is hydrogen, (C₁₋₆)alkyl or as defined above;

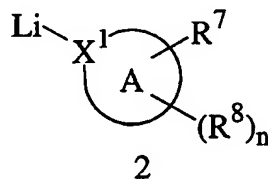
20 R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

R⁷ is a group selected from cyano, halo, nitro, -R²⁹, -X⁵NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵NR³⁰C(NR³⁰)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵OR²⁹, -X⁵SR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)OR²⁹, -X⁵C(O)NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵S(O)₂NR²⁹R³⁰, -X⁵P(O)(OR³⁰)OR²⁹, -X⁵OP(O)(OR²⁹)OR²⁹, -X⁵NR³⁰C(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)R³¹, -X⁵S(O)₂R³¹ and -X⁵C(O)R³¹, wherein X⁵ is as defined above,
 25 R²⁹ is hydrogen or -R³¹, R³⁰ at each occurrence is hydrogen or (C₁₋₆)alkyl and R³¹ is (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, hetero(C₃₋₁₂)cycloalkyl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, (C₆₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl or hetero(C₅₋₁₂)aryl(C₀₋₆)alkyl, wherein within R⁷ any alicyclic or aromatic ring system present may be substituted further by 1 to 5 radicals independently selected from (C₁₋₆)alkyl, (C₁₋₆)alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C₁₋₄)alkyl, nitro, -X⁵NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)OR¹⁴,
 30 -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(NR¹⁴)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵OR¹⁴, -X⁵SR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)OR¹⁴, -X⁵C(O)NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵S(O)₂NR¹⁴R¹⁴, -X⁵P(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵OP(O)(OR¹⁴)OR¹⁴, -X⁵NR¹⁴C(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)R¹⁵, -X⁵S(O)₂R¹⁵ and -X⁵C(O)R¹⁵, wherein X⁵, R¹⁴ and R¹⁵ are as

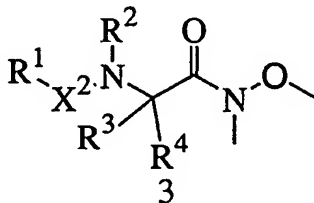
defined above; and

- R^8 at each occurrence independently is selected from (C_{1-6}) alkyl, (C_{1-6}) alkylidene, cyano, halo, halo-substituted (C_{1-4}) alkyl, nitro, $-X^5NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(NR^{14})NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5OR^{14}$, $-X^5SR^{14}$, $-X^5C(O)OR^{14}$,
 5 $-X^5C(O)NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5S(O)_2NR^{14}R^{14}$, $-X^5P(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5OP(O)(OR^{14})OR^{14}$, $-X^5NR^{14}C(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)R^{15}$, $-X^5S(O)_2R^{15}$ and $-X^5C(O)R^{15}$, wherein X^5 , R^{14} and R^{15} are as defined above; and the *N*-oxide derivatives, prodrug derivatives, protected derivatives, individual isomers and mixtures of isomers; and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.; which process comprises:

- 10 (A) reacting an organometallic compound of Formula 2:



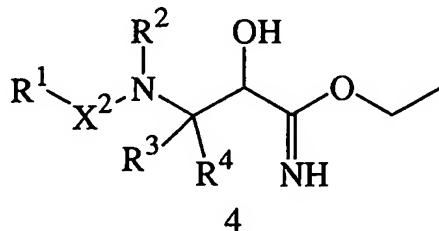
with a compound of Formula 3:



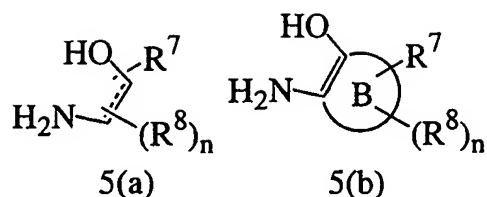
wherein n , A , X^1 , X^2 , R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^7 and R^8 are as above, to give a compound of Formula I

- 15 in which R^5 and R^6 together form oxo; or

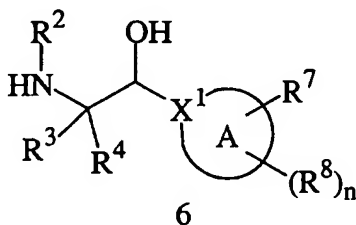
- (B) reacting a compound of Formula 4:



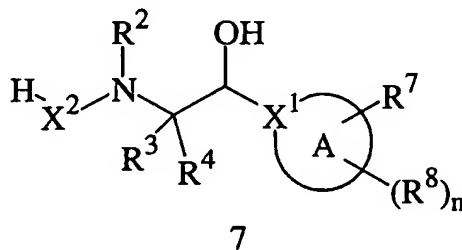
with a compound of Formula 5(a) or 5(b):



- wherein the dashed line represents an optional bond and B is a monocyclic radical containing 5 to 6 ring member atoms or a fused polycyclic radical containing 8 to 11 ring member atoms, wherein each ring contains 5 to 7 ring member atoms and each ring member atom is a carbon atom or a heteroatom and n, R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined above, to give a compound of Formula I in which the ring comprised by X¹ is a 4,5-tetrahydrooxazol-2-yl or oxazol-2-yl or moiety, respectively, R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy or
- (C) reacting a compound of Formula 6:



- 10 with a compound of the formula R¹X²OY, wherein Y is hydrogen or an activating group and n, A, X¹, X², R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁷ and R⁸ are as defined above to give a compound of Formula I in which R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy; or
- (D) reacting a compound of Formula 7:



- 15 or a protected derivative thereof, with R³⁹OH, wherein R³⁹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰ and n, A, X¹, X², X⁷, X⁸, R², R³, R⁴, R⁶, R⁷ and R²⁰ are as defined above, and deprotecting if necessary to give a compound of Formula I in which R¹ is -X⁶X⁷R²⁰,
- (E) optionally oxidizing a compound of Formula I in which R⁵ is hydrogen and R⁶ is hydroxy to give a compound of Formula I in which R⁵ and R⁶ together form oxo;

- (F) optionally oxidizing a compound of Formula I in which A is optionally substituted 4,5-dihydroxyoxazol-2-yl to give a compound of Formula I in which A is optionally substituted oxazol-2-yl;
- (G) optionally converting a compound of Formula I in which R⁷ is -C(O)OH to a compound
5 of Formula I in which R⁷ is methoxycarbonyl;
- (H) optionally converting a compound of Formula I into a pharmaceutically acceptable salt;
- (I) optionally converting a salt form of a compound of Formula I to non-salt form;
- (J) optionally converting an unoxidized form of a compound of Formula I into a pharmaceutically acceptable *N*-oxide;
- 10 (K) optionally converting an *N*-oxide form of a compound of Formula I its unoxidized form;
- (L) optionally converting a non-derivatized compound of Formula I into a pharmaceutically prodrug derivative; and
- (M) optionally converting a prodrug derivative of a compound of Formula I to its non-derivatized form.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 00/06885

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC 7 C07D263/56 A61K31/42 C07D263/34 C07D413/12 A61K31/44
C07D213/40 C07D209/14 C07D307/81 A61P37/00 A61P9/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 C07D A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

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C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	OGILVIE W ET AL: "PEPTIDOMIMETIC INHIBITORS OF THE HUMAN CYTOMEGALOVIRUS PROTEASE" JOURNAL OF MEDICINAL CHEMISTRY, US, AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY. WASHINGTON, vol. 40, no. 25, 5 December 1997 (1997-12-05), pages 4113-4135, XP002065953 ISSN: 0022-2623 page 4118; examples 77,82-85; table 6	1-8
X	WO 96 21655 A (HOECHST MARION ROUSSEL INC) 18 July 1996 (1996-07-18) claim 1	1-8
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☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents :

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"8" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

20 June 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

05. 07. 00

Name and mailing address of the ISA

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Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Gettins, M

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No
PCT/US 00/06885

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 98 49190 A (CORTECH INC ;LEIMER AXEL H (US); SPRUCE LYLE W (US); CHERONIS JOHN) 5 November 1998 (1998-11-05) page 20 -page 21; claim 1 -----	1-53
A	WO 96 40744 A (COR THERAPEUTICS INC ;MARLOWE CHARLES K (US); SCARBOROUGH ROBERT M) 19 December 1996 (1996-12-19) claim 1 -----	1-53

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.
PCT/US 00/06885

Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☒ Claims Nos.:
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:

Although claims 14-21 and 48-52 are directed to a method of treatment of the human/animal body, the search has been carried out and based on the alleged effects of the compound/composition.
2. ☒ Claims Nos.: 1-53 (all partial)
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
see FURTHER INFORMATION sheet PCT/ISA/210
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☐ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.

FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

Continuation of Box I.2

Claims Nos.: 1-53 (all partial)

Present claims 1-53 relate to an extremely large number of possible compounds and methods. Support within the meaning of Article 6 PCT and/or disclosure within the meaning of Article 5 PCT is to be found, however, for only a very small proportion of the compounds and methods claimed. Additionally there is a problem with ready clarity due to the combined fact of a the undefined term prodrug; the extensive use of provisos and the lack of a common specific structural element which clearly characterises all of the claimed compounds. In the present case, the claims so lack support, and the application so lacks disclosure, that a meaningful search over the whole of the claimed scope is impossible. Consequently, the search has been carried out for those parts of the claims which appear to be supported and disclosed, namely those parts relating to the compounds wherein A is an oxazole or benzoxazole ring, R⁴ is a hydrogen atom, X³ is carbonyl. This covers essentially all of the examples except for a very few compounds where the ring A is different.

The applicant's attention is drawn to the fact that claims, or parts of claims, relating to inventions in respect of which no international search report has been established need not be the subject of an international preliminary examination (Rule 66.1(e) PCT). The applicant is advised that the EPO policy when acting as an International Preliminary Examining Authority is normally not to carry out a preliminary examination on matter which has not been searched. This is the case irrespective of whether or not the claims are amended following receipt of the search report or during any Chapter II procedure.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 00/06885

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